ADVENTURES

OF

PEREGRINE PICKLE.

IN WHICH ARE INCLUDED,

MEMOIRS

OF A

LADY OF QUALITY.

IN FOUR VOLUMES.

V O L. 1V.

Respicere exemplar vitæ morumque jubebo Doctum imitatorem, & veras hinc ducere voces.

Hor.

THE EIGHTH EDITION.

DUBLIN:

Printed and fold by R. MARCHBANK, No. 11, Dame-freet. M,DCC,LXXXVII. ERECRINE FIGHT

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FOURTH VOLUME.

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To LORD .

My LORD,

I HE turn which your Lordship gave to the conversation of last night, having laid me under the necessity of vindicating the step I have lately taken in publishing Memoirs of my life, I think I have a right to demand your opinion of the motives which I then explained; and this I ask by way of appeal to your judgment, from the fentiments of those who might perhaps think my inducements were weak or frivolous. For, though no person in the company attempted to invalidate the arguments I advanced, I could perceive that one gentleman was not altogether convinced of the rectitude of that measure: you may remember he dropped feveral diffenting hints, couched in the modest expressions of, with submission to your ladyship's better judgment—But to be sure, you would not have taken such a step without first weighing the consequences—Your provocations were certainly very great, although the world is apt to put the worft constructions upon every thing-And other fuch prudential infinuations that are often more disconcerting than the displayed objections of a declared antagonist; because they feem to import fomething of great weight, which personal respect endeavours to suppress. These fententious fragments made fuch impression upon my mind, that I have been all night long tasking A 3

my recollection, in order to discover the weak side of my desence; but as one always sees through the midst of partiality in one's own concerns, I must have recourse to your discernment, and seriously insist upon knowing how far you approve the justifications of,

My Lord,

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A N S W E R.

MADAM, COLD TO THE STATE OF THE STATE OF

I CANNOT help observing that the serious manner in which you ask my opinion of the motives which induced you to publish your Memoirs, is exactly of a piece with the conduct of those who confult their friends, for approbation rather than advice, and by a disappointment in their expectations of applause, are more than ever wedded to their own inventions. How would your ladyship look, should I now, in consequence of your demand, assume the air of a severe moraliser, and tell you, that the step you have taken, was altogether precipitate and inexcufable, that you have unneceffarily avowed your own indifcretion, incurred the refentment of individuals, and attracted the reproaches of a censorious world; and that over and above these disadvantages you have fubjected yourself for ever to a life of domestic disquiet,

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tic et, disquiet, by incensing the tyrant of whom you complain, beyond a possibility of forgiveness or reconciliation? Would not all the refentment of a disappointed author take possession of your ladyship; overcast that cheerfulness of countenance with a fullen frown, and lighten from these fair eyes in gleams of displeasure? No, you would be more furprifed than offended at my observations. You would believe you had been all along deceived in your opinion of my delicacy and understanding: you would be mortified at the difcovery of your own mistake, and look upon me with compassion, as one of those tame, timid rationalists, who being naturally phlegmatic and fearful, are utter strangers to the refined sensations of the human heart, incapable of doing justice to those melting tendernesses which they never felt, and too irresolute to withstand the torrent of ignorant, malicious, or wrong-headed clamour, when it affects a character in which their friendship ought to be interested. Your fentiments, I own, would in that case be just, excepting that I should engage your ladyship's pity, in deferving your contempt, and instead of being despised as a cold friend, be still regarded by you, as a weak and timorous well-wisher. If your character fuffered cruelly from mifreprefentations; if your foibles were magnified and multiplied with all the aggravations of envy and fiction; if the qualities of your heart were decried or traduced, and even your understanding called in question; I agree with your ladyship, that it was not only excufable, but highly necesfary to publish a detail of your conduct, which would acquit you of all or most of those scandalous imputations. This task you have (in my opinion) performed to the fatisfaction of all the intelligent and unprejudiced part of mankind. He must be very deficient in candour and feeling, who, in reading your memoirs, is not interested in your favour; who does not espouse the cause of beauty, innocence, and love; who does not fee that as you once were, you would still have continued to be the pattern of conjugal faith and felicity; had not the cross accidents of fortune forced you from the natural bias of your dispofition; who does not excuse the tenderness, which youth and fensibility, so circumstanced, could not possibly resist; and who does not freely forgive the fault, when he confiders the particulars of the temptation? He must be void of all taste and reflection, who does not admire your spirit, elegance, and fense; and dead to all the finer movements of the foul, if he is not agitated, thrilled and transported with the pathetic circumstances of your story. Some people who are your ladyship's friends, and highly entertained with the performance, have wished you had spared yourfelf fome unnecessary confessions which they thought could ferve no end, but that of affording a handle to your enemies, for cenfure and defamation; I myself, I own, was of the same opinion, until you convinced me that in suppressing one circumstance which might be afterwards difcovered, your fincerity through the whole piece would have been called in question. And what have you avowed, that your most malicious foes dare blame, except your difregard of an unnatural contract, which (though authorifed by the laws of your country) was imposed upon your necessity, youth, e d. ζ, d (e ot re d ıc)h ot ve of nd eeed es v ne rey ng aoing ce at es ral

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flamed the virulence of envy and malice, roused the resentment of some whose folly and ingratitude you had occasion to display, and incurred the censure of those, who think it their duty to exclaim against the least infringement of the nuptial tie, howsoever unequally imposed; your Memoirs will always be perused with pleasure by all readers of taste and discernment, and your same as a beauty and author, long survive the ill offices of prejudice, and personal animosity. And now that I have performed the task enjoined, give me leave to add, that I have the honour to be,

Madam,

March Street Street Street Street Street Street

your most devoted

humble fervant.

your friendship was engaged by his fincerity, and your affection was infenfibly fubdued. In thort, every thing conspired to promote his suit, and my wonder is not that he succeeded, but that you held out fo long. Your fentiments with regard to those who have inveighed against your performance, are altogether conformable to that good fense and benevolent disposition, which I have always admired and esteemed. As for writers who have exercised their pens in abusing your ladyship, they are either objects of mirth or compassion. They, poor harmless creatures, in their hearts, wish you no evil. Their business is to eat honeftly, if they can, but at any rate to eat. I am fully persuaded that for a very small sum, you might engage the whole tribe to refute their own revilings, and bellow with all their might in your praise. It would really be uncharitable as well as absurd, to express the least resentment against such feeble antagonists, who are literally the beings of a fummer-day; they are the noify infects, which the fun of merit never fails to produce; the shadows that continually accompany fuccess; and indeed a man might as well fight with his own shadow, as attempt to chastife such unsubstantial phantoms. But of all the emotions of your heart, that which I am at present tempted chiefly to applaud, is the forrow you express for having been obliged, in your own justification, to vilify and expose the man to whom your fate is inseparably connected; and the laudable resolution you have taken to live amicably with him for the future, provided he shall persist in that conduct, which he hath of late chosen to maintain. On the whole, though you may have inflamed

youth, and inexperience? Nor was this conduct the refult of vicious levity and intemperance; you had already given undeniable proofs of your constancy and conjugal virtue, to the first lord of your affections, who was the choice of your love, and to whom your heart was unalterably wedded. Your natural fensibility had been, by his extraordinary care, tenderness, and attention, cherished and improved to fuch a degree of delicacy, as could not possibly relish the attachment of the common run of husbands. No wonder then that you was uneafy under a fecond engagement fo much unlike the first; that every circumstance of the contrast appeared to you in the most aggravating light, and made a fuitable impression upon your imagination; and that you was not infenfible to those attractions, which had formerly captivated your heart, nor able to refift the flattering infinuations, incredible affiduity, and furprifing perseverance of an artful lover. And fure he could not have chosen a more favourable opportunity to prefer his addresses: your passions were unufually intendered by grief; you was diffatisfied with your domestic fituation; you was folitary for want of that intimate connexion in which you had been fo happy before, and your breaft glowed with the most pathetic susceptibility, while you was yet a stranger to the insidious wiles of man. In fuch diffress the mind longs for fympathy and confolation; it feeks to repose itself upon the tender friendship of some kind partner, that will share and alleviate its forrows: fuch a comforter appeared in the accomplished youth; your judgment was pleased with his qualifications; his demeanour acquired your esteem;

ADVENTURES

OF

PEREGRINE PICKLE.

CHAP. LXXXVI.

Peregrine receives a letter from Hatchway, in consequence of which he repairs to the garrison, and performs the last offices to his aunt. He is visited by Mr. Gauntlet, who invites him to his marriage.

In this circle of amusements our hero's time was parcelled out, and sew young gentlemen of the age enjoyed life with greater relish, notwithstanding those intervening checks of reason, which served only to whet his appetite for a repetition of the pleasures she so prudently condemned; when he received the following letter, by which he was determined to visit his estate in the country.

COUSIN PICKLE,

I HOPE you are in a better trim than your aunt, who hath been fast moored to her bed these feven weeks by feveral feet of under-water lodging in her hold and hollop, whereby I doubt her planks are rotted, so as she cannot chuse but fall to pieces in a short time. I have done all in my power to keep her tight and easy, and free from fudden fqualls that might overstrain her. here have been the doctors, who have skuttled her lower deck, and let out fix gallons of water. For my own part, I wonder how the devil it came there; for you know as how it was a liquor the never took in. But as for those fellows the doctors, they are like unskilful carpenters, that in mending one leak make a couple; and fo she fills again apace. But the worst sign of all is this here, she won't let a drop of Nantz go betwixt the combings of her teeth, and has quite lost the rudder of her understanding, whereby she yaws woundily in her speech, palavering about some foreign part called the new Geereusalem, and wishing herself in a safe birth in the river Geordun. The parson, I must say, strives to keep her fleady, concerning the navigation of her foul, and talks very fensibly of charity and the poor, whereof the hath left a legacy of two hundred pounds in her will. And here has been Mr. Gamaliel and your brother my lord, demanding entrance at the gate, in order to fee her; but I would not fuffer them to come aboard, and pointed my patereroes, which made them sheer off. Your fifter Mrs. Clover keeps close watch upon her kinfwoman, without ever turning in, and a kind hearted young woman it is. I should be glad to

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fee you at the garrison, if the wind of your inclination sits that way; and mayhap it may be a comfort to your aunt, to behold you alongside of her, when her anchor is apeak. So no more at present, but rests

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Your friend

And humble fervant to command,

JOHN HATCHWAY.

Next morning, after the receipt of this epiftle, Peregrine, in order to manifest his regard to his aunt, as well as his friendship for honest Jack, set out on horseback for their habitation, attended by Pipes, who longed to fee his old messimate; but before he reached the garrison, Mrs. Hatchway had given up the ghost, in the threescore and fifth year of her age. The widower feemed to bear his lofs with refignation, and behaved very decently upon the occasion, though he did not undergo those dangerous transports of forrow, which fome tender-hearted husbands have felt at the departure of their wives. The lieutenant was naturally a philosopher, and so well disposed to acquiesce in the dispensations of providence, that in this, as well as in every other emergency of his life, he firmly believed, that every thing which happened was for the best.

Peregrine's talk, therefore, was not so great in comforting him, as in consoling his own fister, who with great poignancy and fincerity of grief, lamented the death of the only relation with whom she had maintained any intimacy of correspondence; for her mother was as implacable as ever,

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in her enmity against her and Peregrine, and rather more determined in her rancour; that which was originally a sudden transport of indignation, being by this time settled into a confirmed inveteracy of hate. As for Gam, who was now dignified by the country people with the appellation of the young Squire, he still acted in the capacity of minister to the caprice and vengeance of his mother, taking all opportunities of disturbing Julia's peace, slandering her reputation, and committed outrages against the tenants and domestics of her husband, who was a man of a quiet and

timorous disposition.

But the chief amusement of young Pickle, in his latter years, was the chace, in which he acquired some renown by his intrepidity and remarkable figure, which improved every day in deformity; infomuch, as to fuggest a ludicrous scheme of revenge to a gentleman in the neighbourhood. Having been affronted by the infolence of Crookback, he cloathed a large baboon that was in his possession, in a dress that refembled the hunting equipage of Gam; and ordering the animal to be fet aftride, and tied upon the back of his keenest hunter, turned them out one day after the hounds. The horse in a little time outstripping all the rest in the field, the rider was mistaken for Gam by the whole company, who faluted him as he paffed with a hollow, obferving, that the squire had his usual good luck, in being better mounted than his neighbours. Pickle afterwards appearing in his own person, created great aftonishment in the spectators, one of whom asked if he had split himself in twain, and pointed out his representative, who was by this time almost up with the hounds: upon which, which, the identical Gam went in purfuit of the impostor. When he overtook him, he was so much enraged at the counterfeit, that he attacked the baboon whip in hand, and, in all probability, would have sacrificed him to his resentment, had not he been prevented by the other foxhunters. They interposed in order to make up the difference betwixt two brothers of the sport, and were equally surprised and diverted, when they distinguished the quality of Crookbank's antagonist, which they rescued from his rage, and recon-

veyed to its master.

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Peregrine, at the request of his friend Jack, took charge of his aunt's funeral, to which his parents were invited, though they did not think proper to appear, or pay the least regard to his folicitations, when he defired permission to wait upon them in person. Nevertheless, old Gamaliel, at the instigation of his wife, afterwards obtained an order from Doctors Commons, obliging Hatchway to produce the will of his wife, on the fupposition that she had bequeathed to him some part of the money which (he knew) was at her own dif-But from this step he reaped no other satisfaction than that of finding himself altogether neglected by the tellatrix, who had left all her effects to her husband, except one thousand pounds, with her jewels, to Julia's daughter, the benefaction mentioned in the lieutenant's letter, and fome inconfiderable legacies to her favourite domestics.

A few days after the interment of this good lady, our hero was agreeably furprized with a visit from his friend Godfrey, who had come to England in consequence of that promotion which he owed to his interest, though the soldier himself placed it to the credit of a certain courtier who

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had formerly promifed to befriend him, and now finding his advancement unowned, very modestly arrogated the merit of it to himself. He communicated his good fortune to Pickle, who complimented him upon it as an event of which he had no precognition; and at the same time told him, that, in consequence of his preferment, his cousin at Windsor, had consented to his being immediately united in the bands of wedlock with his lovely Sophy; that the wedding day was already fixed; and that nothing would be wanting to his happiness, if Peregrine would honour the nuptials

with his presence.

Our hero accepted the invitation with great eagerness, when he learned that Emilia would be there in quality of bride's maid; and now repeated what he had formerly written to his friend, namely, that he was not only willing, but extremely impatient to atone for his mad behaviour to that young lady, by laying himself and his whole fortune at her feet. Godfrey thanked him for his honourable intention, and promifed to use his influence, and that of Sophy, in his behalf, though he feemed dubious of their fuccefs, on account of his fifter's delicacy, which could not pardon the least shadow of difrespect. He owned, indeed, he was not certain that she would appear in the same company with Pickle; but as she had made no thipulations on that score, he would interpret her filence in the most favourable manner, and keep her in ignorance of his defign, until she should find it too late to retract with any decency. The hope of feeing and converfing with Emilia, and perhaps of being reconciled to her, after having fuffered fo much and fo long from her displeasure, raised a tumult of ideas in his breast, and

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and produced a strange inquietude of joy and perturbation. Gauntlet having stayed with him a few days, and signified the time appointed for his spousals, took his leave, in order to prepare for the occasion; while Peregrine, with his friend Hatchway, made a tour among his acquaintance in the country, with a view of sounding their inclinations touching a project which he had lately conceived, of offering himself as a candidate for a certain borough in the neighbourhood, at the ensuing election for members of parliament.

This scheme, which was suggested to him by one of his quality patrons, would have succeeded according to his wish, had the election taken place immediately; but before that happened, his interest was overbalanced by some small accidents that will be recorded in the fequel. In the mean time he repaired to Windsor on the eve of his friend's marriage, and understood from Godfrey that it was with the utmost difficulty he and Sophy could prevail upon his fifter to be prefent at the wedding, when the was informed that her lover was invited; and that her confent had not been obtained until they had promifed, on the part of Peregrine, that he should not renew the old topic, nor even speak to her in the style of a former acquaintance.

Our young gentleman was nettled at this preliminary, to which, however, he faid he would adhere; and so well did he think himself fortified with pride and resentment, that he resolved to behave towards her with such indifference, as would, he hoped, mortify her vanity, and thereby punish her for the implacability of her disposition. Armed with these sentiments, he was next day in-

troduced

troduced by Godfrey to the bride, who received him with her usual sweetness of temper and affability; and Emilia being present, he saluted her with a distant bow, which she acknowledged with a cold curt's, and an aspect of ice. Tho' this deportment confirmed his displeasure, her beauty undermined his resolution; he thought her charms were infinitely improved since their last parting, and a thousand fond images recurring to his imagination, he felt his whole soul dissolving into tenderness and love.

In order to banish those dangerous ideas, he endeavoured to enter into a gay conversation with Sophy, on the subject of the approaching ceremony; but his tongue performed its office awkwardly, his eyes were attracted towards Emilia, as if they had been subject to the power of fascination; in spite of all his efforts, a deep sigh escaped from his bosom, and his whole appearance

indicated anxiety and confusion.

The bridegroom perceiving his condition, abridged the vifit, and having conducted his companion to his own lodgings, expressed his concern at having been the innocent occasion of his uneasinefs, by exposing him to the fight of Emilia, which he perceived had given him pain. Peregrine, who had by this time recollected the dictates of his pride, affured him, that he was very much mistaken in the cause of his disorder, which was no other than a fudden qualm, to which he had been for some time subject; and to shew him how philosophically he could bear the disdain of Emilia, which, with all deference to her conduct, he could not help thinking a little too fevere, he defired, as the bridegroom had made preparation for a private ball in the evening, that he would provide him with an agreeable partner; in which case he would exhibit undoubted proofs of the tranquillity of his heart. "I was in hopes (answered Godfrey) of being able, with the assistance of Sophy, to make up matters between you and my sister, and for that reason kept her unengaged to any other gentleman for the night; but since she was so peevishly obstinate, I shall take care to accommodate you with a very handsome young lady, whose partner will not be forry to exchange her for Emilia."

The thoughts of having an opportunity to coquet with another woman, under the eye of this implacable mistress, supported his spirits during the ceremony, which put Gauntlet in possession of his heart's defire; and, by means of this cordial, he found himself undisturbed at dinner, though he fat opposite to his fair enemy, that he was able to pass some occasional jokes upon the new-married couple, with fome appearance of mirth and good humour. Nor did Emily any otherwise seem affected by his presence, than by excepting him from the participation of those genial regards which she distributed to the rest of the company. This easiness of behaviour on her side, reinforced his refolution, by giving him pretence to call her fensibility in question; for he could not conceive how any woman of acute feelings could fit unmoved, in presence of a man with whom she had fuch recent and intimate connexion; not confidering that she had much more reason to condemir his affectation of unconcern, and that her external deportment might, like his own, be an effort of pride and refentment.

This contest, in point of dissimulation, continued all night, when the company was paired for dancing, and Peregrine began the ball by walking a minuet with the bride; then he took out the young lady to whom he was recommended by Gauntlet, being very well pleafed to fee that her person was such as might have inspired even Emily herfelf with jealoufy, though, at the fame time, he perceived his mistress coupled with a gay young officer, whom (with all due deference to his own qualifications) he confidered as no despicable rival. However, he himself first began hostilities, by becoming all of a sudden particular with his partner, whom he forthwith affailed with flattering compliments, that foon introduced the fubject of love, upon which he expatiated with great art and elocution, using not only the faculty of speech, but also the language of the eyes, in which he was a perfect connoisseur.

This behaviour foon manifested itself to the whole assembly, the greatest part of whom believed that he was in good earnest captivated by the charms of his partner, while Emilia, penetrating into his design, turned his own artillery upon himself, by seeming to listen with pleasure to the addresses of his rival, who was no novice in the art of making love: she even affected uncommon vivacity, and giggled aloud at every whisper which he conveyed into her ear, insomuch that she, in her turn, afforded speculation to the company, who imagined the young soldier had made a conquest of the bridegroom's sister.

Pickle himself began to cherish the same opinion, which gradually invaded his good humour, and, at length, silled his bosom with rage. He strove to suppress his indignation, and called every consideration of vanity and revenge to his aid: he

endeavoured

endeavoured to wean his eyes from the fatal object that disturbed him, but they would not obey his direction and command; he wished himself deprived of all fensation, when he heard her laugh and faw her smile upon the officer; and, in the course of country dancing, when he was obliged to join hands with her, the touch thrilled through all his nerves, and kindled a flame within him which he could not contain. In a word, his endeavours to conceal the fituation of his thoughts were fo violent, that his constitution could not endure the shock; the sweat ran down his forehead in a stream, the colour vanished from his cheeks, his knees began to totter, and his eyefight to fail: fo that he must have fallen at his full length upon the floor, had not he retired very abruptly into another room, where he threw himfelf upon a couch, and fainted.

In this condition he was found by his friend, who feeing him withdraw with fuch fymptoms of disorder, followed him thither; and when he recovered the use of his faculties, pressed him to make use of a bed in that house, rather than expose himself in the night air, by going home to his own lodgings; but not being able to prevail upon him to accept the offer, he wrapped him up in a cloak, and conducting him to the inn where he lodged, helped him to undress and go to bed, where he was immediately feized with a violent fit of the ague. Godfrey behaved with great tenderness, and would have actually bore him company all night, notwithstanding the circumstances of his own fituation, had not his friend infifted upon his returning to the company, and making his apology to his partner for his fudden de-

parture.

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This was a step absolutely necessary towards maintaining the quiet of the assembly, which he found in great consternation, occasioned by his absence; for some of the ladies seeing the bridegroom follow the stranger in his retreat, the meaning of which they did not comprehend, began to be asraid of a quarrel. Emilia, upon pretence of that supposition, was so much alarmed, that she could not stand, and was sain to have re-

course to a smelling bottle.

The bride, who understood the whole mystery, was the only person who acted with deliberation and composure; she imputed Emilia's disorder to the right cause, which was no other than concern for the condition of her lover, and affured the ladies there was nothing extraordinary in Mr. Pickle's going off, he being subject to fainting fits, by which he was often overtaken without any previous notice. The arrival of Gauntlet confirmed the truth of this declaration: he made an apology to the company in the name of his friend, who, he told them, was fuddenly taken ill; and they returned to their diversion of dancing, with this variation: Emilia was fo difordered and fatigued, that she begged to be excused from continuing the exercise; and Peregrine's partner being disengaged, was paired with the young officer, for whom the was originally defigned.

Meanwhile, the bride withdrew into another apartment with her fifter, and expostulated with her upon her cruelty to Mr. Pickle, affuring her, from Godfrey's information, that he had undergone a severe fit on her account, which, in all likelihood, would have a dangerous effect upon his constitution. Tho' Emily was inflexible in

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her answers to the kind remonstrances of the gentle Sophy, her heart was melting with the impressions of pity and love; and finding herself unable to perform the duty of her function, in putting the bride to bed, she retired to her own chamber, and, in secret, sympathized with the distemper of her lover.

In the morning, as early as decency would permit him to leave the arms of his dear wife, captain Gauntlet made a visit to Peregrine, who had passed a very tedious and uneasy night, having been subject to short intervals of delirium, during which Pipes had found it very difficult to keep him fast belayed. He owned indeed to Godfrey, that his imagination had been haunted by the ideas of Emilia and her officer, which tormented him to an unspeakable degree of anguish and distraction; and that he would rather fuffer death than a repetition of fuch excruciating reflections. He was, however, comforted by his friend, who affured him, that his fifter's inclinations would in time prevail over all the endeavours of refentment and pride, illustrating this affeveration by an account of the manner in which she was affected by the knowledge of his diforder, and advising him to implore the mediation of Sophy, in a letter which the should communicate to Emilia.

This was an opportunity which our hero thought too favourable to be neglected; calling for paper, he fat up in his bed, and, in the first transports of his emotion, wrote the following petition to God-

frey's amiable wife:

DEAR MADAM,

THE affliction of a contrite heart can never appeal to your benevolence in vain, and therefore I presume to approach you, in this season of delight, with the language of forrow, requesting that you will espouse the cause of an unhappy lover, who mourns with unutterable anguish over his ruined hope, and intercede for my pardon with that divine creature, whom, in the intemperance and excess of passion, I have so mortally offended. Good Heaven! is my guilt inexpiable? Am I excluded from all hope of remission? Am I devoted to mifery and defpair? I have offered all the atonement which the most perfect and fincere penitence could fuggest, and she rejects my humility and repentance. If her refentment would purfue me to the grave, let her fignify her pleafure; and may I be branded with the name of villain. and remembered with infamy and detestation to all posterity, if I hesitate one moment in facrificing a life which is odious to Emilia. Ah! madam, while I thus pour forth the effusions of my grief and distraction, I look around the apartment in which I lie, and every well-known object that falutes my view, recals to my remembrance that fond, that happy day, on which the fair, the good, the tender-hearted Sophy became my advocate. though I was a stranger to her acquaintance, and affected a transporting reconciliation between me and that fame inchanting beauty, that is now fo implacably incenfed. If the is not fatisfied with the pangs of remorfe and disappointment. the transports of madness I have undergone; let her prescribe what farther penance she thinks I ought

ought to endure; and when I decline her fentence,

let me be the object of her eternal disdain.

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I commit myself, dear madam! dear Sophy! dear partner of my friend! to your kind interpofition. I know you will manage my cause, as a concern on which my happiness intirely depends; and I hope every thing from your compassion and beneficence, while I fear every thing from her rigour and barbarity. Yes! I call it barbarity, a favageness of delicacy altogether inconsistent with the tenderness of human nature; and may the most abject contempt be my portion, if I live under its fcourge! but I begin to rave. I conjure you by your own humanity and fweetness of difposition, I conjure you by your love for the man whom Heaven hath decreed your protector, to employ your influence with that angel of wrath, in behalf of

Your obliged and

Obedient fervant,

P. PICKLE.

This epiftle was immediately transmitted by Godfrey to his wife, who perused it with marks of the most humane sympathy; and carrying it into her sister's chamber, "here is something (said she, presenting the paper) which I must recommend to your serious attention." Emilia, who immediately guessed the meaning of this address, absolutely resused to look upon it, or even to hear it read, till her brother entering her apartment, reprimanded her sharply for her obstinacy and pride, accused her of folly and dissimulation, and entered so warmly into the interests of his friend,

friend, that she thought him unkind in his remonstrances, and bursting into a flood of tears, reproached him with partiality and want of affection. Godfrey, who entertained the most perfect love and veneration for his fister, asked pardon for having given offence, and kissing the drops from her fair eyes, begged she would, for his sake, listen to the declaration of his friend.

Thus folicited, she could not refuse to hear the letter, which, when he had repeated, she lamented her own fate in being the occasion of so much uneasiness, desired her brother to assure Mr. Pickle that she was not a voluntary enemy to his peace; on the contrary, she wished him all happiness, though she hoped he would not blame her for consulting her own, in avoiding any future explanation or connexion with a person whose correspondence she found herself under a necessity to renounce.

In vain did the new-married couple exhaust their eloquence in attempting to prove, that the reparation which our hero had offered was adequate to the injury she had sustained; that in reconciling herself to a penitent lover, who subscribed to her own terms of submission, her honour would be acquitted by the most scrupulous and severe judges of decorum; and that her inflexibility would be justly ascribed to the pride and insensibility of her heart. She turned a deaf ear to all their arguments, exhortations, and intreaties, and threatened to leave the house immediately, if they would not promise to drop that subject of discourse.

Godfrey, very much chagrined at the bad fuccess of his endeavours, returned to his friend, and made as favourable a report of the affair, as the nature nature of his conversation with Emilia would permit: but as he could not avoid mentioning her resolution in the close, Peregrine was obliged to drink again the bitter draught of disappointment, which put his passions into such a state of agitation, as produced a short ecstasy of despair, in which he acted a thousand extravagancies. This paroxysm, however, soon subsided into a settled reserve of gloomy resentment, which he in secret indulged, detaching himself as soon as possible from the company of the soldier, on pre-

tence of retiring to rest.

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While he lay ruminating upon the circumstances of his present situation, his friend Pipes, who knew the cause of his anxiety, and firmly believed that Emilia loved his master in her heart, howsoever she might attempt to disguise her sentiments; I fay, Thomas was taken with a conceit which he thought would fet every thing to rights, and therefore put it in execution, without farther delay. Laying afide his hat, he ran directly to the house of Sophy's father, and affecting an air of furprize and consternation, to which he had never before been subject, thundered at the door with fuch an alarming knock, as in a moment brought the whole family into the hall. When he was admitted he began to gape, stare, and pant at the fame time, and made no reply, when Godfrey asked what was the matter, till Mrs. Gauntlet expressed her apprehensions about his master. When Pickle's name was mentioned, he feemed to make an effort to speak, and in a bellowing tone pronounced, "Brought himself up, fplit my top fails!" So faying he pointed to his own neck, and rose upon his tiptoes, by way of explaining the meaning of his words.

Godfrey,

Godfrey, without staying to ask another queftion, rushed out, and slew towards the inn, with the utmost horror and concern; while Sophy, who did not rightly understand the language of the messenger, addressing herself to him a second time, said with great earnestness, "I hope no accident has happened to Mr. Pickle!" "No accident at all, (replied Tom) he has only hanged himself for love." These words had scarce proceeded from his mouth, when Emilia, who stood listening at the parlour door, shrieked aloud, and dropped down senseless upon the floor; while her sister, who was almost equally shocked at the intelligence, had recourse to the assistance of her maid, by whom she was supported from falling.

Pipes hearing Emily's voice, congratulated himself upon the success of his stratagem. He sprung to her assistance, and listing her up into an easy chair, stood by her, until he saw her recover from her swoon, and heard her call upon his master's name, with all the frenzy of despairing love. Then he bent his course back to the inn, overjoyed at the opportunity of telling Peregrine what a confession he had extorted from his mistress, and extremely vain of this proof of his

own fagacity.

In the mean time Godfrey arriving at the house in which he supposed this fatal catastrophe had happened, ran up stairs to Peregrine's chamber, without staying to make any inquiry below; and finding the door locked, burst it open with one stroke of his foot. But what was his amazement, when upon entrance, our hero starting up from the bed, saluted him with a boisterous exclamation of "Z—ds! who's there?" He was struck dumb with assonishment, which also

rivetted

rivetted him to the place where he stood, scarce crediting the testimony of his own senses, till Peregrine, with an air of discontent which denoted him displeased with his intrusion, dispelled his apprehension by a second address, saying, "I see you consider me as a friend, by your using me without ceremony."

The foldier, thus convinced of the falsehood of the information he had received, began to imagine, that Pickle had projected the plan which was executed by his servant; and looking upon it as a piece of unjustifiable finesse, which might be attended with very melancholy consequences to his sister or wise, he answered in a supercilious tone, that Mr. Pickle must blame himself for the interruption of his repose, which was entirely owing to

the forry jest he had set on foot.

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Pickle, who was the child of passion, and more than half mad with impatience before this visit, hearing himself treated in such a cavalier manner, advanced close up to Godfrey's breaft, and affuming a stern, or rather frantic countenance, "Hark ye, Sir (faid he), you are miftaken if you think I jest; I am in downright earnest I assure you." Gauntlet, who was not a man to be brow-beaten, feeing himfelf thus bearded by a person of whose conduct he had, he thought, reason to complain, put on his military look of defiance, and erecting his cheft, replied with an exalted voice, "Mr. Pickle, whether you was in jest or earnest, you must give me leave to tell you, that the scheme was childish, unseasonable, and unkind, not to give it an harsher term." "Death, Sir, (cried our adventurer) you trifle with my disquiet: if there is any meaning in your infinuation, explain yourfelf.

felf, and then I shall know what answer it will besit me to give." "I came with very different sentiments (resumed the soldier), but since you urge me to expostulation, and behave with such unprovoked lostiness of displeasure, I will, without circumlocution, tax you with having committed an outrage upon the peace of my family, in sending your fellow to alarm us with such an abrupt account of your having done violence upon yourself." Peregrine, consounded at this imputation, stood silent, with a most savage aspect of surprise, eager to know the circumstance to which his accuser alluded, and incensed to find it beyond the sphere of his comprehension.

While these two irritated friends stood fronting each other with mutual indignation in their eyes and attitudes, they were joined by Pipes, who, without taking the least notice of the situation in which he found them, told his master, that he might up with the top-gallant masts of his heart, and out with his rejoicing pendants; for as to mistress Emily, he had clapt her helm a-weather, the vessel wore, and now she was upon the other tack, standing right into the harbour of his good-

will.

Peregrine, who was not yet a connoisseur in the terms of his lacquey, commanded him, upon pain of his displeasure, to be more explicit in his intelligence; and by dint of divers questions, obtained a perfect knowledge of the scheme which he had put in execution for his service. This information perplexed him not a little; he would have chastised his servant upon the spot, for his temerity, had he not plainly perceived, that the fellow's intention was to promote his ease and satisfaction; and, on the other hand, he knew not

how to acquit himself of the suspicion which he saw Godfrey entertain of his being the projector of the plan, without condescending to an explanation, which his present disposition could not brook. After some pause, however, turning to Pipes with a severe frown, "Rascal! (said he) this is the second time I have suffered in the opinion of that lady, by your ignorance and presumption; if ever you intermeddle in my affairs for the suture, without express order and direction, by all that's sacred! I will put you to death without mercy. Away and

let my horse be saddled this instant.

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Pipes having withdrawn, in order to perform this piece of duty, our young gentleman, addreffing himself again to the soldier, and laying his hand upon his breaft, faid with a folemnity of regard, " Captain Gauntlet, upon my honour, I am altogether innocent of that shallow device which you impute to my invention; and I don't think you do justice either to my intellects or honour, in supposing me capable of such insolent absurdity. As for your fifter, I have once in my life affronted her in the madness and impetuosity of defire; but I have made fuch acknowledgments, and offered fuch atonement, as few women of her fphere would have refused; and before G-d! I am determined to endure every torment of disappointment and despair, rather than prostrate myself again to the cruelty of her unjustifiable pride." So faying, he stalked suddenly down stairs, and took horse immediately, his spirits being supported by resentment, which prompted him to vow within himself, that he would feek consolation for the disdain of Emilia, in the posfession of the first willing wench he should meet upon the road.

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While he set out for the garrison with these sentiments, Gauntlet in a suspense between anger, shame, and concern, returned to the house of his sather-in-law, where he found his sister still violently agitated from the news of Peregrine's death; the mystery of which he forthwith unravelled, recounting at the same time the particulars of the conversation which had happened at the inn, and describing the demeanor of Pickle with some expressions of asperity, which were neither agreeable to Emilia, nor approved by the gentle Sophy, who tenderly chid him, for allowing Peregrine to depart in terms of misunderstanding.

CHAP. LXXXVII.

Peregrine sets out for the garrison, and meets with a nymph on the road, whom he takes into keeping, and metamorphoses into a fine lady.

IN the mean time, our hero jogged along in a profound revery, which was disturbed by a beggarwoman and her daughter, who folicited him for alms, as he paffed them on the road. The girl was about the age of fixteen, and notwithstanding the wretched equipage in which she appeared, exhibited to his view a fet of agreeable features, enlivened with the complexion of health and cheer-The refolution I have already mentioned was still warm in his imagination; and he looked upon this young medicant as a very proper object for the performance of his vow. He therefore entered into a conference with the mother, and for a fmall fum of money purchased her property in the wench, who did not require much courtship and intreaty,

intreaty, before she consented to accompany him to any place that he should appoint for her habitation.

This contract being fettled to his fatisfaction, he ordered Pipes to feat his acquisition behind him upon the crupper, and alighting at the first public house which they found upon the road, he wrote a letter to Hatchway, defiring him to receive this hedge inamorata, and direct her to be cleaned and cloathed in a decent manner, with all expedition, fo that the should be touchable upon his arrival, which (on that account) he would defer for the space of one day. billet, together with the girl, he committed to the charge of Pipes, after having laid strong injunctions upon him to abstain from all attempts upon her chastity, and ordered him to make the best of his way to the garrison, while he himself croffed the country to a market town, where he proposed to spend the night.

Tom, thus cautioned, proceeded with his charge, and being naturally taciturn, opened not his lips, until he had performed the best half of his journey. But Thomas, notwithstanding his irony appearance, was in reality composed of slesh and blood. His desire being titillated by the contact of a buxom wench, whose right arm embraced his middle as he rode, his thoughts began to mutiny against his master, and he found it almost impossible to withstand the temptation of

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Nevertheless, he wrestled with these rebellious suggestions with all the reason that Heaven had enabled him to exert; and that being totally overcome, his victorious passion suddenly broke out in this address. "'Sblood! I believe master thinks I have no more stuff in my body than a

dried haddock, to turn me adrift in the dark with fuch a spanker. D'ye think he don't, my dear?" To this question his fellow-traveller replied, "Swanker anan!" And the lover refumed his fuit faying, "Oons! how you tickle my timber! Something shoots from your arm, through my stowage, to the very keel-stone. Han't you got quick-filver in your hand?" " Quickfilver! (faid the lady) D-mn the filver that has croffed my hand this month. D'ye think if I had filver, I shouldn't buy me a smock?" " Adfooks! you baggage (cried the lover), you fhouldn't want a fmock nor a petticoat neither, if you could have a kindness for a true-hearted failor, as found and ftrong as a nine inch cable, that would keep all clear above board, and every thing fnug under the hatches." "Curse your gum (faid the charmer) what's your gay balls and your hatchets to me?" "Do but let us bring to a little (answered the woer, whose appetite was by this time whetted to a most ravenous degree), and I'll teach you to box the compass, my dear. Ah! you strapper, what a folly bitch you are!" . " Bitch (exclaimed this modern Dulcinea, incenfed at the opprobrious term)! fuch a bitch as your mother, your dog. D-n you I've a good mind to box your jaws instead of your comepifs. I'll let you know as how I am meat for your master, you saucy blackguard. You are worse than a dog, you old flinty-faced, flea-bitten fcrub: a dog wears his own coat, but you wear your master's."

Such a torrent of difgraceful epithets from a person who had no cloaths at all, converted the gallant's love into choler, and he threatened to dismount and tie her to a tree, when she should

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have a taste of his cat and nine tails athwart her quarters; but, instead of being intimidated by his menaces, the fet him at defiance, and held forth with fuch a flow of eloquence, as would have entitled her to a confiderable share of reputation, even among the nymphs of Billingsgate; for this young lady, over and above a natural genius for altercation, had her talents cultivated among the venerable fociety of weeders, podders, and hoppers, with whom she had affociated from her tender years. No wonder then, that she foon obtained a complete victory over Pipes, who (as the reader may have observed) was very little addicted to the exercise of speech: indeed he was utterly disconcerted by her volubility of tongue; and being altogether unfurnished with answers to the distinct periods of her discourse, very wifely chose to fave himself the expence of breath and argument, by giving her a full fwing of cable, so that she might bring herself up; while he rode onwards, in filent composure, without taking any more notice of his fair fellow traveller, than if the had been his mafter's cloakbag.

In spite of all the dispatch he could make, it was late before he arrived at the garrison, where he delivered the letter and the lady to the lieutenant, who no sooner understood the intention of his friend, than he ordered all the tubs in the house to be carried into the hall, and filled with water. Tom having provided himself with swabs and brushes, divested the fair stranger of her variegated drapery, which was immediately committed to the slames, and performed upon her tott and sleek person the ceremony of scrubbing, as it is practised on board of the king's ships of Vol. IV.

Yet the nymph herself did not submit to this purification without repining. She curfed the director, who was upon the spot, with many abufive allusions to his wooden leg; and as for Pipes, the operator, she employed her talons so effectually upon his face, that the blood ran over his nose in fundry streams; and next morning, when those rivulets were dry, his countenance resembled the rough bark of a plum-tree, plastered with gum. Nevertheless, he did his duty with great perseverance, cut off her hair close to the scalp, handled his brushes with dexterity, applied his fwabs of different magnitude and texture, as the case required; and, lastly, rinsed the whole body with a dozen pails of cold water, discharged upon her head.

These ablutions being executed, he dried her with towels, accommodated her with a clean shift, and acting the part of a valet-de-chambre clothed her from head to foot, in clean and decent apparel which had belonged to Mrs. Hatchway; by which means her appearance was altered fo much for the better, that when Peregrine arrived next day, he could fcarce believe his own He was, for that reason, extremely well pleased with his purchase, and now resolved to indulge a whim, which feized him at the very instant of his arrival.

He had (as I believe the reader will readily allow) made confiderable progress in the study of character, from the highest rank to the most humble station of life, and found it diversified in the fame manner, thro' every degree of subordination and precedency: nay, he moreover observed, that the conversation of those who are dignified with the appellation of polite company, is neither

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more edifying nor entertaining than that which is met with among the lower classes of mankind; and that the only essential difference, in point of demeanor, is the form of an education, which the meanest capacity can acquire, without much study or application. Possessed of this notion, he determined to take the young mendicant under his own tutorage and instruction. In consequence of which he hoped he should, in a few weeks, be able to produce her in company, as an accomplished young lady of uncommon wit, and an ex-

cellent understanding.

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This extravagant plan he forthwith began to execute with great eagerness and industry; and his endeavours succeeded even beyond his expectation. The obstacle, in furmounting of which he found the greatest difficulty, was an inveterate habit of fwearing, which had been indulged from her infancy, and confirmed by the example of those among whom she had lived. However, fhe had the rudiments of good fense from nature, which taught her to liften to wholesome advice, and was fo docile as to comprehend and retain the leffons which her governor recommended to her attention; infomuch, that he ventured, in a few days, to prefent her at table, among a fet of country squires, to whom she was introduced as niece to the lieutenant. In that capacity she sat with becoming eafiness of mien (for the was as void of the mauvaise honte as any duchess in the land), bowed very graciously to the compliments of the gentlemen; and though she said little or nothing, because she was previously cautioned on that score, she more than once gave way to laughter, and her mirth happened to be pretty well timed. In a word, the attracted the applause C 2

and admiration of the guests, who, after she was withdrawn, complimented Mr. Hatchway upon the beauty, breeding, and good humour of his kinfwoman.

But what contributed more than any other circumstance to her speedy improvement, was some small insight into the primer, which she had acquired at a day-school, during the life of her father, who was a day-labourer in the country. Upon this foundation did Peregrine build a most elegant superstructure; he culled out choice sentences from Shakspeare, Otway, and Pope, and taught her to repeat them with an emphasis and theatrical cadence: he then instructed her in the names and epithets of the most celebrated players, which he directed her to pronounce occasionally, with an air of careless familiarity; and perceiving that her voice was naturally clear, he enriched it with remnants of opera tunes, to be hummed during a pause in conversation, which is generally supplied with the circulation of a pinch of fnuff. By means of this cultivation, she became a wonderful proficient in the polite graces of the age; she, with great facility, comprehended the scheme of whist, though cribbage was her favourite game, with which she had amused herself in her vacant hours, from her first entrance into the profession of hopping; and brag foon grew familiar to her practice and conception.

Thus prepared, she was exposed to the company of her own sex, being first of all visited by the parson's daughter, who could not avoid shewing that civility to Mr. Hatchway's niece, after she had made her public appearance at church. Mrs. Clover, who had a great share of penetra-

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tion, could not help entertaining some doubts about this same relation, whose name she had never heard the uncle mention, during the whole term of her residence at the garrison: but as the young lady was treated in that character, she would not resuse her acquaintance; and after having seen her at the castle, actually invited Miss Hatchway to her house. In short, she made a progress through almost all the families in the neighbourhood; and by dint of her quotations (which, by the bye, were not always judiciously used) she passed for a sprightly young lady, of un-

common learning and tafte.

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Peregrine having, in this manner, initiated her in the beau monde of the country, conducted her to London, where she was provided with private lodgings and a female attendant; and put her immediately under the tuition of his valet-dechambre, who had orders to instruct her in dancing and the French language. He attended her to plays and concerts three or four times a week; and when our hero thought her fufficiently accustomed to the fight of great company, he fquired her in person to a public assembly, and danced with her among all the gay ladies of fashion: not but that there was still an evident air of rufticity and awkwardness in her demeanor, which was interrupted into an agreeable wildness of spirit, superior to the forms of common breeding. He afterwards found means to make her acquainted with fome diftinguished patterns of her own fex, by whom she was admitted into the most elegant parties, and continued to make good her pretensions to gentility, with great circumfpection. But one evening, being at cards with a certain lady whom the detected in the very fact of unfair conveyance, she taxed her roundly with the fraud, and brought upon herfelf fuch a torrent of farcastic reproof, as overbore all her maxims of caution, and burst open the floodgates of her own natural repartee, twanged off with the appellation of b- and w-, which she repeated with great vehemence, in an attitude of manual defiance, to the terror of her antagonist, and the astonishment of all prefent: nay, to fuch an unguarded pitch was fhe provoked, that starting up, she fnapt her fingers, in testimony of disdain, and, as she quitted the room, applied her hand to that part which was the last of her that disappeared, inviting the company to kifs it, by one of its courfest denominations.

Peregrine was a little disconcerted at this overfight in her behaviour, which, by the dæmon of intelligence, was in a moment conveyed to all the private companies in town: fo that she was absolutely excluded from all polite communication, and Peregrine, for the present, disgraced among the modest part of his female acquaintance, many of whom not only forbad him their houses, on account of the impudent infult he had committed upon their honour, as well as understanding, in palming a common trull upon them, as a young lady of birth and education; but also aspersed his family, by affirming that the was actually his own coufin-german, whom he had precipitately raifed from the most abject state of humility and contempt. In revenge for this calumny, our young gentleman explained the whole mystery of her promotion, together with the motives that induced him to bring her into the fashionable world; and repeated among his companions, the extravagant

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Meanwhile, the infanta herfelf being rebuked by her benefactor, for this instance of misbehaviour, promifed faithfully to keep a stricter guard for the future over her conduct, and applied herfelf with great affiduity to the studies, in which fhe was affifted by the Swiss, who gradually lost the freedom of his heart, while she was profiting by his instruction. In other words, she made a conquest of her preceptor, who yielding to the instigations of the flesh, chose a proper opportunity to declare his passion, which-was powerfully recommended by his perfonal qualifications; and his intentions being honourable, she listened to his proposals of espousing her in private. In confequence of this agreement, they made an elopement together; and being buckled at the Fleet, confummated their nuptials in private lodgings, by the Seven Dials, from which the husband next morning fent a letter to our hero, begging forgiveness for the clandestine step he had taken, which he folemnly protested was not owing to any abatement in his inviolable regard for his mafter, whom he should always honour and esteem to his latest breath, but intirely to the irrefistible charms. of the young lady, to whom he was now fo happy, as to be joined in the filken bonds of marriage.

Peregrine, though at first offended at his valet's prefumption, was, upon fecond thoughts, reconciled to the event by which he was delivered from an encumbrance; for by this time he had performed his frolic, and began to be tired of his acquisition. He reslected on the former sidelity of the Swiss, which had been manifested in a long course of service and attachment; and thinking it would be cruelly severe to abandon him to poverty and distress for one venial trespass, he resolved to pardon what he had done, and enable him, in some shape, to provide for the family

which he had entailed upon himfelf.

With these sentiments, he sent a favourable answer to the delinquent, desiring to see him as foon as his passion should permit him to leave the arms of his spouse, for an hour or two; and Hadgi, in obedience to this intimation, repaired immediately to the lodgings of his mafter, before whom he appeared with a most penitential aspect. Peregrine, though he could scarce help laughing at his rueful length of face, reprimanded him fharply for his difrespect and ingratitude, in taking that by flealth which he might have had for asking. The culprit affured him, that next to the vengeance of God, his master's displeasure was that which, of all evils, he dreaded to incur; but that love had distracted his brain in such a manner, as to banish every other consideration but that of gratifying his defire; and he owned, that he should not have been able to preserve his fidelity and duty to his own father, had they interfered with the interest of his passion. He then appealed to his mafter's own heart for the remiffion of his guilt, alluding to certain circumstances of our hero's conduct, which evinced the desperate effects of love. In short, he made such an apology as extorted a fmile from his offended judge, who not only forgave his transgression, but also promised to put him in some fair way of earning a comfortable subfistence.

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The Swifs was fo much affected with this instance of generosity, that he fell upon his knees. and kiffed his hand, praying to Heaven, with great fervour, to make him worthy of fuch goodness and condescension. His scheme, he said, was to open a coffee-house and tavern in some creditable part of the town, in hopes of being favoured with the custom of a numerous acquaintance he had made among upper fervants and reputable tradefmen, not doubting that his wife would be an ornament to his bar, and a careful manager of his affairs. Peregrine approved of the plan, towards the execution of which he made him and his wife a present of five hundred pounds, together with a promise of erecting a weekly club among his friends, for the reputation and advantage of the house.

Hadgi was so transported with his good fortune, that he ran to Pipes, who was in the room, and having hugged him with great cordiality, and made his obedience to his master, hied him home to his bride, to communicate his happiness, cutting ca-

pers, and talking to himself all the way.

CHAP. LXXXVIII.

He is visited by Pallet; contracts an intimacy with a New-Market nobleman; and is by the knowing-ones taken in.

THIS affair being settled, and our adventurer, for the present, free of all semale connexions, he returned to his former course of fast living, among the bucks of the town, and performed

formed innumerable exploits among whores, bullies, rooks, constables and justices of the peace.

In the midst of these occupations he was one morning vifited by his old fellow-traveller, Pallet, whose appearance gave him equal furprise and concern. Though the weather was fevere, he was clothed in the thin fummer-dress which he had wore at Paris, and was now not only thread bare, but in some parts actually patched; his stockings, by a repetition of that practice known among occonomists by the terms of coaxing, hung like pudding bags about his ankles; his shirt, though new washed, was of the saffron hue, and in divers places appeared through the crannies of his breeches; he had exchanged his own hair for a smoke-dried tye-periwig, which all the flour in his drudging-box had not been able to whiten; his eyes were funk, his jaws lengthened beyond their usual extension; and he seemed twenty years older than he looked when he and our hero parted at Rotterdam.

In spite of all these evidences of decay, he accosted him with a meagre affectation of content and good humour, struggled piteously to appear gay and unconcerned, professed his joy at feeing him in England, excused himself for having delayed fo long to come and present his refpects; alleging, that fince his return he had been a meer flave to the fatisfaction of some perfons of quality and taste, who had insisted upon his finishing some pieces with the utmost expedition.

Peregrine received him with that compassion and complaifance which was natural to his difposition; inquired about the health of Mrs. Pal-

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let and his family, and asked if his friend the doctor was in town. The painter feemed to have refumed his refentment against that gentleman, of whom he spoke in contemptuous terms. "The doctor (faid he) is so much overshadowed with prefumption and felf-conceit, that his merit has no relief. It does not rife. There is no keeping in the picture, my dear Sir. All the fame as if I were to represent the moon under a cloud; there would be nothing but a deep mass of shade, with a little tiny speck of light in the middle, which would only ferve to make, as it were, the darkness visible: You understand me. Had he taken my advice, it might have been better for him; but he's bigotted to his own opinion. You must know, Mr. Pickle, upon our return to England, I counfelled him to compose a little, smart, clever ode upon my Cleopatra. As Gad shall judge me, I thought it would have been of some service, in helping him, out of obscurity; for you know, as Sir Richard observes.

Soon will that die, which adds thy fame to mine: Let me then live, join'd to a work of thine.

By the bye, there is a most picturesque contrast in these lines, of thy and me, living and dying, and thine and mine. Ah! a pize upon it! Dick, after all, was the man. Ecod! he rounded it off. But, to return to this unhappy young man, would you believe it, he tossed up his nose at my friendly proposal, and gabbled something in Greek, which is not worth repeating. The case was this, my dear Sir, he was out of humour at the neglect of the world.

He thought the poets of the age were jealous of his genius, and strove to crush it accordingly, while the rest of mankind wanted taste sufficient to difcern it. For my own part, I profess myfelf one of these; and as the Clown in Billy Shakspeare says of the courtier's oath, had I fworn by the doctor's genius, that the pancakes were naught, they might have been for all that very good, yet shouldn't I have been foresworn. Let that be as it will, he retired from town in great dudgeon, and fet up his rest near a hill in Derbyshire, with two tops, resembling Parnassus, and a well at the bottom, which he had christened Hyp o-the-Green. Egad! if he flays in that habitation, 'tis my opinion he'll foon grow green with the hip indeed. He'll be glad of an opportunity to return to the flesh-pots of Egypt, and pay his court to the flighted queen Cleopatra. Ha! well remembered, by this light you shall know, my good Sir, that this same Egyptian princess has been courted by so many gallants of tafte, that as I hope to live, I found myfelf in fome fort of dilemma, because in parting with her to one, I should have disobliged all his rivals. Now a man would not chuse to give offence to his friends, at least I lay it down as a maxim, to avoid the fmallest appearance of ingratitude. Perhaps I may be in the wrong. But every man For this reason, I proposed to all has his way. the candidates, that a lottery or raffle should be fet on foot, by which every individual would have an equal chance for her good graces, and the prize to be left to the decision of fortune. The scheme was mightily relished, and the terms being fuch a trifle as half a guinea, the whole town crowded into my house, in order to subscribe.

fcribe. But there I was their humble fervant. Gentlemen, you must have a little patience till my own particular friends are served. Among that number, I do myself the honour to consider Mr. Pickle. Here is a copy of the proposals; and if the list should be adorned with his name, I hope, notwithstanding his merited success among the young ladies, he will for once be shunned by that little vixen called Miss Fortune; he, he, he!

So faying, he bowed with a thousand apish congés, and presented his paper to Peregrine, who seeing the number of subscribers was limited to one hundred, said he thought him too moderate in his expectations, as he did not doubt that his picture would be a cheap purchase at five hundred, instead of fifty pounds, at which the price was fixed. To this unexpected remark Pallet answered, that among the connoisseurs he would not pretend to appraise his picture; but that, in valuing his works, he was obliged to have

an eye to the Gothic ignorance of the age in which

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Our adventurer faw at once into the nature of this rasse, which was no other than a begging shift to dispose of a paltry piece, that he could not otherwise have sold for twenty shillings. However far from shocking the poor man in distress, by dropping the least hint of his conjecture, he desired to be favoured with six chances, if the circumstances of his plan would indulge him so far; and the painter, after some hestation, condescended to comply with his request, out of pure friendship and veneration; though he observed, that in so doing he must exclude some of his most intimate companions.

Having

Having received the money, he gave Pickle his address, desiring he would, with his convenience, visit the princess, who, he was sure, would display her most engaging attractions, in order to captivate his fancy; and took his leave extremely well pleased with the success of his application.

Though Peregrine was tempted with the curiofity of feeing this portrait, which he imagined must contain some analogy to the ridiculous oddity of the painter, he would not expose himself to the disagreeable alternative of applauding the performance, contrary to the distates of conscience and common sense, or of condemning it, to the unspeakable mortification of the miserable author; and therefore never dreamt of returning the painter's visit; nor did he ever hear of the lottery's being drawn.

About this time he was invited to fpend a few weeks at the country-feat of a certain nobleman, with whom he had contracted an acquaintance, in the course of his debauches, which we have already described. His lordship being remarkable for his skill and success in horse-racing, his house was continually filled with the connoisseurs and admirers of that sport, upon which the whole conversation turned, insomuch that Peregrine gradually imbibed some knowledge in horse-slesh, and the diversions of the course; for the whole occupation of the day, exclusive of eating and drinking, consisted in viewing, managing and exercising his lordship's stud.

Our hero looked upon these amusements with an eye of taste, as well as curiosity; he contemplated the animal as a beautiful and elegant part of the creation, and relished the surprising exer-

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tion of its speed with a refined and classical delight. In a little time he became personally acquainted with every horse in the stable, and interested himself in the reputation of each; while he also gratified his appetite for knowledge, in observing the methods of preparing their bodies, and training them to the race. His landlord faw and encouraged his eagerness, from which he promised himself some advantage; he formed several private matches for his entertainment, and flattered his discernment, by permitting him to be fuccessful in the first betts he made. Thus was he artfully decoyed into a spirit of keenness and adventure, and disposed to depend upon his own judgment, in opposition to that of people who had made horse-racing the sole study of their lives. He accompanied my lord to Newmarket, and entering at once into the genius of the place, was marked as fair game, by all the knowing ones there affembled, many of whom found means to take him in, in spite of all the cautions and admonitions of his lordship, who wanted to referve him for his own use.

It is almost impossible for any man, let him be ever so fearful or phlegmatic, to be an unconcerned spectator in this busy scene. The dæmon of play hovers in the air, like a pestilential vapour, tainting the minds of all present with infallible insection, which communicates from one person to another, like the circulation of a general panic. Peregrine was seized with this epidemic distemper to a violent degree; and after having lost a sew loose hundreds, in his progress through the various rookeries of the place, entered into partnership with his noble friend in a grand match, upon the issue of which he ventured

tured no less than three thousand pounds. Indeed he would not have risked such a considerable sum, had not his own considerce been reinforced by the opinion and concurrence of his lordship, who hazarded an equal bet upon the same event. These two associates engaged themselves in the penalty of six thousand pounds, to run one chaise and four against another, three times round the course; and our adventurer had the satisfaction of seeing his antagonist distanced in the first and second heat; but all of a sudden, one of the horses of his machine was knocked up, by which accident, the victory was ravished almost from his very grasp, and he was obliged to endure the damage and the scorn.

He was deeply affected with this misfortune, which he imputed to his own extravagance and temerity, but discovered no external figns of affliction, because his illustrious partner bore his lofs with the most philosophic refignation, confoling himfelf, as well as Pickle, with the hope of making it up, on some other occasion. Nevertheless, our young gentleman could not help admiring, and even envying his equanimity, not knowing that his lordship had managed matters fo as to be gainer by the misfortune; which to retrieve, Peregrine purchased several horses, at the recommendation of his friend; and instead of returning to London, made a tour with him to all the celebrated races in England, at which, after several viciflitudes of fortune he made shift. before the end of the season, to treble his loss.

But his hopes feemed to increase with his ill luck. In the beginning of winter he came to town, fully persuaded that fortune must ne-

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ceffarily change, and that next feason he should reap the happy fruits of his experience. In this considence he seemed to drown all ideas of prudence and occonomy. His former expence was mere parsimony, compared with that which he now incurred: he subscribed to the opera, and half a dozen concerts at different parts of the town; was a benefactor to several hospitals, purchased a collection of valuable pictures, took an house, and surnished it in a most magnificent taste, laid in a large stock of French wines, and gave extravagant entertainments to his quality-friends, who in return loaded him with compliments, and insisted upon his making use of their interest and good will.

CHAP. LXXXIX.

He is taken into the protection of a great man; fets up for member of parliament; is disappointed in his expectation, and finds himself egregiously outwitted.

A MONG these professed patrons, the greatest part of whom Peregrine saw through, there was one great personage, who seemed to support with dignity the sphere in which fortune had placed him. His behaviour to Pickle was not a series of grinning complaisance in a slat repetition of general expressions of friendship and regard. He demeaned himself with a seemingly honest reserve, in point of profession; his advances to Peregrine appeared to be the result of deliberation

deliberation and experiment; he chid the young gentleman for his extravagance with the authority of a parent, and the fincerity of a fast friend; and having, by gradual inquiries, made himself acquainted with the state of his private affairs, condemned his conduct with an air of candour and concern. He represented to him the folly and dangerous consequences of the profligate life in which he had plunged himself, counselled him with great warmth to fell off his race-horses, which would otherwise insensibly eat him up; to retrench all superfluous expence, which would only serve to expose him to the ridicule and ingratitude of those who were benefited by it; to lay out his money upon fecure mortgages, at good interest; and carry into execution his former defign of standing candidate for a borough, at the ensuing election for a new parliament; in which case this nobleman promised to affist him with his influence and advice; affuring him, that if he could once procure a feat in the house, he might look upon his fortune as already made.

Our adventurer perceived the wisdom and fanity of this advice, for which he made his acknowledgments to his generous monitor, protesting that he would adhere to it in every particular; and immediately fet about a reformation. He accordingly took cognizance of his most minute affairs, and after an exact fcrutiny, gave his patron to understand, that, exclusive of his furniture, his fortune was reduced to fourteen thousand three hundred and thirty pounds, in Bank and South-Sea annuities, over and above the garrifon and its appendages, which he reckoned at fixty pounds a year. He therefore defired,

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that as his lordship had been so kind as to favour him with his friendship and advice, he would extend his generosity still farther, by putting him in a way of making the most advantage of his money. My lord said, that for his own part he did not chuse to meddle in money matters; that Mr. Pickle would find abundance of people ready to borrow it upon land-security; but that he ought to be extremely cautious in a transaction of such consequence; promising, at the same time, to employ his own steward, in seeking out a mortgager

to whom it might be fafely lent.

This agent was accordingly fet at work, and for a few days made a fruitless enquiry; so that the young gentleman was obliged to have recourfe to his own intelligence, by which he got notice of feveral people of reputed credit, who offered him mortgages for the whole fum; but when he made a report of the particulars to his noble friend, his lordship started such doubts and objections relating to each, that he was deterred from entering into any engagements with the propofers; congratulating himself, in the mean time, on his good fortune, in being favoured with the advice and direction of fuch a fage counfellor. Nevertheless, he began to be impatient, after having unfuccefsfully confulted all the moneybrokers and conveyancers about town, and refolved to try the expedient of a public advertisement. But he was perfuaded by my lord to postpone that experiment, until every other method should have failed, because it would attract the attention of all the pettifoggers in London, who (though they might not be able to over-reach) would infallibly harafs and teaze him out of all tranquillity.

It was on the back of this conversation that Peregrine chancing to meet the steward near his lord's house, stopped him in the street, to give him an account of his bad luck; at which the other expressed some concern, and rubbing his chin with his hand, in a musing posture, told Pickle, there was a thought just come into his head, pointing out one way of doing his business effectually. The youth, upon this intimation, begged he would accompany him to the next coffee-house, in which having chosen a private situation, this grave manager gave him to understand, that a part of my lord's estate was mortgaged, in confequence of a debt contracted by his grandfather, for provision to the younger children of the family; and that the equity of redemption would be foreclosed in a few months, unless the burthen could be discharged. " My lord (faid he) has always lived in a splendid manner, and notwithstanding his ample fortune, together with the profits accruing from the posts he enjoys, he faves fo little money, that, upon this occasion, I know he will be obliged to borrow ten thousand pounds to make up the sum that is requisite to redeem the mortgage. Now, certain I am, that when his defign comes to be known, he will be folicited on all hands, by people defirous of lending money upon fuch undoubted fecurity; and 'tis odds but he has already promifed the preference to some particular acquaintance. However, as I know he has your interest very much at heart, I will, (if you please) found his lordship upon the subject, and in a day or two give you notice of my fuccess."

Peregrine, ravished with the prospect of settling this affair so much to his satisfaction, thanked

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the steward for his friendly hint and undertaking, which he assured him should be acknowledged by a more solid proof of his gratitude provided the business could be brought to bear; and next day, he was visited by this kind manager, with the happy news of his lordship's having consented to borrow ten thousand pounds of his stock, upon mortgage, at the interest of five per cent. This information he received as an instance of the sixgular esteem of his noble patron; and the papers being immediately drawn and executed, the money was deposited in the hands of the mortgager, who, in the hearing of the lender, laid strong injunctions on his steward to pay the interest punc-

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The best part of our hero's fortune being thus happily deposited, and the agent gratified with a present of fifty pieces, he began to put his retrenching scheme in execution; all his fervants (Pipes excepted) were discharged, his chariot and running-horfes disposed of, his house-keeping broke up, and his furniture fold by auction: nay, the heat of his disposition was as remarkable in this, as any other transaction of his life; for every step of his faving project was taken with fuch eagerness, and even precipitation, that most of his companions thought he was either ruined or mad. But he answered all their expostulations with a string of prudent apophthegms, such as "The shortest follies are the best;" " Better to retrench upon conviction than compulsion;" and divers other wife maxims, feemingly the refult of experience and philosophic reflection. To fuch a degree of enthuliasm did his present occonomy prevail, that he was actually feized with the defire of amassing; and as he every day received ceived proposals, from those brokers whom he had employed, about the disposal of his cash, he at length ventured fifteen hundred pounds upon bottomry, being tempted by the excessive premium.

But it must be observed for the honour of our adventurer, that this reformation did not at all interfere with the good qualities of his heart: He was still as friendly and benevolent as ever, tho' his liberality was more subject to the restraint of reason; and he might have justly pleaded, in vindication of his generofity, that he retrenched the superfluities in his own way of living, in order to preferve the power of affifting his fellowcreatures in distress. Numberless were the objects to which he extended his charity in private. Indeed, he exerted this virtue in fecret, not only on account of avoiding the charge of oftentation, but also because he was ashamed of being detected in fuch an aukward unfashionable practice, by the censorious observers of this humane generation. In this particular, he feemed to confound the ideas of virtue and vice; for he did good as other people do evil, by stealth; and was fo capricious in point of behaviour, that frequently, in public, he wagged his tongue in fatirical animadversions upon that poverty, which his hand had, in private, relieved. Yet, far from shunning the acquaintance, or discouraging the folicitation of those who, he thought, wanted his affiftance, he was always accessible, open, and complaifant to them, even when the haughtiness of his temper kept his superiors at a distance; and often faved a modest man the anguish and confusion of declaring himself, by penetrating into his necessity, and anticipating his request, in a

frank offer of his purse and friendship.

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Not that he practifed this beneficence to all the needy of his acquaintance, without diftinction; there is always a fet of idle profligate fellows, who having squandered away their own fortunes, and conquered all sense of honour and shame, maintain themselves by borrowing from those who have not yet finished the same career, and want resolution to resist their importunate demands. To these he was always inflexible; though he could not absolutely detach himself from their company, because, by dint of effrontery, and such of their original connections as they have been able to retain, they find admission to all places of fashionable resort.

Several unfuccessful attacks had been made upon his pocket, by beggars of this class. One of the most artful of them, having one day joined him in the Mall, and made the usual observation on the weather, damned all the fogs of London, and began a differtation on the difference of air, preferring that of the country in which he was born, to any climate under the fun. "Was you ever in Gloucestershire?" (said he to Peregrine), who replying in the negative, he thus went on: " I have got a house there, where I should be glad to see you. Let us go down together, during the Easter holidays; I can promise you good country fare and wholesome exercise: for I have every thing within myself, and as good a pack of fox-hounds as any in the three kingdoms. I sha'n't pretend to expatiate upon the elegance of the house, which to be fure is an old building; and thefe, you know, are generally cold, and not very convenient. But, curse the house; the dirty

dirty acres about it are the thing; and a damned fine parcel they are, to be fure. If my old grandmother was dead—she can't live another season, for she's turned of fourscore, and quite wore out: nay, as for that matter, I believe I have got a letter in my pocket, giving an account of her being despaired of by the doctors. Let me see—No, d—n it, I lest it at home, in the pocket of another coat."

Pickle, who from the beginning of this harangue, faw its tendency, feemed to yield the most serious attention to what he faid; breaking in upon it, every now and then, with the interjections, Hum! Ha! The deuce! and feveral civil questions, from which the other conceived happy omens of fuccess; till perceiving they had advanced as far as the passage into St. James's, the mischievous youth interrupted him all at once, faying, "I fee you are for the end of the walk; this is my way." With these words he took his leave of the faunterer, who would have delayed his retreat, by calling to him aloud, that he had not yet described the situation of his castle. But Peregrine, without stopping, answered in the fame tone, "Another time will do as well;" and in a moment disappeared, leaving the projector very much mortified with his disappointment; for his intention was to close the description, with the demand of twenty pieces, to be repaid out of the first remittance he should receive from his estate.

It would have been well for our hero, had he always acted with the same circumspection: but he had his unguarded moments, in which he fell a prey to the unsuspecting integrity of his own heart. There was a person among the number

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of his acquaintances, whose conversation he particularly relished, because it was frank, agreeable, and fraught with many sensible observations upon the craft and treachery of mankind. This gentleman had made a shift to discuss a very genteel fortune, though it was spent with taste and reputation, and now he was reduced to his shifts for the maintenance of his family, which consisted of a wife and child. Not that he was destitute of the necessaries of life, being comfortably supplied by the bounty of his friends; but this was a provision not at all suited to his inclination; and he had endeavoured, by divers unsuccessful schemes, to re-

trieve his former independency.

Peregrine happened one evening to be fitting alone in a coffee-house, where he overheard a conversation between this schemer and another gentleman, touching an affair that engaged his attention. The stranger had been left trustee for fifteen hundred pounds bequeathed to the other's daughter by an aunt, and was strongly folicited to pay the money to the child's father, who affured him he had then an opportunity to lay it out in fuch a manner, as would greatly conduce to the advantage of his family. The trustee reminded him of the nature of his charge, which made him accountable for the money, until the child should have attained the age of eighteen; but at the same time give him to understand. that if he could procure fuch fecurity as would indemnify him from the confequences, he would forthwith pay the legacy into his hands. To this proposal the father replied, that it was not to be supposed he would risque the fortune of his only child, upon any idle scheme or precarious issue: and therefore he thought it reasonable, that he VOL. IV.

should have the use of it in the mean time; and that, as to fecurity, he was loath to trouble any of his friends about an affair which might be compromised without their interposition; observing, that he would not look upon his condescension as a favour, if obtained by a fecurity, on which he could borrow the same sum from any usurer in town.

After much importunity on one fide, and evafion on the other, the moneyed gentleman told him, that though he would not furrender the fum deposited in his hands, for the use of his daughter, he would lend him what he should have occasion for, in the mean time; and if, upon her being of age, he should be able to obtain her concurrence, the money should be placed to her account, provided he could find any person of credit, who would join with him in a bond, for the affurance of the lender. This proviso was an obstruction which the other would not have been able to furmount, without great difficulty, had not his cause been espoused by our hero, who thought it was a pity a man of honour and understanding should suffer in his principal concerns, on fuch a paltry confideration. He therefore, prefuming on his acquaintance, interpofed in the conversation as a friend, who interested himself in the affair; and being fully informed of the particulars, offered himself as a security for the lender.

This gentleman being a stranger to Peregrine, was next day made acquainted with his funds; and, without farther scruple, accommodated his friend with one thousand pounds, for which he took their bond, payable in fix months, though he protested that the money should never be de-

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manded, until the infant should be of age, unless some accident should happen which he could not then foresee. Pickle believed this declaration sincere, because he could have no interest in dissembling; but what he chiefly depended upon, for his own security, was the integrity and considence of the borrower, who assured him, that happen what would, he should be able to stand between him and all danger; the nature of his plan being such, as would infallibly treble the sum in a very sew months.

In a little time after this transaction, writs being iffued out for electing a new parliament, our adventurer, by the advice of his patron, went into the country, in order to canvass for a borough, and lined his pockets with a competent share of bank-notes for the occasion. But, in this project, he unfortunately happened to interfere with the interest of a great family in the opposition, who, for a long feries of years, had made members for that place; and were now fo much offended at the intrusion of our young gentleman, that they threatened to fpend ten thousand pounds in frustrating his design. This menace was no other than an incitement to Peregrine, who confided fo much in his own influence and address, that he verily believed he should be able to baffle his grace, even in his own territories. By that victory he hoped to establish his reputation and interest with the minister, who, through the recommendation of his noble friend, countenanced his cause, and would have been very well pleased to see one of his greatest enemies suffer such a difgraceful overthrow, which would have, moreover, in a great measure, shaken his credit with his faction.

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Our hero, intoxicated with the ideas of pride and ambition, put all his talents to the test, in the execution of this project. He spared no expence in treating the electors; but finding himself rivalled, in this respect, by his competitor, who was powerfully supported, he had recourse to those qualifications in which he thought himself superior. He made balls for the ladies, vifited the matrons of the corporation, adapted himself to their various humours with furprifing facility, drank with those who loved a cherishing cup in private, made love to the amorous, prayed with the religious, goffipped with those who delighted in scandal, and with great fagacity contrived agreeable prefents to them all. This was the most effectual method of engaging fuch electors as were under the influence of their wives. As for the rest, he assailed them in their own way, fetting whole hogsheads of beer and wine abroach, for the benefit of all comers; and into those fordid hearts that liquor would not open, he found means to convey himself by the help of a golden key.

While he thus exerted himfelf, his antagonist was not idle; his age and infirmities would not permit him to enter personally into their parties; but his stewards and adherents bestirred themselves with great industry and perseverance. The market for votes ran so high, that Pickle's ready money was exhausted before the day of election; and he was obliged to write to his patron an account of the dilemma to which he was reduced; intreating him to take such speedy measures, as would enable him to finish the business which he

had fo happily begun.

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This nobleman communicated the circumstances of the case to the minister, and in a day or two our candidate found credit with the receiver-general of the county, who lent him twelve hundred pounds on his personal note, payable on demand. By means of this new fupply, he managed matters fo fuccessfully, that an evident majority of votes was fecured in his interest, and nothing could have obstructed his election, had not the noble peer who fet up his competitor, in order to avoid the shame and mortification of being foiled in his own borough, offered to compromife the affair with his honour, by giving up two members in another place, provided the opposition should cease in his own corporation. This proposal was greedily embraced. On the eve of the election, Peregrine received an intimation from his patron, defiring him to quit his pretensions, on pain of his and the minister's displeafure; and promifing that he should be elected for another place.

No other disappointment in life could have given him such chagrin as he felt at the receipt of this tantalizing order, by which the cup of success was snatched from his lip, and all the vanity of his ambitious hope humbled in the dust. He cursed the whole chain of his court connexions, inveighed with great animosity against the rascally scheme of politics to which he was facrificed; and in conclusion swore he would not give up the fruits of his own address for the pleasure of any minister upon earth. This laudable resolution, however, was rendered inessectual by his friend the receiver-general, who was bearer of the message, and after having in vain, endeavoured to persuade him to submission, fairly arrested him

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upon the fpot for the money he had advanced; this expedient being performed by virtue of a writ which he had been advised to take out, in case the

young man should prove refractory.

The reader, who, by this time, must be pretty well acquainted with the disposition of our adventurer, may eafily conceive how he relished this adventure. At first, all the faculties of his foul were fwallowed up in aftonishment and indignation; and fome minutes elapfed before his nerves would obey the impulse of his rage, which manifested itself in such an application to the temples of the plaintiff, as laid him sprawling on the floor. This affault, which was committed in a tavern, whither he had been purpofely decoyed, attracted the regard of the bailiff and his followers, who, to the number of four, rushed upon him at once, in order to overpower him; but his wrath inspired him with fuch additional strength and agility, that he disengaged himself from them in a trice, and feizing a poker, which was the first weapon that presented itself to his hand, exercised it upon their skulls with incredible dexterity and execution. The officer himself, who had been the first that presumed to lay violent hands upon him, felt the first effects of his fury, in a blow upon the jaws, in consequence of which he lost three of his teeth, and fell athwart the body of the receiver, with which he formed the figure of a St. Andrew's cross: one of his myrmidons seeing the fate of his chief, would not venture to attack the victor in front, but wheeling to one fide made an attempt upon him in flank, and was received obliquely by our hero's left hand and foot, fo masterly disposed to the right side of his leg, and the left fide of his neck, that he bolted head forehir not cut the the

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most into the chimney, where his chin was encountered by the grate, which, in a moment, seared him to the bone. The rest of the detachment did not think proper to maintain the dispute, but evacuating the room with great expedition, locked the door on the outside, and bellowed aloud to the receiver's servants, beseeching them to come to the assistance of their master, who was in dan-

ger of his life.

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Meanwhile, this gentleman having recollected himself, demanded a parley; which having with difficulty obtained of our incenfed candidate, in confequence of the most fubmissive application, he complained grievously of the young gentleman's intemperance and heat of disposition, and very calmly represented the danger of his rashness and indifcretion. He told him that nothing could be more outrageous or idle, than the refistance he had made against the laws of his country, because he would find it impracticable to withstand the whole executive power of the county, which he could eafily raise to apprehend and secure him; that over and above the difgrace that would accrue to him from his imprudent conduct, he would knock his own interest on the head, by disobliging his friends in the administration, who were, to his knowledge, at present very well disposed to do him fervice; that, for his own part, what he had done was by the express order of his superiors, and not out of any defire of distressing him; and that, far from being his enemy, notwithstanding the shocking infult he had fuftained, he was ready to withdraw the writ, provided he would liften to any reasonable terms of accommodation.

Peregrine, who was not more prone to anger

than open to conviction, being appealed by his condescension, moved by his arguments, and chid by his own reflection for what he had done in the precipitation of his wrath, began to give ear to his remonstrances; and the bailiffs being ordered to withdraw, they entered into a conference, the result of which was our adventurer's immediate departure for London: so that next day his competitor was unanimously chosen, because no body

appeared to oppose his election.

The discontented Pickle, on his arrival in town, went directly to the house of his patron, to whom, in the anguish of his disappointment, he bitterly complained of the treatment he had received, by which, besides the disgrace of his overthrow, he was no less than two thousand pounds out of pocket, exclusive of the debt for which he stood engaged to the receiver. His lordship, who was prepared for this expoltulation, on his knowledge of the young man's impetuous temper, answered all the articles of his charge with great deliberation, giving him to understand the motives that induced the minister to quit his interest in that borough; and foothing him with affurances that his lofs would be amply rewarded by his honour, to whom he was next day introduced by this nobleman, in the warmest style of recommendation. The minister who was a pattern of complaifance, received him with the most engaging affability; thanked him very kindly for his endeavours to support and strengthen the interest of the administration; and faithfully promifed to lay hold on the first opportunity to express the sense he had of his zeal and attachment: defiring to fee him often at his levee, that in the multiplicity of bufiness he might not be in danger of forgetting his fervices and defert.

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Peregrine commences minister's dependant; meets by accident with Mrs. Gauntlet; and descends gradually in the condition of life.

THIS reception, favourable as it was, did not please Peregrine, who had too much discernment to be cajoled with general promises, at a time when he thought himself intitled to the most particular assurance. He accordingly signified his disgust to his introductor, giving him to understand, that he had laid his account with being chosen representative of one of those boroughs for which he had been sacrificed. His lordship agreed to the reasonableness of his expectation, observing, however, that he could not suppose the minister would enter upon business with him, on his first visit; and that it would be time enough, at his next audience, to communicate his demand.

Notwithstanding this remonstrance, our hero continued to indulge his suspicion and chagrin, and even made a point of it with his patron, that his lordship should next day make application in his behalf, lest the two seats should be filled up, on pretence of his inclinations being unknown. Thus importuned, my lord went to his principal, and returned with an answer, importing that his honour was extremely forry that Mr. Pickle had not signified his request before the boroughs in question were promised to two gentlemen whom he could not now disappoint, with any regard to his own credit or interest; but as several persons

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who would be chosen were, to his certain knowledge, very aged and infirm, he did not doubt that there would be plenty of vacant feats in a very short time, and then the young gentleman might

depend upon his friendship.

Peregrine was fo much irritated at this intimation, that in the first transports of his anger he forgot the respect he owed to his friend, and in his presence inveighed against the minister, as a person devoid of gratitude and candour, protesting, that if ever an opportunity should offer itself, he would fpend the whole remains of his fortune in opposing his measures. The nobleman having given him time to exhaust the impetuosity of his passion, rebuked him very calmly for his difrespectful expressions, which were equally injurious and indifcreet; affured him that this project of revenge, if ever put in execution, would redound to his own prejudice and confusion; and advised him to cultivate and improve, with patience and affiduity, the footing he had already obtained in the minister's good graces.

Our hero convinced of the truth, though not fatisfied with the occasion of his admonitions, took his leave in a fit of fullen discontent, and began to ruminate upon the shattered posture of his affairs. All that now remained of the ample fortune he had inherited, was the sum he had deposited in his lordship's hands, together with fifteen hundred pounds he had ventured in bottomry, and the garrison, which he had lest for the use and accommodation of the lieutenant; and, on the per contra side of his account he was debtor for the supply he had received from the receiver-general, and the money for which he was bound in behalf

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of his friend: fo that he found himself, for the first time of his life, very much embarrassed in his circumstances, for, of the first half year's interest of his ten thousand, which was punctually paid, he had but sourscore pounds in bank, without any prospect of a farther supply, till the other term, which was at the distance of sour long months. He seriously reslected upon the uncertainty of human assairs; the ship with his sisteen hundred pounds might be lost, the gentleman for whom he was security, might miscarry in this, as well as in his former projects, and the minister might one day, through policy or displeasure, expose him to the mercy of his dependant, who was in possession of his notes.

These suggestions did not at all contribute to the age of our adventurer's mind, already ruffled by his disappointment. He cursed his own folly and extravagance, by which he was reduced to fuch an uncomfortable fituation. He compared his own conduct with that of some young gentlemen of his acquaintance, who, while he was fquandering away the best part of his inheritance, had improved their fortunes, strengthened their interest, and increased their reputation. He was abandoned by his gaiety and good humour, his countenance gradually contracted itself into a representation of severity and care, he dropped all his amusements and the companions of his pleasure, and turned his whole attention to the minister, at whose levee he never failed to appear.

While he thus laboured in the wheel of dependence, with all that mortification which a youth of his pride and fensibility may be supposed to feel from such a disagreeable necessity, he one

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day heard himself called by name, as he crossed the park; and turning, perceived the wife of captain Gauntlet, with another lady. He no fooner recognized the kind Sophy, than he accosted her with his wonted civility of friendship; but his former sprightly air was metamorphosed into fuch austerity, or rather dejection of feature, that she could scarce believe her own eyes; and in her aftonishment, "Is it possible (faid she) that the gay Mr. Pickle should be so much altered in fuch a short space of time!" He made no other reply to this exclamation, but by a languid fmile; and asked how long she had been in town? observing, that he would have paid his compliments to her at her own lodgings, had he been favoured with the least intimation of her arrival. After having thanked him for his politeness, she told him, it was not owing to any abatement of her friendship and esteem for him, that she had omitted to give him that notice; but his abrupt departure from Windsor, and the manner in which he quitted Mr. Gauntlet, had given her just grounds to believe, that they had incurred his displeasure; which suspicion was reinforced by his long filence and neglect from that period to the present time. She observed it was still farther confirmed, by his forbearing to enquire for Emilia and her brother: "Judge then, (faid she) if I had any reason to believe that you would be pleased to hear that I was in town. However, I will not detain you at present, because you seem to be engaged about some particular business; but, if you will favour me with your company at breakfast to-morrow, I shall be much pleafed, and honoured to boot, by the vifit."

visit." So faying, she gave him a direction to her lodgings; and he took his leave, with a faithful promife of feeing her at the appointed time.

He was very much affected with this advance of Sophy, which he confidered as an instance of her uncommon sweetness of temper; he felt strange longings of returning friendship towards Godfrey; and the remembrance of Emilia melted his heart, already foftened with grief and mortification. Next day, he did not neglect his engagement, and had the pleasure of enjoying a long conversation with this sensible young lady, who gave him to understand, that her husband was with his regiment; and presented to him a fine boy, the first fruits of their love, whom they had christened by the name of Peregrine, in memory of the friendship which had sublisted between

Godfrey and our youth.

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This proof of their regard, notwithstanding the interruption in their correspondence, made a deep impression upon the mind of our adventurer. who having made the warmest acknowledgments for this undeferved mark of respect, took the child in her arms, and almost devoured him with kiffes, protesting before God, that he should always confider him with the tenderness of a parent. This was the highest compliment he could pay to the gentle Sophy, who again kindly chid him for his disdainful and precipitate retreat, immediately after her marriage; and expressed an earnest defire of feeing him and the captain reconciled. He affured her, nothing could give him greater fatisfaction than fuch an event, to which he would contribute all that lay in his power, though he could not help looking upon himfelf himself as injured by captain Gauntlet's behaviour, which denoted a suspicion of his honour, as well as contempt for his understanding. lady undertook for the concession of her husband. who (fhe told him) had been extremely forry for his own heat, after Mr. Pickle's departure, and would have followed him to the garrison, in order to solicit his forgiveness, had he not been restrained by certain punctilios, occasioned by some acrimonious expressions that dropped from Peregrine at the inn.

After having cleared up this mifunderstanding, she proceeded to give an account of Emilia. whose behaviour at that juncture, plainly indicated a continuance of affection for her first lover; and defired that he would give her full powers to bring that matter also to an accommodation: "For I am not more certain of my own existence (said she) than that you are still in posfession of my sister's heart." At this declaration, the tear started in his eye: But he shook his head, and declined her good offices, wishing that the young lady might be much more happy than ever he should be able to make her.

Mrs. Gauntlet, confounded at these expresfions, and moved by the defponding manner in which they were delivered, begged to know if any new obstacle was raised, by some late change in his fentiments or fituation: and he, in order to avoid a painful explanation, told her, that he had long despaired of being able to vanquish Emilia's refentment, and for that reason quitted the pursuit, which he would never renew, howfoever his heart might fuffer by that resolution; though he took Heaven to witness, that his love, esteem, and admiration of her were not in the

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least impaired: but the true motive of his laying aside his design, was the consciousness of his decayed fortune, which, by adding to the sensibility of his pride, increased the horror of another repulse. She expressed her concern for this determination, both on his own account, and in behalf of Emilia, whose happiness (in her opinion) depended upon his constancy and affection; and she would have questioned him more minutely about the state of his affairs, had not he discouraged the enquiry, by seeking to intro-

duce another fubject of conversation.

After mutual protestations of friendship and regard, he promised to visit her often, during her residence in town; and took his leave in a strange perplexity of mind, occasioned by the images of love, intruding upon the remonstrances of carking care. He had fome time ago forfaken those extravagant companions with whom he had rioted in the heyday of his fortune, and begun to confort with a graver and more fober species of acquaintance: but he now found himself disabled from cultivating the fociety of these also, who were men of ample eftates and liberal dispositions; in consequence of which, their parties were too expensive for the consumptive state of his finances; fo that he was obliged to descend to another degree, and mingle with a fet of old bachelors and younger brothers, who fublifted on flender annuities, or what is called a bare competency in the public funds. This affociation was composed of second-hand politicians and minor critics, who in the forenoon faunter in the Mall, or lounge at shows of pictures, appear in the drawing-room once or twice a week, dine at an ordinary, decide disputes in a coffee-house, with

an air of superior intelligence, frequent the pit of the play-house, and once in a month spend an evening with some noted actor, whose remarkable sayings they repeat for the entertainment of

their ordinary friends.

After all, he found fomething comfortable enough in the company of these gentlemen, who never interested his passions to any violence of transport, nor teazed him with impertinent curiofity about his private affairs: for though many of them had maintained a very long, close, and friendly correspondence with each other, they never dreamt of enquiring into particular concerns; and if one of the two who were most intimately connected, had been asked how the other made a shift to live? he would have anfwered, with great truth, "Really, that is more than I know." Notwithstanding this phlegmatic indifference, which is of the true English production, they were all inoffensive, good-natured people, who loved a joke and a fong, delighted in telling a merry story, and prided themselves in the art of catering, especially in the articles of fish, venison, and wild-fowl.

Our young gentleman was not received among them on the footing of a common member, who makes interest for his admission; he was courted as a person of superior genius and importance, and his compliance looked upon as an honour to their society. This their idea of his preheminence was supported by his conversation, which, while it was more liberal and learned than that to which they had been accustomed, was tinctured with an affuming air, so agreeably diffused, that, instead of producing aversion, it commanded respect. They not only appealed to him, in all

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doubts relating to foreign parts, to which one and all of them were strangers, but also consulted his knowledge in history and divinity, which were frequently the topics of their debates; and in poetry of all kinds, he decided with fuch magisterial authority, as even weighed against the opinions of the players themselves. The variety of characters he had feen and observed, and the high fpheres of life in which he had fo lately moved, furnished him with a thousand entertaining anecdotes. When he became a little familiarized to his disappointments, so that his natural vivacity began to revive, he flashed among them in fuch a number of bright fallies, as struck them with admiration, and constituted himself a classic in wit; infomuch that they began to retail his remnants, and even invited fome particular friends to come and hear him hold forth. One of the players, who had for many years strutted about the taverns in the neighbourhood of Covent-garden as the Grand Turk of wit and humour, began to find his admirers melt away; and a certain petulant physician, who had shone at almost all the Port-clubs in that end of the town, was actually obliged to import his talents into the city, where he has now happily taken root.

Nor was this fuccels to be wondered at, if we consider that, over and above his natural genius and education, our adventurer still had the opportunity of knowing every thing which happened among the great, by means of his friend Cadwallader, with whom he still maintained his former intimacy, though it was now chequered with many occasional tifts, owing to the farcastic remonstrances of the Misanthrope, who disapproved of those schemes which miscarried with

Peregrine,

Peregrine, and now took unseasonable methods of valuing himself upon his own foresight: nay, he was between whiles like a raven croaking presages of more ill luck from the deceit of the minister, the dissimulation of his patron, the folly of the projector, for whom he was bound, the uncertainty of the seas, and the villany of those with whom he had entrusted his cash, for Crabtree saw and considered every thing through a perspective of spleen, that always reslected the worst side of human nature.

For these reasons, our young gentleman began to be disgusted, at certain intervals, with the character of this old man, whom he now thought a morose cynic, not so much incensed against the follies and vices of mankind, as delighted with the diffress of his fellow-creatures. Thus he put the most unfavourable construction on the principles of his friend, because he found himself justly fallen under the lash of his animadversion. This felf-accusation very often dissolves the closest friendship: a man, conscious of his own indiscretion, is implacably offended at the rectitude of his companion's conduct, which he confiders as an infult upon his failings, never to be forgiven, even though he has not tasted the bitterness of reproof, which no finner can commodiously digeft. The friendship, therefore, subfifting between Crabtree and Pickle, had of late fuffered feveral fymptomatic shocks, that feemed to prognofficate a total diffolution; a great deal of fmart dialogue had paffed in their private converfations, and the fenior began to repent of having placed his confidence in fuch an imprudent, headstrong, ungovernable youth.

It was in such paroxysms of displeasure, that

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he prophefied misfortune to Peregrine, and even told him one morning, that he had dreamed of the shipwreck of the two East-Indiamen, on board of which he had hazarded his money. But this was no other than a false vision; for in a few weeks, one of them arrived at her moorings in the river, and he received a thousand in lieu of eight hundred pounds which he had lent upon bond to one of the mates. At the same time he was informed, that the other ship, in which he was concerned, had, in all probability, loft her passage for the season, by being unable to weather the Cape. He was not at all concerned at that piece of news, knowing, that the longer he should lie out of his money, he would have the more interest to receive; and finding his present difficulties removed by this fupply, his heart began to dilate, and his countenance to refume its former alacrity.

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This state of exultation, however, was foon interrupted by a fmall accident, which he could not foresee: he was visited one morning by the person who had lent his friend a thousand pounds on his fecurity, and given to understand, that the borrower had absconded, in confequence of a difappointment, by which he had loft the whole fum, and all hopes of retrieving it; fo that our hero was now liable for the debt, which he befought him to discharge according to the bond, that he (the lender) might not fuffer by his humanity. It may be eafily conceived that Peregrine did not receive this intelligence in cold blood. He curfed his own imprudence in contracting fuch engagements with an adventurer, whom he did not fufficiently know. They exclaimed against the treachery of the projector;

and having for some time indulged his resentment in threats and imprecations, inquired into the nature of the scheme which had miscarried.

The lender, who had informed himself of the whole affair, gratified his curiofity in this particular, by telling him that the fugitive had been cajoled by a certain knight of the post, who undertook to manage the thousand pounds in such a manner, as would, in a very little time, make him perfectly independent; and thus he delineated the plan: "One half of the fum (faid he) shall be laid out in jewels, which I will pawn to certain persons of credit and fortune, who lend money upon fuch pledges at an exorbitant The other shall be kept for relieving them, fo that they may again be deposited with a fecond fet of those honourable usurers; and when they shall have been circulated in this manner thro' a variety of hands, we will extort money from each of the pawn-brokers, by threatening them with a public profecution, for exacting illegal interest; and I know that they will bleed freely, rather than be exposed to the infamy attending fuch an accufation." The scheme was feafible, and though not very honourable, made fuch an impression upon the needy borrower, that he affented to the propofal; and, by our hero's credit, the money was raised. The jewels were accordingly purchased, pawned, relieved, and re-pledged by the agent, who undertook to manage the whole affair; and fo judiciously was the project executed, that he could have easily proved each lender guilty of the charge. Having thus far fuccessfully transacted the business, this faithful agent visited them severally on his own account, to give them intimation the him den hav pro incl mo

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tion, that his employer intended to fue them on the statute of usury; upon which, every one, for himself, bribed the informer to withdraw his evidence, by which alone he could be convicted; and having received these gratifications, he had thought proper to retreat into France with the whole booty, including the original thousand that put them in motion. In consequence of this decampment, the borrower had withdrawn himself; so that the lender

was obliged to have recourfe to his fecurity.

This was a very mortifying account to our young gentleman, who in vain reminded the narrator of his promise, importing, that he would not demand the money, until he should be called to an account by his ward; and observed, that long before that period, the fugitive might appear and discharge the debt. But the other was deaf to these remonstrances; alleging, that his promise was provisional, on the supposition that the borrower would deal candidly and fairly; that he had forfeited all title to his friendship and trust, by the scandalous scheme in which he had embarked; and that his treacherous flight from his fecurity was no proof of his honesty and intended return; but on the contrary, a warning, by which he (the lender) was taught to take care of himself. He therefore infifted upon his being indemnified immediately, on pain of letting the law take its course; and Peregrine was actually obliged to part with the whole whole fum he had fo lately received. But this payment was not made without extreme reluctance, indignation, and denunciation of eternal war against the absconder, and the rigid creditor, betwixt whom he suspected some collusion.

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Cadwallader acts the part of a comforter to his friend; and in his turn is confoled by Peregrine, who begins to find himself a most egregious dupe.

HIS new misfortune, which he justly charged to the account of his own folly, recalled his chagrin; and though he endeavoured with all his might to conceal the affair from the knowledge of Cadwallader, that prying observer perceived his countenance overcast. The projector's sudden disappearance alarming his fuspicion, he managed his enquiries with fo much art, that in a few days he made himself acquainted with every particular of the transaction, and resolved to gratify his spleen at the expence of the impatient dupe. With this view, he took an opportunity to accost him with a very ferious air, faying a friend of his had immediate occasion for a thousand pounds, and as Peregrine had the exact fum lying by him, he would take it as a great favour, if he would part with it for a few months on undoubted fecurity. Had Pickle known the true motive of this demand, he would, in all likelihood have made a very difagreeable answer; but Crabtree had wrapt himself up so securely in the diffimulation of his features, that the youth could not possibly penetrate into his intention; and in the most galling suspense replied, that the money was otherwise engaged. The Misanthrope, not contented with this irritation, assumed the prerogative of a friend, and questioned him so minutely about the disposal of the cash, that after numberless evafions,

fions, which cost him a world of torture to invent, he could contain his vexation no longer, but exclaimed in a rage, " damn your impertinence! 'tis gone to the devil, and that's enough!" "Thereafter as it may be (faid this tormentor, with a most provoking indifference of aspect) I should be glad to know upon what footing; for I suppose you have some expectation of advantage from that quarter." "Sdeath! Sir (cried the impatient youth), if I had any expectation from hell, I would make interest with you, for I believe from my foul, you are one of its most favoured ministers on earth." With these words, he flung out of the room, leaving Cadwallader very well fatisfied with the chastifement he had bestowed.

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Peregrine having cooled himself with a solitary walk in the park, during which the violence of his choler gradually evaporated, and his reflection was called to a serious deliberation upon the posture of his affairs; he resolved to redouble his diligence and importunity with his patron and the minister, in order to obtain some sinecure, which would indemnify him for the damage he had sustained on their account. He accordingly went to his lordship, and signified his demand, after having told him, that he had suffered several fresh losses, which rendered an immediate provision of that fort necessary to his credit and substitute.

His noble friend commended him for the regard he manifested for his own interest, which he considered as a proof of his being at last detached from the careless inadvertency of youth; he approved of his demand, which he affured him should be faithfully transmitted to the minister,

minister, and backed with all his influence; and encouraged his hope, by observing, that some profitable places were at that time vacant, and,

fo far as he knew, unengaged.

This conversation helped to restore the tranquillity of Pickle's breaft, though he still harboured refentment against Cadwallader, on account of the last infult; and on the instant he formed a plan of revenge. He knew the mifanthrope's remittances from his estate in the country, had been of late very scanty, in consequence of repairs and bankruptcies among his tenants: fo that, in spite of all his frugality, he had been but barely able to maintain his credit, and even that was engaged on the strength of his running rent. Being therefore intimately acquainted with the particulars of his fortune, he wrote a letter to Crabtree, subscribed with the name of his principal farmer's wife, importing, that her husband being lately dead, and the greatest part of her cattle destroyed by the infectious distemper, she found herfelf utterly incapable of paying the rent which was due, or even of keeping the farm, unless he would, out of his great goodness, be pleafed to give her fome affiftance, and allow her to fit free for a twelvemonth to come. This intimation he found means to convey by post from a market-town adjoining to the farm, directed in the usual style to the cynic, who seeing it stampt with the known marks, could not possibly fuspect any imposition.

Hackneyed as he was in the ways of life, and steeled with his boasted stoicism, this epistle threw him into such an agony of vexation, that a double proportion of sowering was visible in his aspect, when he was visited by the author, who

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having observed and followed the postman at a proper distance, introduced a conversation upon his own disappointments, in which, among other circumstances of his own ill luck, he told him, that his patron's steward had desired to be excused from paying the last quarter of his interest precisely at the appointed term; for which reason, he should be utterly void of cash; and therefore requested that Crabtree would accommodate him with an hundred pieces out of his next remittance

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This demand galled and perplexed the old man to fuch a degree, that the muscles of his face asfumed a contraction peculiarly virulent, and exhibited the character of Diogenes with a most lively expression; he knew that a confession of his true fituation would furnish Pickle with an opportunity to make reprifals upon him, with intolerable triumph; and that, by a downright refusal to supply his wants, he would for ever forfeit his friendship and esteem, and might provoke him to take ample vengeance for his fordid behaviour, by exposing him, in his native colours, to the refentment of those whom he had so long deceived. These considerations kept him some time in a most rancorous state of suspence, which Peregrine affected to misinterpret, by bidding him freely declare his suspicion, if he did not think it safe to comply with his request, and he would make shift elfewhere.

This feeming misconstruction increased the torture of the misanthrope, who, with the utmost irritation of feature, cried out, "Oons! what villany have you noted in my conduct, that you treat me like a rascally usurer?" Peregrine very gravely replied, that the question needed no an-Vol. IV,

fwer; "for (faid he), had I confidered you as an usurer, I would have come with a fecurity under my arm; but, all evafion apart, will you flead me? will you pleafure me? shall I have the money?" "Would it were in your belly, with a barrel of gunpowder! (exclaimed the enraged cynic) fince I must be excruciated, read that plaguy paper !---s'blood! why didn't nature clap a pair of long ears and a tail upon me, that I might be a real ass, and champ thistles on some common, independent of my fellow-creatures? Would I were a worm, that I might creep into the earth, and thatch my habitation with a fingle straw; or rather a wasp or a viper, that I might make the rascally world feel my resentment. But why do I talk of rafcality? folly, folly is the fcourge of life! Give me a fcoundrel (so he be a fensible one) and I will put him in my heart of hearts! but a fool is more mischievous than famine, pestilence, and war. The idiotical hag that writes, or causes to be writ, this same letter, has ruined her family, and broke her husband's heart, by ignorance and mifmanagement; and the imputes her calamity to providence with a vengeance; and fo I am defrauded of three hundred pounds, the greatest part of which I owe to tradesmen whom I have promised to pay this very quarter. Pox upon her! I would she were an horned beaft, that the diffemper might lay hold on her. The beldame has the impudence too (after the has brought me into this dilemma) to folicit my affiftance to flock the farm anew! Before G--d, I have a good mind to fend her an halter, and perhaps I might purchase another for myself, but that I would not furnish food for laughter to knaves and coxcombs."

Peregrine

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Peregrine having perused the billet, and listened to this ejaculation, replied with great compofure, that he was ashamed to see a man of his years and pretenfions to philosophy, fo ruffled by a trifle. "What fignify all the boafted hardships you have overcome (faid he) and the shrewd obfervations you pretend to have made on human nature? Where is that stoical indifference you affirm you have attained, if fuch a paltry difappointment can difturb you in this manner? What is the loss of three hundred pounds, compared with the misfortunes which I myself have undergone within these two years? Yet you will take upon you to act the cenfor, and inveigh against the impatience and impetuofity of youth, as if you yourfelf had gained an absolute conquest over all the passions of the heart. You was so kind as to infult me t'other day in my affliction, by reproaching me with indifcretion and misconduct; fuppose I were now to retort the imputation, and ask how a man of your profound sagacity could leave your fortune at the discretion of ignorant peafants? How could you be fo blind as not to foresee the necessity of repairs, together with the danger of bankruptcy, murrain, or thin crop? Why did you not convert your land into ready money, and (as you have no connections in life) purchase an annuity, on which you might have lived at your ease, without any fear of the consequence? Can't you, from the whole budget of your philosophy, cull one apophthegm to console you for this trivial mischance?"

"Rot your rapidity! (faid the cynic, half-choked with gall) if the cancer or the pox were in your throat, I should not be thus tormented with your tongue: and yet a magpye shall speak

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infinitely more to the purpose. Don't you know, Mr. Wiseacre, that my case does not fall within the province of philosophy? Had I been curtailed of all my members, racked by the gout and gravel, deprived of liberty, robbed of an only child, or visited with the death of a dear friend like you, philosophy might have contributed to my confolation; but will philosophy pay my debts, or free me from the burthen of obligation to a set of fellows whom I despise? speak---pronounce---demonstrate---or may heaven close your mouth for ever!"

"These are the comfortable fruits of your mifanthropy (answered the youth), your laudable scheme of detaching yourself from the bonds of fociety, and of moving in a fuperior fphere of your own. Had not you been fo peculiarly fage, and intent upon laughing at mankind, you could never have been disconcerted by such a pitiful inconvenience: any friend would have accommodated you with the fum in question. But now the world may retort the laugh; for you stand upon fuch an agreeable footing with your acquaintance, that nothing could please them better than an account of your having given disappointment the flip, by the help of a noofe properly applied. This I mention by way of hint, upon which I would have you chew the cud of reflection; and should it come to that iffue, I will use my whole interest with the coroner, to bring in his verdict Lunacy, that your carcafe may have christian burial."

So faying, he withdrew, very well fatisfied with the revenge he had taken, which operated fo violently upon Crabtree, that if it had not been for the fole confideration mentioned above, he would,

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would, in all probability, have had recourse to the remedy proposed. But his unwillingness to oblige and entertain his fellow-creatures, hindered him from practising that expedient, till, by course of post, he was happily undeceived with regard to the situation of his affairs; and that information had such an effect upon him, that he not only forgave our hero for the stratagem, which he immediately ascribed to the right author, but also made him a tender of his purse; so that matters, for the present, were brought to an amicable accommodation.

Meanwhile, Peregrine never flacked in his attendance upon the great; he never omitted to appear upon every levee day, employed his industry and penetration in getting intelligence of posts that were unfilled, and every day recommended himself to the good offices of his patron, who seemed to espouse his interest with great cordiality: nevertheles, he was always too late in his application, or the place he demanded chanced to be out of the

minister's gift.

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These intimations, though communicated in the most warm professions of friendship and regard, gave great umbrage to the young gentleman, who considered them as the evasions of an infincere courtier, and loudly complained of them as such to his lordship, signifying, at the same time, an intention to sell his mortgage for ready money, which he would expend to the last farthing in thwarting his honour, in the very first election he should patronize. His lordship never wanted a proper exhortation upon these occasions: he did not now endeavour to pacify him with assurances of the minister's savour, because he perceived that these medicines had, by repeated

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use, lost their effect upon our adventurer, whose menaces he now combatted, by representing that the minister's purse was heavier than that of Mr. Pickle; that therefore, should he make a point of opposing his interest, the youth must infallibly sail in the contest: in which case he would find himself utterly destitute of the means of subsistence, and consequently precluded from all hope of

provision.

This was an observation, the truth of which our young gentleman could not pretend to doubt, though it did not at all tend to the vindication of his honour's conduct. Indeed Pickle began to suspect the sincerity of his own patron, who, in his opinion, had trifled with his impatience, and even eluded, by sorry excuses, his desire of having another private audience of the first mover. His lordship also began to be less accessible than usual; and Peregrine had been obliged to dun the steward with repeated demands, before he could singer the

last quarter of his interest. Alarmed by these considerations, he went and confulted the nobleman, whom he had obliged in the affair of his fon; and had the mortification to hear but a very indifferent character of the person in whom he had fo long confided. This new advifer, who (though a courtier) was a rival of the other, gave our adventurer to understand, that he had been leaning upon a broken reed; that his professed patron was a man of a shattered fortune and decayed interest, which extended no farther than a smile and a whisper; that for his own part, he should have been proud of an opportunity to use his influence with the minister in behalf of Mr. Pickle: "But, fince you have put yourself under the protection of another peer (faid he), whofe

whose connexions interfere with mine, I cannot now espouse your cause, without incurring the imputation of feducing that nobleman's adherents; a charge which, of all others, I would most carefully avoid. However, I shall always be ready to affift you with my private advice, as a specimen of which, I now counsel you to infift upon having another interview with Sir Steady Steerwell himfelf, that you may in person explain your pretenfions, without any risque of being misrepresented; and endeavour, if possible, to draw him into some particular promise, from which he cannot retract, with any regard to his reputation: for general profession is a necessary armour worn by all ministers in their own defence, against the importunity of those whom they will not befriend, and would not disoblige."

This advice was fo conformable to his own fentiments, that our adventurer feized the first opportunity to demand an hearing; and plainly told his patron, that if he could not be indulged with that favour, he should look upon his lordship's influence to be very small, and his own hopes to be altogether desperate; in which case, he was resolved to dispose of the mortgage, purchase an annuity, and

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CHAP. XCII.

He is indulged with a second audience by the minister, of whose sincerity he is convinced. His pride and ambition revive, and again are mortified.

1F the young gentleman's money had been in other hands, perhaps the peer would have been at very little pains, either in gratifying his demand, or opposing his revenge; but he knew that the sale of the mortgage could not be effected without an inquiry, to which he did not wish to be exposed. He therefore employed all his interest in procuring the folicited audience. This being granted, Peregrine, with great warmth and elocution, expatiated upon the injury his fortune had fuffered in the affair of the borough, for which he had stood candidate; he took notice of the disappointment he had fustained in the other election, reminded him of the promifes with which he had been amused, and, in conclusion, defired to know what he had to expect from his favour.

The minister having patiently heard him to an end, replied with a most gracious aspect, that he was very well informed of his merit and attachment, and very much disposed to convince him of the regard which he paid to both; that till of late he did not know the nature of his expectations, neither had he the power of creating posts for those whom he was inclined to serve; but if Mr. Pickle would chalk out any feasible method, by which he could manifest his sentiments of

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friendship, he should not be backward in executing

the plan.

Peregrine laying hold on this declaration, mentioned feveral places which he knew to be vacant: but the old evafion was still used: one of them was not in his department of business; another had been promifed to the third fon of a certain earl, before the death of the last possessor; and a third was incumbered with a pension that ate up a good half of the appointments. In short, such obstructions were flarted to all his propofals, as he could not possibly furmount; though he plainly perceived, they were no other than specious pretexts to cover the mortifying fide of a refusal. Exasperated, therefore, at this lack of fincerity and gratitude, "I can easily foresee (said he), that such difficulties will never be wanting, when I have any thing to ask; and for that reason will save myself the trouble of any farther application. So faying, he withdrew in a very abrupt manner, breathing defiance and revenge. But his patron, who did not think proper to drive him to extremities, found means to perfuade his honour to do fomething for the pacification of the young man's choler: and that fame evening our adventurer received a meffage from his lordship, desiring to see him immediately.

In consequence of this intimation, Pickle went to his house, and appeared before him with a very cloudy aspect, which signified to whom it might concern, that his temper was at present too much galled to endure reproof; and therefore the sagacious peer forbore taking him to task for his behaviour during the audience he had obtained; but gave him to understand, that the

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minister, in consideration of his services, had fent him a bank-note of three hundred pounds, with a promise of the like sum yearly, until he could be otherwise provided for. This declaration in some measure appealed the youth, who condescended to accept the present; and next levee day, made his acknowledgment to the donor, who favoured him with a fmile of infinite complacency, which entirely dislipated all the remains of his refentment; for, as he could not possibly divine the true cause of his being temporized with, he looked upon this condescension as an undoubted proof of Sir Steady's fincerity, and firmly believed, that he would fettle him in fome place with the first opportunity, rather than continue to pay this pension out of his own pocket. In all probability, his prediction would have been verified, had not an unforeseen accident in a moment overwhelmed the bark of his interest at court.

Meanwhile, this fhort gleam of good fortune recalled the ideas of pride and ambition, which he had formerly cherished. His countenance was again lifted up, his good humour retrieved, and his mien re-exalted. Indeed, he began to be confidered as a rifing man by his fellow-dependents, who faw the particular notice with which he was favoured at the public levee; and some of them, for that reason, were at pains to court his good graces. He no longer shunned his former intimates, with whom a good part of his fortune had been spent, but made up to them in all places of public refort, with the same ease and familiarity as he had been used to express, and even reimbarked in some of their excesses, upon the strength of his fanguine expectation. Cadwallader and he renewed

renewed their consultations in the court of ridicule; and divers exploits were atchieved, to the consusion of those who had failed into the North of

their displeasure.

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But these enjoyments were soon interrupted by a misfortune equally fatal and unexpected: his noble patron was feized with an apoplectic fit, from which he was recovered by the physicians, that they might dispatch him according to rule; and, in two months after they were called, he went the way of all flesh. Peregrine was very much afflicted at this event, not only on account of his friendship for the deceased, to whom he thought himself under many and great obligations, but alfo, because he feared that his own interest would fuffer a fevere shock, by the removal of this nobleman, whom he confidered as its chief support. He put himself therefore in mourning, out of regard to the memory of his departed friend, and exhibited genuine marks of forrow and concern; though he had, in reality, more cause to grieve than he as yet imagined.

When quarter day came about, he applied to the steward of his lordship's heir for the interest of his money, as usual; and the reader will readily own he had some reason to be surprized, when he was told he had no claim either to principal or interest. True it is, the manager talked very civilly as well as sensibly upon the subject. "Your appearance, Sir, (said he to Pickle) screens you from all suspicion of an intended fraud; but the mortgage upon those lands you mention, was granted to another person many years before you pretend to have lent that sum; and I have, this very morning, paid one quarter's interest, as appears from

from this receipt, which you may peruse for your fatisfaction."

Peregrine was fo thunder-struck at this information, which stripped him of his all, that he could not utter one word; a circumstance that did no great honour to his character, in the opinion of the steward, who, in good earnest, began to entertain some doubts of his integrity: for, among the papers of the deceased, which he had examined, there was no writing, memorandum, or receipt, relating to this incumbrance. After a long paule of stupefaction, Peregrine recollected himself so far as to observe, that either he was egregiously mistaken, or the predecessor of his lord the greatest villain upon earth. "But, Mr. Whatdyecallum, (faid he) you must give me leave to tell you, that your bare affertion, in this affair, will by no means induce me to put up quietly with the lofs of ten thousand pounds."

Having thus expressed himself, he retired from the house so discontented at this demur, that he fearce knew whether he moved upon his head or heels; and the park chancing to lie in his way, he fauntered about, giving vent to a foliloquy in praise of his departed friend, the burthen of which was a string of incoherent curses imprecated upon himself; till his transports, by degrees, giving way to his reflection, he deliberated feriously and forrowfully upon his misfortune, and refolved to confult lawyers without loss of time. But, first of all, he proposed to make personal application to the heir, who, by a candid representation of the case,

might be inclined to do him justice.

In consequence of this determination, he next morning put his writings in his pocket, and went

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in a chair to the house of the young nobleman, to whom being admitted by virtue of his appearance, and a small gratification to the porter, he explained the whole affair, corroborating his affertions with the papers which he produced, and describing the disgrace that would be entailed upon the memory of the deceased, should he be obliged to seek

redrefs in a public court of justice.

The executor, who was a person of good breeding, condoled him upon his loss with great good-nature, though he did not feem much furprized at his account of the matter; but wished. that fince the fraud must have been committed, the damage had fallen upon the first mortgager, who (he faid) was a thievish usurer, grown rich by the distresses of his fellow-creatures. In anfwer to our hero's remonstrances, he observed. that he did not look upon himself as obliged to pay the least regard to the character of his predecessor, who had used him with great barbarity and injuffice, not only in excluding him from his countenance and affiftance, but also in prejudicing his inheritance, as much as lay in his power; fo that it could not be reasonably expected, that he would pay ten thousand pounds of his debt, for which he had received no value. Peregrine, in spite of his chagrin, could not help owning within himself, that there was a good deal of reason in this resusal. After having given loofe to his indignation, in the most violent invectives against the defunct, he took his leave of the complaifant heir, and had immediate recourse to the advice of counsel, who affured him that he had an excellent plea, and was accordingly retained in the cause.

All these measures were taken in the first vigour of his exertion, during which his fpirits were fo flustered with the diversity of passions produced by his mischance, that he mistook for equanimity that which was no other than intoxication; and two whole days elapfed before he attained a due fense of his misfortune. Then indeed he underwent a woeful felf-examination; every circumstance of the enquiry added fresh pangs to his reflexion; and the refult of the whole was a difcovery, that his fortune was totally confumed, and himself reduced to a state of the most deplorable dependance. This fuggestion alone might (in the anguish of his despondency) have driven him to fome desperate course, had not it been in some measure qualified by the confidence of his lawyers, and the affurance of the minister, which (flender as the world hath generally found them) were the only bulwarks between mifery and him.

The mind is naturally pliable, and, provided it has the least hope to lean upon, adapts itself wonderfully to the emergencies of fortune, especially when the imagination is gay and luxuriant. This was the case with our adventurer; instead of indulging the melancholy ideas which his loss inspired, he had recourse to the flattering delusions of hope, soothing himself with unsubstantial plans of future greatness, and endeavouring to cover what was past with the veil of oblivion.

After fome hesitation, he resolved to make Crabtree acquainted with his missortune, that once for all he might pass the ordeal of his satire, without subjecting himself to a long series of farcastic hints and doubtful allusions, which he could not endure. He accordingly

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took the first opportunity of telling him, that he was absolutely ruined by the persidy of his patron, and defired that he would not aggravate his assistance to men of his misanthropical disposition. Cadwallader listened to this declaration with internal surprize, which, however, produced no alteration in his countenance; and after some pause, observed, that our hero had no reason to look for any new observation from him upon this event, which he had long foreseen, and daily expected; and exhorted him, with an ironical sneer, to console himself with the promise of the minister, who would doubtless discharge the debts of his deceased bosom-friend.

CHAP. XCIII.

Peregrine commits himself to the public, and is admitted member of a college of authors.

THE bitterness of this explanation being passed, our young gentleman began to revolve within himself schemes for making up the deficiencies of his yearly income, which was now so grievously reduced, and determined to profit, in some shape or other, by those talents which he owed to nature and education. He had, in his affluence, heard of several authors, who, without any pretensions to genius, or human literature, earned a very genteel subsistence, by undertaking work for booksellers, in which reputation was not at all concerned. One (for example) professed all manner of translation,

tion, at fo much per sheet, and actually kept five or fix amanuerses continually employed, like so many clerks in a compting-house; by which means, he was enabled to live at his ease, and enjoy his friend and his bottle, ambitious of no other character than that of an honest man, and a good neighbour. Another projected a variety of plans for new dictionaries, which were executed under his eye by day-labourers; and the province of a third was history and voyages, collected or abridged by un-

derstrappers of the same class.

Mr. Pickle, in his comparisons, paid such deference to his own capacity, as banished all doubts of his being able to excel any of those undertakers, in their different branches of profession, if ever he fhould be driven to that experiment: but his ambition prompted him to make his interest and glory coincide, by attempting fome performance which should do him honour with the public, and at the fame time establish his importance among the copypurchasers in town. With this view he worshipped the muse; and, conscious of the little regard which is, in this age, paid to every species of poetic compolition, in which neither fatire nor obscenity occurs, he produced an imitation of Juvenal, and lashed some conspicuous characters, with equal truth, spirit, and severity. Though his name did not appear in the title-page of this production, he managed matters fo, as that the work was univerfally imputed to the true author, who was not altogether disappointed in his expectations of success; for the impression was immediately fold off, and the piece became the subject of conversation in all affemblies of tafte.

This happy exordium not only attracted the addresses of the booksellers, who made interest

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for his acquaintance, but also roused the notice of a society of authors, who styled themselves the college, from which he was honoured with a deputation, offering to enrol him a member, by unanimous consent. The person employed for this purpose, being a bard who had formerly tasted of our hero's bounty, used all his eloquence to persuade him to comply with the advances of their fraternity, which he described in such a manner, as inslamed the curiosity of Pickle, who dismissed the embassador, with an acknowledgment of the great honour they conferred upon him, and a faithful promise of endeavouring to merit the continuance of their approbation.

He was afterwards, by the fame minister, instructed in the ceremonies of the college; and, in consequence of his information, composed an ode, to be publicly recited on the evening of his introduction. He understood, that this constitution was no other than a body of authors, incorporated by mutual confent, for their joint advantage and fatisfaction, opposed to another affembly of the fame kind, their avowed enemies and detractors. No wonder then, that they fought to strengthen themselves with such a valuable acquisition as our hero was like to prove. The college confifted of authors only, and these of all degrees in point of reputation, from the fabricator of a fong fet to music, and fung at Marybone, to the dramatic bard who had appeared in bulkins upon the stage: nay, one of the members had actually finished eight books of an epic poem, for the publication of which, he was, at that time, foliciting fubfcriptions.

It cannot be supposed that such a congregation of the sons of Apollo would set a whole evening

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with order and decorum unless they were under the check of some established authority: and this inconvenience having been foreseen, they had elected a president, vested with full power to filence any member or members, that should attempt to disturb the harmony and subordination of the whole. The fage, who at this time polfessed the chair, was a person in years, whose countenance was a lively portraiture of that rancorous discontent which follows repeated damnation. He had been extremely unfortunate in his theatrical productions, and was (to use the words of a profane wag, who affifted at the condemnation of his last play) by this time damn'd beyond redemption. Nevertheless, he still tarried about the skirts of Parnassus, translating some of the classics, and writing miscellanies; and, by dint of an invincible affurance, supercilious infolence, the most undaunted virulence of tongue, and some knowledge of life, he made shift to acquire and maintain the character of a man of learning and wit, in the opinion of people who had neither; that is, thirty-nine in forty of those with whom he affociated himself. He was even looked upon in this light by some few of the college; though the major part of those who favoured his election, were fuch as dreaded his malice, respected his experience and seniority, or hated his competitor, who was the epic poet.

The chief end of this fociety (as I have already hinted) was to affift and support each other in their productions, which they mutually recommended to sale, with all their art and influence, not only in private conversation, but also in occasional epigrams, criticisms, and advertisements inserted in the public papers. This science,

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which is known by the vulgar appellation of puffing, they carried to fuch a pitch of finefle, that an author very often wrote an abusive anfwer to his own performance, in order to inflame the curiofity of the town, by which it had been overlooked. Notwithstanding this general unanimity in the college, a private animofity had long fubfifted between the two rivals I have mentioned, on account of precedence, to which both laid claim, though by a majority of votes, it had been decided in favour of the present chairman. The grudge indeed never proceeded to any degree of outrage or defiance, but manifested itself at every meeting, in attempts to eclipse each other in fmart fayings and pregnant repartee; fo that there was always a delicate mess of this kind of wit ferved up in the front of the evening, for the entertainment and example of the junior members, who never failed to divide upon this occasion, declaring themselves for one or other of the combatants, whom they encouraged by their looks, gestures, and applause, according to the circumstances of the dispute.

This honourable confistory was held in the best room of an ale-house, which afforded wine, punch, or beer, suitable to the purse or inclination of every individual, who separately paid for his own choice: and here was our hero introduced in the midst of twenty strangers, who, by their looks and equipage, formed a very picturesque variety. He was received with a most gracious solemnity; and placed upon the right hand of the president, who having commanded silence, recited aloud his introductory ode, which met with universal approbation. Then was tendered to him the customary oath, obliging

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him to confult the honour and advantage of the fociety as far as it should lie in his power, in every station of life: and this being taken, his temples were bound with a wreath of laurel, which was kept facred for such inauguration.

When these rites were performed with all due ceremony, the new member cast his eyes around the place, and took a more accurate furvey of his brethren; among whom he observed a strange collection of periwigs, with regard to the colour, fashions, and dimensions, which were such as he had never feen before. Those who fat on each fide, nearest the prefident, were generally distinguished by venerable tyes, the foretops of which exhibited a furprifing diversity; some of them rose slanting backwards, like the glacis of a fortification; some were elevated in two diftinct eminences, like the hills Helicon and Parnaffus; and others were curled and reflected, as the horns of Jupiter Ammon. Next to thefe, the majors took place, many of which were mere fuccedanea, made by the application of an occafional rose to the tail of a lank bob; and in the lower form appeared masses of hair, which would admit of no description.

Their cloaths were tolerably well fuited to the furniture of their heads, the apparel of the upper bench being decent and clean, while that of the fecond class was threadbare and foiled: and at the lower end of the room, he perceived divers efforts made to conceal their rent breeches and dirty linen: nay, he could distinguish by their countenances, the different kinds of poetry in which they exercised the muse: he saw Tragedy conspicuous in a grave solemnity of regard, Satire lowering in a frown of envy and discontent, Elegy whining

whining in a funeral aspect, Pastoral dozing in a most insipid languor of face, Ode-writing delineated in a distracted stare, and Epigram squinting with a pert sneer. Perhaps our hero refined too much in his penetration, when he affirmed, that over and above these discoveries, he could plainly perceive the state of every one's sinances, and would have undertaken to have guessed each particular sum, without varying three farthings from the truth.

The conversation, instead of becoming general began to fall into parties; and the epic poet had actually attracted the attention of a private committee, when the chairman interposed, calling aloud, "No cabals, no conspiracies, gentlemen." His rival thinking it incumbent upon him to make some reply to this rebuke, answered, "We have no fecrets; he that hath ears, let him hear." This was spoke as an intimation to the company, whose looks were instantly whetted with the expectation of their ordinary meal: but the prefident feemed to decline the contest; for, without putting on his fighting face, he calmly replied, that he had feen Mr. Metaphor tip the wink, and whisper to one of his confederates, and thence judged, that there was fomething mysterious on the carpet.

The epic poet, believing his antagonist crestfallen, resolved to take the advantage of his dejection, that he might enhance his own character in the opinion of the stranger; and with that view asked, with an air of exultation, if a man might not be allowed to have a convulsion in his eye, without being suspected of a conspiracy. The president perceiving his drift, and piqued at his presumption, "To be sure (said he) a man of a weak head may be very well supposed to have convulsions in his eyes." This repartee produced a laugh of triumph among the chairman's adherents: one of whom observed, that his rival had got a fmart rap on the pate. "Yes, (replied the bard) in that respect Mr. Chairman has the advantage of me. Had my head been fortified with a horn-work, I should not have been so sensible of the stroke." This retort, which carried a fevere allusion to the president's wife, lighted up the countenances of the aggreffor's friends, which had begun to be a little obumbrated; and had a contrary effect upon the other faction, till their chief, collecting all his capacity, returned the falute, by observing, that there was no occasion for an horn-work, when the covered way was not worth defending.

Such a reprifal upon Mr. Metaphor's yokefellow, who was by no means remarkable for her beauty, could not fail to operate upon the hearers; and as for the bard himself, he was evidently ruffled by the reflection; to which, however, he, without hefitation, replied, " Egad! 'tis my opinion, that if your covered way was laid open, few people would venture to give the affault." "Not unless their batteries were more effectual than the fire of your wit," (faid the prefident.) " As for that matter (cried the other with precipitation), they would have no occasion to batter in breach; they would find the angle of the lapucelle bastion demolished to their hands: he, he!" "But I believe it would furpass your understanding (refumed the chairman), to fill up the fosse. "That, I own, is impracticable (replied the bard), there I should meet with an

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The president, exasperated at this infinuation, in presence of the new member, exclaimed with indignation in his looks, "and yet, if a body of pioneers were set at work upon your skull, they would find rubbish enough to choak up all the common sewers in town." Here a groan was uttered by the admirers of the epic poet, who, taking a pinch of snuff with great composure, "when a man grows scurrilous (said he), I take it for an undoubted proof of his overthrow." "If that be the case (cried the other), you yourself must be the vanquished party; for you was the first that was driven to personal abuse." "I appeal (answered the bard) to those who can distinguish. Gentlemen, your

judgment?"

This reference produced an universal clamour, and the whole college was involved in confusion. Every man entered into dispute with his neighbour, on the merits of this cause. The chairman interposed his authority in vain; the noise grew louder and louder; the disputants waxed warm; the epithets of blockhead, fool, and scoundrel were bandied about. Peregrine enjoyed the uproar, and leaping on the table, founded the charge to battle, which was immediately commenced in ten different duels. The lights were extinguished; the combatants threshed one another without distinction; the mischievous Pickle distributed fundry random blows in the dark; and the people below, being alarmed with the found of application, the overturning of chairs, and the outcries of those who were engaged, came up stairs in a body with lights to reconnoitre, and, if possible, quell this hideous tumult.

Objects were no fooner rendered visible, than the field of battle exhibited strange groupes of the standing and the fallen. Each of Mr. Metaphor's eyes was furrounded with a circle of a livid hue; and the president's nose distilled a quantity of clotted blood. One of the tragic authors, finding himself affaulted in the dark, had, by way of a poinard, employed upon his adverfary's throat a knife which lay upon the table, for the convenience of cutting cheese; but, by the bleffing of God, the edge of it was not keen enough to enter the skin, which it had only scratched in divers places. A Satirist had almost bit off the ear of a lyric bard. Shirts and neckcloths were torn to rags; and there was fuch a woeful wreck of periwigs on the floor, that no examination could adjust the property of the owners, the greatest part of whom were obliged to use handkerchiefs by way of night cap.

The fray, however, ceased at the approach of those who interposed; part of the combatants being tired of an exercise, in which they had received nothing but hard blows; part of them being intimidated by the remonstrances of the landlord and his company, who threatened to call the watch: and a very sew being ashamed of the scandalous dispute in which they were detected. But though the battle was ended, it was impossible, for that evening, to restore harmony and good order to the society, which broke up, after the president had pronounced a short and consusted apology to our adventurer, for the indecent uproar which had unfortunately happened on the

first night of his admission.

Indeed, Peregrine deliberated with himself, whether or not his reputation would allow him

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to appear again among this venerable fraternity: but, as he knew some of them to be men of real genius, how ridiculous soever their carriage might be modified, and was of that laughing disposition, which is always seeking food for mirth, as Horace observes of Philippus,

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he refolved to frequent the college, notwithstanding this accident, which happened at his inauguration; being thereto, moreover, induced by his desire of knowing the private history of the stage, with which he supposed some of the members perfectly well acquainted. He was also visited, before the next meeting, by his introductor, who assured him, that such a tumult had never happened since the sirst institution of the assembly, till that very night; and promised, that for the suture, he should have no cause to be scandalized at their behaviour.

Perfuaded by these motives and affurances, he trusted himself once more in the midst of their community, and every thing proceeded with great decorum; all dispute and altercation was avoided, and the college applied itself seriously to the purposes of its meeting, namely, to hear the grievances of individuals, and affist them with salutary advice. The first person that craved redress, was a noisy North Briton, who complained (in a strange dialect) that he had, in the beginning of the season, presented a comedy to the manager of a certain theatre, who, after it had lain six weeks in his hands, returned it to the author, affirming there was neither sense nor English in the performance.

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The prefident (who, by the bye, had revised the piece) thinking his own reputation concerned, declared, in presence of the whole society, that with regard to sense, he would not undertake to vindicate the production; but, in point of language, no fault could be justly laid to its charge: "The case, however, is very plain (said he), the manager never gave himself the trouble to peruse the play, but formed a judgment of it from the conversation of the author, never dreaming that it had undergone the revifal of an English writer; be that as it will, you are infinitely obliged to him for having dispatched you so soon, and I shall have the better opinion of him for it fo long as I live; for I have known otherguise authors than you (that is, in point of interest and fame) kept in continual attendance and dependence during the best part of their lives, and after all disappointed in the expectation of feeing their performances exhibited on the stage."

CHAP. XCIV.

Further proceedings of the College.

THIS affair was no fooner discussed, than another gentleman exhibited a complaint, signifying, that he had undertaken to translate into English, a certain celebrated author, who had been cruelly mangled by former attempts; and that, soon as his design took air, the proprietors of those miserable translations had endeavoured to prejudice his work, by industrious infinuations, contrary to truth

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truth and fair-dealing, importing, that he did not understand one word of the language which he pretended to translate. This being a case that nearly concerned the greatest part of the audience, it was taken into ferious deliberation : fome observed, that it was not only a malicious effort against the plaintiff, but also a spiteful advertisement to the public, tending to promote an enquiry into the abilities of all other translators, few of whom (it was well known) were fo qualified, as to stand the test of such examination. Others said, that over and above this confideration, which ought to have its due weight with the college, there was a necesfity for concerting measures to humble the prefumption of booksellers, who had, from time immemorial, taken all opportunities to oppress and enflave their authors; not only by limiting men of genius to the wages of journeymen taylors, without even allowing them one fabbath in the week, but also in taking such advantages of their necessities, as were inconsistent with justice and humanity. " For example (faid one of the members), after I myself had acquired a little reputation with the town, I was careffed by one of those tyrants who professed a friendship for me, and even supplied me with money, according to the exigencies of my fituation; fo that I looked upon him as the mirrour of difinterested benevolence; and had he known my disposition, and treated me accordingly, I should have writ for him upon his own terms. After I had used his friendship in this manner for some time, I happened to have occasion for a small sum of money, and with great confidence made another application to my good friend; when all of a sudden he put a stop to his generofity, refused to accommodate me in the most F 2 abrupt

abrupt and mortifying ftyle; and though I was at that time pretty far advanced in a work for his benefit, which was a fufficient fecurity for what I owed him, he roundly asked, how I proposed to pay the money which I had already borrowed? Thus was I used like a young whore just come upon the town, whom the bawd allows to run into her debt, that she may have it in her power to oppress her at pleasure; and if the sufferer complains, she is treated like the most ungrateful wretch upon earth; and that too with fuch appearance of reason, as may easily mislead an unconcerned spectator. "You unthankful drab! (fhe will fay) did'n't I take you into my house when you had'n't a shift to your back, a petticoat to your tail, nor a morfel of bread to put into your belly? Ha'n't I cloathed you from head to foot like a gentlewoman, supported you with board, lodging, and all necessaries, till your own extravagance hath brought you into diftrefs; and now you have the impudence, you nafty, stinking brimstone bungaway! to say you are hardly dealt with, when I demand no more than my own?" Thus the whore and the author is equally oppressed, and even left without the melancholy privilege of complaining; fo that they are fain to fubscribe to such terms as their creditors shall please to impose."

This illustration operated so powerfully upon the conviction and refentment of the whole college, that revenge was universally denounced against those who had aggrieved the plaintiff; and after some debate it was agreed, that he should make a new translation of some other saleable book, in opposition to a former version belonging to the delinquents, and print it in such a small

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fize, as would enable him to underfell their property; and that this new translation should be recommended and introduced into the world with the

whole art and influence of the fociety.

This affair being fettled to the fatisfaction of all present, an author of some character stood up, and craved the advice and affiftance of his fellows, in punishing a certain nobleman of great pretentions to talle, who, in confequence of a production which this gentleman had ushered into the world with universal applause, not only defired but even eagerly courted his acquaintance. "He invited me to his house (faid he), where I was overwhelmed with civility and professions of friendship. He insisted upon my treating him as an intimate, and calling upon him at all hours, without ceremony; he made me promise to breakfast with him at least three times a week: In short, I looked upon myself as very fortunate, in meeting with fuch advances from a man of his interest and reputation; who had it in his power to befriend me effectually in my paffage through life; and, that I might not give him any cause to think I neglected his friendship, I went to his house in two days, with a view of drinking chocolate, according to appointment: but he had been so much fatigued with dancing at an affembly over night, that his valet-de-chambre would not venture to wake him so early; and I left my compliments to his lordship, with a performance in manuscript, which he had expressed a most eager defire to peruse. I repeated my visit next morning, that his impatience to fee me might not have some violent effect upon his constitution; and received a meffage from his minister. fignifying, that he had been highly entertained with

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with the manuscript I had left, a great part of which he had read, but was at prefent so busy in contriving a proper drefs for a private masquerade, which would be given that same evening, that he could not have the pleasure of my company at breakfast. This was a feasible excuse, which I admitted accordingly, and in a day or two appeared again, when his lordship was particularly engaged. This might possibly be the case; and therefore I returned the fourth time, in hopes of finding him more at leifure; but he had gone out about half an hour before my arrival, and left my performance with his valet-de-chambre, who affured me, that his lord had perused it with infinite pleasure. Perhaps I might have retired very well fatisfied with this declaration, had not I, in my paffage through the hall, heard one of the footmen, upon the top of the stair-case, pronounce with an audible voice, "Will your lordship please to be at home, when he calls?" It is not to be supposed that I was pleased at this discovery, which I no fooner made, than turning to my conductor, " I find (faid I), his lordship is disposed to be abroad to more people than me this morning." The fellow (though a valet-de-chambre) blushed at this observation; and I withdrew, not a little irritated at the peer's difingenuity, and fully refolved to spare him my visits for the future. It was not long after this occafion, that I happened to meet him in the park, and being naturally civil, I could not pass him without a falutation of the hat, which he returned in the most distant manner, though we were both folitary, and not a foul within view; and when that very performance, which he had applauded fo warmly, was lately published by subscription,

subscription, he did not bespeak so much as one copy. I have often reslected with wonder upon this inconsistency in his conduct. I never courted his patronage, nor indeed thought of his name, until he made interest for my acquaintance; and if he was disappointed in my conversation, why did he press me so much to further con-

nexion?"

"The case is very clear (cried the chairman interrupting him), he is one of those connoisseurs who fet up for tafte, and value themselves upon knowing all men of genius, whom they would be thought to affift in their productions. I will lay an even bett with any man, that his lordship, on the strength of that slender interview, together with the opportunity of having feen your performance in manuscript, has already hinted to every company in which he is conversant, that you folicited his affiftance in re-touching the piece, which you have now offered to the publie, and that he was pleased to favour you with his advice, but found you obstinately bigoted to your own opinion, in some points relating to those very passages which have not met with the approbation of the town. As for his careffes, there was nothing at all extraordinary in his behaviour. By that time you have lived to my age, you will not be furprised to see a courtier's promise and performance of a different complexion; not but that I would willingly act as an auxiliary in your resentment."

The opinion of the president was strengthened by the concurrence of all the members; and all other complaints and memorials being deferred till another sitting, the college proceeded to an exercise of wit, which was generally performed once every

fortnight,

fortnight, with a view to promote the expectoration of genius. The subject was occasionally chofen by the chairman, who opened the game with some shrewd remark naturally arising from the conversation; and then the ball was tossed about from one corner of the room to the other, accord-

ing to the motions of the spirit.

That the reader may have a just idea of this sport, and of the abilities of those who carried it on, I shall repeat the sallies of this evening, according to the order and fuccession in which they escaped. One of the members observing that Mr. Metaphor was absent, was told by the person who sat next to him, that the poet had foul weather at home, and could not stir abroad. "What! (faid the prefident interpoling, with the fignal upon his countenance) is he windbound in port?" "Wine-bound, I suppose," (cried another). "Hooped with wine! a strange metaphor!" (said the third). " Not if he has got into a hogshead," (answered the fourth). "The hogshead will sooner get into him, (replied a fifth) it must be a tun or an ocean." "No wonder then, if he should be overwhelmed," (faid a fixth). "If he should, (cried a seventh) he will cast up when his gall breaks." "That must be very soon (roared an eighth), for it has been long ready to burst." "No, no (obferved a ninth), he'll stick fast at the bottom, take my word for it; he has a natural alacrity in finking." " And yet (remarked a tenth), I have feen him in the clouds." "Then was he cloudy, I suppose," (cried the eleventh). "So dark, (replied the other) that his meaning could not be perceived." "For all that (faid the twelfth), he is easily feen through." "You talk ' talk (answered the thirteenth) as if his head was made of glass." " No, no, (cried a fourteenth) his head is made of more durable fluff; it will bend before it breaks." "Yet I have feen it broken," (refumed the president). "Did you perceive any wit come out at the hole?" (faid another). "His wit (replied the chairman) is too fubtle to be perceived."

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A third mouth was just opened, when the exercife was fuddenly interrupted by the dreadful cry of fire, which issued from the kitchen, and involved the whole college in confusion. Every man endeavouring to be the first in making his exit, the door and passage were blocked up; each individual was pummelled by the person that happened to be behind him. This communication produced noise and exclamation; clouds of smoke rolled upwards into the apartment, and terror fat on every brow; when Peregrine, feeing no prospect of retreating by the door, opened one of the windows, and fairly leaped into the street, where he found a crowd of people affembled to contribute their affistance in extinguishing the flames. Several members of the college followed his example, and happily accomplished their escape: the chairman himself, being unwilling to use the fame expedient, stood trembling on the brink of descent, dubious of his own agility, and dreading the confequence of fuch a leap, when a chair happening to pass, he laid hold on the opportunity, and by an exertion of his muscles pitched upon the top of the carriage, which was immediately overturned in the kennel, to the grievous annoyance of the fare, which happened to be a certain effeminate beau, in full drefs, on his way to a private affembly.

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This phantom hearing the noise overhead, and feeling the shock of being overthrown, at the same time, thought that some whole tenement had sallen upon the chair, and, in the terror of being crushed to pieces, uttered a scream, which the populace supposed to proceed from the mouth of a woman; and therefore went to his assistance, while the chairmen, instead of ministering to his occasions, no sooner recollected themselves, than they ran in pursuit of their overthrower, who being accustomed to escapes from bailists, dived into a dark alley, and vanishing in a trice, was not visible to any living soul, until he appeared next

day on Tower-hill.

The humane part of the mob, who bestirred themselves for the relief of the supposed lady, no fooner perceived their mistake in the appearance of the beau, who stared around him with horror and affright, than their compassion was changed into mirth, and they began to pass a great many unfavoury jokes upon his misfortune, which they now discovered no inclination to alleviate; and he found himfelf very uncomfortably befet, when Pickle, pitying his fituation, interposed in his behalf, and prevailed upon the chairmen to carry him into the house of an apothecary in the neighbourhood, to whom his mischance proved a very advantageous accident; for the fright operated fo violently upon his nerves, that he was feized with a delirium, and lay a whole fortnight deprived of his fenses; during which period he was not neglected in point of medicines, food, and attendance, but royally regaled, as appeared by the contents of his landlord's bill.

Our adventurer having feen this unfortunate beau fafely housed, returned to the scene of the other calamity, which, as it was no other than a foul chimney, foon yielded to the endeavours of the family, and was happily overcome, without any other bad confequence than that of alarming the neighbours, diffurbing the college, and dif-

ordering the brain of a beau.

Eager to be acquainted with the particular constitutions of a society which seemed to open upon him by degrees, Mr. Pickle did not fail to appear at the next meeting, when feveral petitions were laid before the board, in behalf of those members who were confined in the prisons of the Fleet, Marshalsea, and King's-bench. As those unhappy authors expected nothing from their brethren but advice and good offices, which did not concern the purse, the memorials were confidered with great care and humanity; and, upon this occasion, Peregrine had it in his power to manifest his importance to the community; for he happened to be acquainted with the creditor of one of the prisoners, and knew that gentleman's feverity was owing to his refentment at the behaviour of the debtor, who had lampooned him in print, because he refused to comply with a fresh demand, after he had fent him money to the amount of a confiderable fum. Our young gentleman therefore understanding that the author was penitent, and disposed to make a reasonable fubmission, promised to employ his influence with the creditor, towards an accommodation; and in a few days actually obtained his releafe.

The focial duties being discharged, the conversation took a general turn, and several new productions were freely criticised; those especially which belonged to authors who were either

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unconnected with, or unknown to, the college. Nor did the profession of stage-playing escape the cognizance of the assembly: a deputation of the most judicious members being sent weekly to each theatre, with a view of making remarks upon the performance of the actors. The censors for the preceding week were accordingly called upon to give in their report; and the play which they had

reviewed was the Revenge.

" Mr. Q (faid the fecond cenfor), take him all in all, is certainly the most complete and unblemished performer that ever appeared on our stage, notwithstanding the blind adoration which is paid to his rival. I went two nights ago, with an express design to criticise his action: I could find no room for censure, but infinite subject for admiration and applause. In Pierre he is great, in Othello excellent, but in Zanga beyond all imitation. Over and above the diffinctness of pronunciation, the dignity of attitude, and exprellion of face, his gestures are so just and significant, that a man, though utterly bereft of the sense of hearing, might, by feeing him only, understand the meaning of every word he speaks! Sure nothing can be more exquisite than his manner of telling Isabella how Alonzo behaved when he found the incendiary letter which he had dropt by the Moor's direction; and when, to crown his vengeance, he discovers himself to be the contriver of all the mischief that had happened, he manifests a perfect master-piece of action, in pronouncing these four little monosyllables, Know, then, 'twas-I." .

Peregrine having eyed the critic fome minutes, "I fancy (faid he), your praise must be ironical, because, in the very two situations you

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mention, I think I have feen that player out-herod Herod, or, in other words, exceed all his other extravagances. The intention of the author is, that the Moor should communicate to his confidente a piece of information contained in a few lines, which, doubtless, ought to be repeated with an air of eagerness and satisfaction, not with the ridiculous grimace of a monkey, to which, methought, his action bore an intimate resemblance, in uttering this plain sentence:

In pronouncing the first two words, this egregious actor stoops down, and seems to take up something from the stage, then proceeding to repeat what sollows, mimicks the manner of unsolding a letter; when he mentions the simile of an arrow piercing the eye, he darts his fore singer towards that organ, then recoils with great violence when the word started is expressed; and when he comes to trembling dropt it on the ground, he throws all his limbs into a tremulous motion, and shakes the imaginary paper from his hand. The latter part of the description is carried on with the same minute gesticulation, while he says,

Pale and aghast a while my vistim stood, Disguis'd a sigh or two, and puff'd them from him; Then rubb'd his brow, and took it up again.

The player's countenance assumes a wild stare, he sighs twice most piteously, as if he were on the

the point of fuffocation, scrubs his forehead, and bending his body, apes the action of snatching an object from the floor. Nor is this dexterity of dumb shew omitted, when he concludes his intimation in these three lines:

At first he look'd as if he meant to read it; But, check'd by rising fears, he crush'd it thus, And thrust it, like an adder, in his bosom.

Here the judicious performer imitates the confusion and concern of Alonzo, seems to cast his eyes upon fomething, from which they are immediately withdrawn with horror and precipitation, then shutting his fift with a violent squeeze, as if he intended to make immediate application to Isabella's nose, he rams it in his own bosom, with all the horror and agitation of a thief taken in the manner. Were the player debarred the use of fpeech, and obliged to act to the eyes only of the audience, this mimickry might be a necessary conveyance of his meaning; but when he is at liberty to fignify his ideas by language, nothing can be more trivial, forced, unnatural, and antic, than this superfluous mummery. Not that I would exclude from the representation the graces of action, without which the choicest sentiments, cloathed in the most exquisite expression, would appear unanimated and infipid; but thefe are as different from this ridiculous burlesque, as is the demeanor of a Tully in the rostrum, from the tricks of a Jack-pudding on a mountebank's stage: and for the truth of what I allege, I appeal to the observation of any person who has considered the elegance of attitude and propriety of gesture, as they are universally acknowledged in the

the real characters of life. Indeed I have known a Gascon, whose limbs were as eloquent as his tongue: he never mentioned the word fleep without reclining his head upon his hand; when he had occasion to talk of an horse, he always started up and trotted across the room, except when he was fo fituated that he could not flir without incommoding the company, and in that case he contented himself with neighing aloud: if a dog happened to be the subject of his conversation, he wagged his tail, and grinned in a most fignificant manner; and one day he expressed his defire of going backwards with fuch natural imitation of his purpose, that every body in the room firmly believed he had actually overshot himself, and fortified their nostrils accordingly. Yet no man ever looked upon this virtuoso to be the standard of propriety in point of speaking and de-For my own part, I confess the player in question would, by dint of these qualifications, make a very good figure in the character of Pantaloon's lacquey, in the entertainment of Perseus and Andromeda, and perhaps might acquire some reputation, by turning the Revenge into a pantomime; in which case, I would advise him to come upon the stage, provided with an handful of flour, in order to befmear his face, when he pronounces pale and aghast, &c. and methinks he ought to illustrate the adder with an hideous hiss. But let us now come to the other fituation, in which this modern Æsopus is supposed to distinguish himself so much, I mean that same eclaircissement comprehended in Know then. 'twas -- I. His manner, I own, may be altered fince I was present at the representation of that performance; but certain I am, when I beheld

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him in that critical conjuncture, his behaviour appeared to me so uncouth, that I really imagined he was visited by some epileptic distemper; for he stood tottering and gasping for the space of two minutes, like a man suddenly struck with the palsy; and after various distortions and side shakings, as if he had got sleas in his doublet, heaved up from his lungs the letter I, like a huge anchor from soul ground."

This criticism was acceptable to the majority of the college, who had no great veneration for the player in question; and his admirer, without making any reply, asked, in a whisper, of the gentleman who sat next to him, if Pickle had not offered some production to the stage, and met with a repulse.

CHAP. XCV.

The young gentleman is introduced to a virtuoso of the first order, and commences Yelper.

HITHERTO Peregrine had professed himself an author without reaping the fruits of that
occupation, except the little same he had acquired
by his late satire; but now he thought it high
time to weigh folid pudding against empty praise;
and therefore engaged with some booksellers in a
certain translation, which he obliged himself to
perform for the consideration of two hundred
pounds. The articles of agreement being drawn,
he began his task with great eagerness, rose early
in the morning to his work, at which he laboured
all day long, went abroad with the bats in the
evening.

evening, and appeared in the coffee-house, where he amused himself with the news-papers and conversation till nine o'clock; then he retired to his own apartment, and after a slight repast, betook himself to rest, that he might be able to unroost with the cock. This sudden change from his former way of life agreed so ill with his disposition, that, for the first time, he was troubled with flatulencies and indigestion, which produced anxiety and dejection of spirits, and the nature of his situation began in some measure to discompose his brain; a discovery which he no sooner made, than he had recourse to the advice of a young physician, who was a member of the college of authors, at this time one of our hero's most intimate acquaintance.

The fon of Æsculapius having considered his case, imputed his diforder to the right cause, namely, want of exercise; diffuaded him from such close application to study, until he should be gradually familiarized to a fedentary life, advised him to enjoy his friend and his bottle in moderation, and wean himself from his former customs by degrees; and, above all things, to rife immediately after his first sleep, and exercise himself in a morning's walk. In order to render this last part of the prescription the more palatable, the doctor promised to attend him in these early excursions, and even to introduce him to a certain personage of note, who gave a fort of public breakfasting to the minor virtuosi of the age, and often employed his interest in behalf of those who properly cultivated his countenance and approbation.

This proposal was extremely acceptable to our young gentleman, who, besides the advan-

tage which might accrue to him from fuch a valuable connection, forefaw much entertainment and fatisfaction in the discourse of so many learned guests. The occasions of his health and interest. moreover, coincided in another circumstance; the minister's levee being kept by times in the morning; fo that he could perform his walk, yield his attendance, and breakfast at this philosophical board, without encroaching a great deal upon his other avocations.

Measures being thus preconcerted, the physician conducted our adventurer to the house of this celebrated fage, to whom he recommended him as a gentleman of genius and tafte, who craved the honour of his acquaintance; but he had previously fmoothed the way to his introduction, by reprefenting Peregrine as a young fellow of great ambition, spirit, and address, who could not fail to make a figure in the world; that therefore, he would be a creditable addition to the subordinates of fuch a patron, and by his qualifications, intrepidity, and warmth of temper, turn out a confummate herald of his fame. Upon these considerations, he met with a most engaging reception from the entertainer, who was a well-bred man, of some learning, generofity, and taste; but his foible was the defire of being thought the inimitable pattern of all three.

It was with a view to acquire and support this character, that his house was open to all those who had any pretentions to literature; confequently he was furrounded by a strange variety of pretenders; but none were discouraged, because he knew that even the most infignificant might, in some shape conduce to the propagation of his praise. A babbler, though he cannot run

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upon the scent, may spring the game, and by his yelping help to fill up the cry: no wonder then, that a youth of Pickle's accomplishments was admitted, and even invited into the pack. After having enjoyed a very short private audience in the closet, our young gentleman was shewn into another room, where half a dozen of his fellowadherents waited for their Mæcenas, who in a few minutes appeared, with a most gracious aspect, received the compliments of the morning, and sat down to breakfast, in the midst of them,

without any further ceremony.

The conversation at first turned upon the weather, which was investigated in a very philosophical manner by one of the company, who feemed to have confulted all the barometers and thermometers that ever were invented, before he would venture to affirm that it was a chill morning. This subject being accurately discussed, the chief enquired about the news of the learned world; and his inclination was no fooner expressed than every guest opened his mouth, in order to gratify his curiofity: but he that first captivated his attention, was a meagre, shrivelled antiquary, who looked like an animated mummy, which had been fcorched among the fands of the defart. He told the patron, that he had by accident met with a medal, which, though it was defaced by time, he would venture to pronounce a genuine antique, from the ringing and tafte of the metal, as well as from the colour and compofition of the ruft: fo faying, he produced a piece of copper coin, fo confumed and disguised by age, that scarce a vestige of the impression was to be perceived. Nevertheless this connoisseur pretended to diffinguish a face in profile, from which

he concluded that the piece was of the Upper empire, and on the reverse he endeavoured to point out the bulb of the spear, and part of the parazonium, which were the infignia of the Roman Virtus, together with the fragment of one fold of the multicium in which she was cloathed. He likewise had discovered an angle of the letter N, and, at some distance, an entire I: from these circumstances conjecturing, and indeed concluding, that the medal was struck by Severus, in honour of the victory he obtained over his rival Niger, after he had forced the passes of mount Taurus. This criticism seemed very satisfactory to the entertainer, who having examined the coin by the help of his spectacles, plainly difcerned the particulars which the owner had mentioned, and was pleafed to term his account of the matter a very ingenious explanation.

The curiofity was circulated through the hands of all present, and every virtuoso, in his turn, licked the copper, and rung it upon the hearth, declaring his assent to the judgment which had been pronounced. At length it fell under the inspection of our young gentleman, who, though no antiquarian, was very well acquainted with the current coin of his own country, and no sooner cast his eyes upon the valuable antique, than he affirmed, without hesitation, that it was no other than the ruins of an English farthing, and that same spear, parazonium, and multicium, the remains of the emblems and drapery with which the figure of Britannia is delineated on our copper money.

This hardy affeveration feemed to disconcert the patron, while it incensed the medalist, who grinning like an enraged baboon, "What dy'e tell
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tell me of a brass farthing? (said he). Did you ever know modern brass of such a relish? Do but taste it, young gentleman; and sure I am, if you have ever been conversant with subjects of this kind, you will find as wide a difference in the savour between this and an English farthing, as can possibly be perceived betwixt an onion and a turnep: besides, this medal has the true Corinthian ring; then the attitude is upright, whereas that of Britannia is reclining; and how is it possible to mistake a branch of palm for a parazonium?"

All the rest of the company espoused the virtuoso's side of the question, because the reputation of each was concerned. The patron, finding himself in the same circumstance, assumed a solemnity of feature, dashed with a small mixture of displeasure, and told Peregrine, that as he had not made that branch of literature his particular study, he was not surprised to see him mistaken in his opinion. Pickle immediately understood the reproof. Though he was shocked at the vanity or infatuation of his entertainer and fellow-guests, asked pardon for his presumption, which was accordingly excused, in consideration of his inexperience; and the English farthing dignified with the title of a true antique.

The next person that addressed himself to the chief was a gentleman of a very mathematical turn, who valued himself upon the improvements he had made in several domestic machines, and now presented the plan of a new contrivance for cutting cabbages, in such a manner as would secure the stock against the rotting rain, and enable it to produce a plenteous after-crop of delicious sprouts. In this important machine he had united the whole mechanic powers, with such massy

complication

complication of iron and wood, that it could not have been moved without the assistance of an horse, and a road made for the convenience of the draught. These objections were so obvious, that they occurred at first sight to the inspector-general, who greatly commended the invention, which, he observed, might be applied to several other useful purposes, could it once be rendered

a little more portable and commodious.

The inventor, who had not foreseen these difficulties, was not prepared to furmount them; but he took the hint in good part, and promised to talk his abilities anew, in altering the construction of his defign. Not but that he underwent some severe irony from the rest of the virtuosi, who complimented him upon the momentous improvement he had made, by which a family might fave a dish of greens in a quarter, for so trifling an expence as that of purchasing, working, and maintaining fuch a stupendous machine; but no man was ever more farcastic in his remarks upon this piece of mechanism than the naturalist, who next appealed to the patron's approbation for a curious disquisition he had made touching the procreation of muck flies, in which he had laid down a curious method of collecting, preferving, and hatching the eggs of these insects, even in the winter, by certain modifications of artificial heat. The nature of this discovery was no sooner communicated, than Peregrine, unable to contain himself, was seized with a fit of laughter, which infected every person at the table, the landlord himself not excepted, who found it impossible to preferve his wonted gravity of face.

Such unmannerly mirth did not fail to mortify the philosopher, who, after some pause, during

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which indignation and disdain were painted in his countenance, reprehended our young gentleman for his unphilosophical behaviour, and undertook to prove, that the subject of his enquiry was of infinite consequence to the progress and increase of natural knowledge: but he found no quarter from the vengeful engineer, who now retorted his ironical compliments, with great emphasis, upon this hot-bed for the generation of vermin, and advised him to lay the whole process before the Royal Society, which would, doubtless, present him with a medal, and give him a place among their memoirs, as a diftinguished promoter of the useful arts. "If (faid he) you had employed your studies in finding out some effectual method to destroy those insects which prejudice and annoy mankind, in all probability you must have been contented with the contemplation of the good you had done; but this curious expedient for multiplying maggots, will furely intitle you to an honourable rank in the lift of learned philosophers." "I don't wonder (replied the naturalist), that you should be so much averse to the propagation of insects, because, in all likelihood, you are afraid that they will not leave you a cabbage to cut down with the fame miraculous machine." "Sir (answered the mechanic, with great bitterness of voice and aspect), if the cabbage be as light-headed as some muck-worm philosophers, it will not be worth cutting down." "I never dispute upon cabbage with the fon of a cucumber," faid the fly-breeder, alluding to the pedigree of his antagonist; who, impatient of the affront, started up with fury in his looks, exclaiming, "'Sdeath! meaning me, Sir ?"

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Here the patron, perceiving things drawing towards a rupture, interposed his authority, rebuking them for their intemperance, and recommending to them amity and concord against the Goths and Vandals of the age, who took all opportunities of ridiculing and discouraging the adherents of knowledge and philosophy. After this exhortation, they had no pretence for carrying on the dispute, which was dropt in all appearance, though the mechanic still retained his refentment; and after breakfast, when the company broke up, accosted his adversary in the ftreet, defiring to know how he durft be fo infolent as to make that fcurrilous reflection upon his family. The fly-fancier, thus questioned, accused the mathematician of having been the aggreffor, in likening his head to a light cabbage; and here the altercation being renewed, the engineer proceeded to the illustration of his mechanics, tilted up his hand like a balance, thrusting it forward by way of lever, embracing the naturalist's nose like a wedge betwixt two of his fingers, and turning it round, with the momentum of a screw or peritrochium. Had they been obliged to decide the dispute with equal arms, the affailant would have had great advantage over the other, who was very much his inferior in mulcular ftrength; but the philosopher being luckily provided with a cane, no fooner disengaged himself from this opprobrious application, than he handled his weapon with great dexterity about the head and shoulders of his antagonift, who finding this shower of blows very difagreeable, was fain to betake himself to his heels for shelter, and was pursued by the angry

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angry victor, who chased him from one end of the street to the other, affording unspeakable satisfaction to the multitude, as well as to our hero and to his introductor, who were spectators of the whole scene.

Thus was our adventurer initiated in the fociety of Yelpers, though he did not as yet fully understand the nature of his office, which was explained by the young physician, who chid him for his blunt behaviour in the case of the medal; and gave him to understand, that their patron's favour was neither to be gained, nor preserved by any man that would pretend to convict him of a mistake: he therefore counselled him to respect this foible, and cultivate the old gentleman with all the zeal and veneration, which a regard to his own character would permit him to pay. This talk was the easier to one of our young gentleman's pliant disposition, because the virtuolo's behaviour was absolutely free from that insolent felf-conceit, which he could not bear without difgust: the senior was, on the contrary, mild and beneficent; and Pickle was rather pleafed than shocked at his weakness, because it flattered his vanity with the supposition of his own superior fense.

Cautioned in this manner, Peregrine profited fo much by his infinuating qualifications, that, in a very little time, he was looked upon as one of the chief favourites of the patron, to whom he dedicated a small occasional poem; and every body believed he would reap the fruits of his attachment, among the first of the old gentleman's dependants.

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C H A P. XCVI.

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Peregrine finding himself neglected by Sir Steady Steerwell, expostulates with him in a letter; in consequence of which he is forbid his house, loses his pension, and incurs the charge of lunacy.

HIS prospect of success, together with his expectations from the minister, whom he did not neglect, helped to comfort him under the reverse of fortune which he had undergone, and the uncertainty of the law-fuit, which he still maintained for the recovery of his ten thousand pounds. The lawyers, indeed, continued to drain his pocket of money, while they filled his brain with unfubstantial hope; and he was actually obliged to borrow money from his bookfeller, on the strength of the translation, in order to satisfy the demands of those ravenous harpies, rather than lay the Misanthrope under any difficulties, or have recourse to his friend Hatchway, who lived at the garrison, entirely ignorant of his distress. This was not at all alleviated by the arrival of the Indiaman, in which he had ventured feven hundred pounds, as we have already observed; for he was given to understand, that the borrower was left dangerously ill at Bombay when the ship sailed, and that his chance for retrieving his money was extremely flender.

So fituated, it is not to be supposed that he led a life of tranquillity, though he made a shift to struggle with the remonstrances of missortune: yet such a gush of affliction would sometimes rush upon his thought, as overwhelmed all the ideas

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of his hope, and funk him to the very bottom of despondence. Every equipage that passed him in the street, every person of rank and fortune that occurred to his view, recalled the gay images of his former life, with fuch mortifying reflection as stabled him to the very foul. He lived, therefore, incessantly exposed to all the pangs of envy and disquiet. When I say envy, I do not mean that fordid passion, in consequence of which a man repines at his neighbour's fuccess, howsoever deferved; but that felf-tormenting indignation which is inspired by the prosperity of folly, ignorance, and vice. Without the intervening gleams of enjoyment, which he felt in the conversation of a few friends, he could not have supported his existence; or, at least, he must have suffered some violent discomposure of the brain: but one is still finding fome circumstance of alleviation, even in the worst of conjunctures; and Pickle was so ingenious in these researches, that he maintained a good battle with disappointment, till the revolution of the term at which he had received his penfion of three hundred pounds sign and sign in

However, feeing the day elapse, without touching his allowance, notwithstanding his significant method of presenting himself at the minister's levee, when the year was expired he wrote a letter to Sir Steady, reminding him of his situation and promise, and giving him to understand, that his occasions were such, as compelled him to demand

his falary for the enfuing year. Japlang but many

In the morning after this letter was conveyed, the author went to his honour's house, in expectation of being admitted by particular order; but was mistaken in his hope, the minister not being G 2 visible.

visible. He then made his appearance at the levee, in hopes of being closetted; but the be took all opportunities of watching Sir Steady's eyes, he could not obtain one glance, and had the pleasure of feeing him retire, without being favoured with the least notice. These circumstances of wilful neglect were not over and above agreeable to our young hero, who, in the agonies of vexation and resentment, went home, and composed a most acrimonious remonstrance to his honour; in consequence of which he was not only deprived of all pretentions to a private audience, but expressly denied admittance on a public day, by Sir Steady's own order, vaca administration doing

This prohibition, which announced his total ruin, filled him with rage, horror, and despair: he infulted the porter who fignified the minister's command, threatening to chaffife him upon the spot for his presumption, and vented the most virulent imprecations upon his mafter, to the aftonishment of those who chanced to enter during this conference. Having exhausted himself in these vain exclamations, he returned to his lodgings in a most frantic condition, biting his lips to that the blood ran from his mouth, dashing his head and fifts against the sides of his chimney, and weeping with the most bitter expressions of reminding him of his numerou.sow

Pipes, whose perception had been just sufficient to let him fee that there was some difference between the present and former fituation of his mafter, overhearing his transports, effayed to enter his apartment, with a view of administering confedation; and finding the door locked on the infide, defired admittance, protesting, that other-

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wife he would down with the bulk head in the turning of an handspike. Peregrine ordered him to retire, on pain of his displeasure, and fwore, that if he should offer to break open the door, he would instantly shoot him thro' the head. Tom. without paying the least regard to this injunction, fet himself at work immediately. His master, exasperated at his want of reverence and respect. which in his present paroxysm appeared with the most provoking aggravation, sew into his closet, and fnatching up one of his piftols already loaded, no fooner faw his valet enter the apartment, in consequence of having forced the lock, than he presented full at his face, and drew the trigger. Happily the priming flashed in the pan, without communicating with the charge; to that his furious purpose did not take effect upon the countenance of honest Pipes, who, difregardful of the attempt, though he knew the contents of the piece, asked, without the least alteration of feature, if it must be foul weather through the whole voyage.

Peregrine, mad as he was, repented of his mischievous intent against such a faithful adherent, in the very moment of execution; and had it proved satal, according to the design, in all probability he would have applied another to his own head. There are certain considerations that strike upon the mind with irresistible force, even in the midst of its distraction; the momentary recollection of some particular scene, occasioned by the seatures of the devoted victim, hath often struck the dagger from the assassing hand. By such an impulse was Pipes protected from any repeated effort of his master's rage; the friendly

cause of his present disobedience slashed upon the conviction of Peregrine, when he beheld the rugged front of his valet, in which also stood disclosed his long and faithful service, together with the recommendation of the deceased commodore.

Though his wrath was immediately suppressed, and his heart torn with remorfe for what he had done, his brows remained still contracted; and darting a most ferocious regard at the intruder, "Villain! (faid he) how dare you treat me with fuch difrespect?" "Why shouldn't I lend a hand for the preservation of the ship (answered the unruffled Pipes), when there is more fail than ballast aboard, and the pilot quits the helm in despair? What signifies one or two broken voyages, so long as our timbers are strong, and our vessel in good trim: if she loses upon one tack, mayhap the may gain upon t'other; and I'll be damn'd, if one day or other we don't fetch up our lee-way: as for the matter of provision, you have started a pretty good stock of money into my hold, and you are welcome to hoift it up again when you wool?"

Here Tom was interrupted by the arrival of Mr. Crabtree, who feeing Peregrine with a piftol in his hand, and fuch wild diforder in his looks, his head, hands, and mouth befmeared with blood, and moreover, fmelling the gunpowder which had been burnt, actually believed he had either committed, or was bent upon murder, and accordingly retreated down stairs with infinite dispatch. All his speed could not convey him without the reach of Pipes, who overtaking him in his passage, carried him back into his master's apartment, ob-

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ferving by the way, that this was no time to sheer off, when his confort stood in need of his affist-ance.

There was fomething fo ruefully fevere in the countenance of Cadwallader, thus compelled, that at any other time our hero would have laughed at his concern; but at present, there was nothing rifible in his disposition: he had, however, laid aside his pistol, and endeavoured, though in vain, to compose his internal disturbance; for he could not utter one fyllable to the Misanthrope, but flood flaring at him in filence, with a most delirious aspect. This did not tend to dispel the dismay of his friend, who, after some recollection, " I wonder (faid he) that you have never killed your man before. Pray how may you have difposed of the body?" Pickle having recovered the faculty of speech, ordered his lacquey out of the room, and in a most incoherent detail, made Crabtree acquainted with the perfidious conduct of the minister.

The confidant was very glad to find his fears disappointed; for he had really concluded, that some life was lost. Perceiving the youth too much agitated to be treated by him in his usual style, he owned that Sir Steady was a rascal, encouraged Pickle with the hope of being one day able to make reprisals upon him; in the mean time offered him money for his immediate occasions, exhorted him to exert his own qualifications in rendering himself independent of such miscreants, and finally counselled him to represent his wrongs to the nobleman whom he had formerly obliged, with a view of interesting that peer in his behalf, or at least of obtaining a satisfactory explanation from

the minister, that he might take no premature

measures of revenge.

These admonitions were so much milder and more agreeable than our hero expected from the Misanthrope, that they had a very favourable effect upon his transports, which gradually subfided, until he became fo tractable as to promife that he would conform to his advice; in confequence of which, he next morning waited upon his lordship, who received him very politely, as ufual, and with great patience heard his complaint, which, by the bye, he could not repeat without some hafty ebullitions of passionate refentment. This peer, after having gently difapproved of the letter of expostulation, which had produced such unfortunate effects, kindly undertook to recommend his case to the minister, and actually performed his promise that same day, when Sir Steady informed him, to his utter aftonishment, that the poor young gentleman was difordered in his brain, fo that he could not poffibly be provided for in a place of importance, with any regard to the fervice; and it could not be expected that he (Sir Steady) would support his extravagance from his own private purfe: that he had indeed, at the folicitation of a nobleman deceased, made him a present of three hundred pounds, in confideration of some loss that he pretended to have sustained in an election; but, fince that time, had perceived in him fuch indifputable marks of lunacy, both by his diffracted letters and personal behaviour, as obliged him to give order, that he should not be admitted into the house. To corroborate this affertion, the minister actually called in the evidence of his own porter, porter, and one of the gentlemen of his house-hold, who had heard the execrations that escaped our youth, when he first found himself excluded. In thort, the nobleman was convinced, that Peregrine was certainly and bona fide mad as a March hare; and, by the help of this intimation, began to recollect some symptoms of distraction which appeared in his last visit; he remembered a certain incoherence in his speech, a violence of gesture and wildness of look, that now evidently denoted a disturbed understanding; and he determined, for his own credit and security, to disentangle himself from such a dangerous ac-

quaintance.

With this view, he, in imitation of Sir Steady, commanded his gate to be shut against our adventurer; fo that when he went to know the refult of his lordship's conference with the minister, the door was flung in his face, and the janitor told him through an iron grate, that he needed not to give himself the trouble of calling again, for his lord defired to be excused from seeing him. He spoke not a word in answer to this declaration, which he immediately imputed to the ill offices of the minister, against whom he breathed defiance and revenge, in his way to the lodgings of Cadwallader; who being made acquainted with the manner of his reception, begged he would defift from all schemes of vengeance, until he (Crabtree) should be able to unriddle the myftery of the whole, which he did not doubt of unveiling by means of his acquaintance with a family, in which his lordship often spent the evening at whilt.

It was not long before he had the defired opportunity; the nobleman being under no in-

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junctions or obligation to keep the affair fecret, discovered the young gentleman's missortune, by way of news, to the first company in which he happened to be; and Peregrine's name was not so obscure in the fashionable world, but that his discorder became the general topic of conversation for a day; so that his friend soon partook of the intelligence, and sound means to learn the particulars of the minister's information, as above related. Nay, he was in danger of becoming a proselyte to Sir Steady's opinion, when he recalled and compared every circumstance which he knew of Pickle's

impatience and impetuofity. He mad electronic or

Indeed nothing more eafily gains credit, than an imputation of madness fixed upon any person whatfoever: for when the fuspicion of the world is roused, and its observation once set at work, the wifest, the coolest man upon earth, will, by fome particulars in his behaviour, convict himfelf of the charge: every fingularity in his drefs and manner (and fuch are observable in every person) that before passed unheeded, now rises up in judgment against him, with all the exaggeration of the observer's fancy; and the fagacious examiner perceives distraction in every glance of the eye, turn of the finger, and motion of the head: when he speaks, there is a strange peculiarity in his argument and expression; when he holds his tongue, his imagination teems with fome extravagant revery; his fobriety of demeanor is no other than a lucid interval, and his passion mere delirium.

If people of the most sedate and insipid life and conversation are subject to such criticisms, no wonder that they should take place upon a youth of Peregrine's siery disposition, which, on some occasions,

occasions, would have actually justified any remarks of this kind, which his greatest enemies could make. He was accordingly represented as one of those enterprising bucks, who, afte having spent their fortunes in riot and excess, are happily bereft of their understanding, and consequently insensible of the want and disgrace which they have

entailed upon themselves.

Cadwallader himself was so much affected with the report, that for some time he hefitated in his deliberations upon our hero, before he could prevail upon himself to communicate to him the information he had received, or to treat him in other respects as a man of sound intellects. At length, however, he ventured to make Pickle acquainted with the particulars he had learned, imparting them with fuch caution and circumlocution, as he thought necessary to prevent the young gentleman from transgressing all bounds of temper and moderation: but, for once, he was agreeably deceived in his prognostic. Incensed as our hero was at the conduct of the minister, he could not help laughing at the ridiculous afpersion, which he told his friend, he would foon refute in a manner that should not be very agreeable to his calumniator; observing, that it was a common practice with the state-pilot, thus to flander those people to whom he lay under obligations which he had no mind to discharge. " True it is (faid Peregrine), he has fucceeded more than once in contrivances of this kind, having actually reduced divers people of weak heads to fuch extremity of despair, as hath issued in downright distraction, whereby he was rid of their importunities, and his judgment confirmed at the fame time: but I have now (thank heaven) attained

tained to such a pitch of philosophical resolution, as will support me against all his machinations; and I will forthwith exhibit the monster to the public, in his true lineaments of craft, persidy,

and ingratitude."

This indeed was the plan with which Mr. Pickle had amused himself during the researches of Crabtree; and by this time it so effectually flattered his imagination, that he believed he should be able to bring his adversary (in spite of all his power) to his own terms of submission, by distinguishing himself in the list of those who, at that period, wrote against the administration. Nor was this scheme so extravagant as it may seem to be, had not he overlooked one material circumstance, which Cadwallader himself did not recollect, when he

approved of this project.

While he thus meditated vengeance, the fame of his disorder, in due course of circulation, reached the ears of that lady of quality, whose memoirs have appeared in the third volume of The correspondence with these adventures. which she had honoured our hero had been long broke off, for the reason already advanced, namely, his dread of being exposed to her infatuating charms. He had been candid enough to make her acquainted with the cause of exiling himfelf from her presence; and she admitted the prudence of felf-restraint, although she would have been very well fatisfied with the continuance of his intimacy and conversation, which were not at all beneath the defire of any lady in the kingdom. Notwithstanding this interruption, she still retained a friendship and regard for his character, and felt all the affliction of a humane heart, at the news of his misfortunes and and deplorable distemper. She had seen him courted and cultivated in the sunshine of his prosperity; but she knew, from sad experience, how all those insect-followers shrink away in the winter of distress. Her compassion represented him as a poor unhappy lunatic, destitute of all the necessaries of life, dragging about the ruins of human nature, and exhibiting the spectacle of blasted youth, to the scorn and abhorrence of his fellow-creatures. Aching with these charitable considerations, she found means to learn in what part of the town he lodged; and laying aside all supersuous ceremony, went in a hackney chair to his door, which was opened by the ever faithful Pipes.

Her ladyship immediately recollected the features of his trusty follower, whom she could not help loving in her heart, for his attachment and fidelity, which, after she had applauded with a most gracious commendation, she kindly enquired after the state of his master's health, and asked if he was

in a condition to be seen.

Tom, who could not suppose that the visit of a fine lady would be unacceptable to a youth of Peregrine's complexion, made no verbal reply to the question; but beckoning her ladyship with an arch significance of feature, at which she could not forbear smiling, walked softly up stairs; and she, in obedience to the signal, followed her guide into the apartment of our hero, whom she found at a writing-table, in the very act of composing an eulogium upon his good friend Sir Steady. The nature of his work had animated his countenance with an uncommon degree of vivacity; and being dressed in a neat dishabille, his figure could not have appeared to more advantage

vantage in the eye of a person who despised the tinsel of unnecessary ornament. She was extremely well pleased to see her expectations so agreeably disappointed; for, instead of the squalid circumstances and wretched looks attending indigence and distraction, every thing was decent and genteel; and the patient's aspect such as betokened internal fatisfaction. Hearing the ruftling of filk in his room, he lifted up his eyes from the paper, and feeing her ladyship, was struck with astonishment and awe, as at the unexpected apparition of fome supernatural bemg.

Before he could recollect himself from his confusion, which called the blood into his cheeks, the told him, that, on the strength of old acquaintance, she was come to visit him, though it was a long time fince he had given her good reafon to believe, he had absolutely forgot that there was fuch a person as she in being. After having made the most warm acknowledgments for this unforeseen honour, he assured her ladyship, that the subject of her reproach was not his fault, but rather his very great misfortune; and that if it had been in his power to forget her fo eafily as the feemed to imagine, he should never have given her cause to tax him with want of duty and respect.

Still dubious of his fituation, fhe began to converse with him on different subjects; and he acquitted himself so well in every particular, that fhe no longer doubted his having been mifreprefented by the malice of his enemies; and candidly told him the cause and intent of her coming. He was not deficient in expressions of gratitude for this instance of her generosity and friendthip. ship, which even drew tears from his eyes. As to the imputation of madness, he explained it so much to her ladyship's satisfaction, that she evidently perceived he had been barbarously dealt with, and that the charge was no other than a most vil-

lanous aspersion.

Notwithstanding all his endeavours to conceal the true state of his finances, it was impossible for him to give this detail, without disclosing some of the difficulties under which he laboured; and her ladyship's fagacity divining the rest, she not only made him a tender of affiftance, but prefenting a bank-note for a confiderable fum, infifted upon his acceptance of it, as a trifling mark of her esteem, and a specimen of what she was inclined to do in his behalf. But this mark of her benevolence he would by no means receive; affuring her, that though his affairs were at prefent a little perplexed, he had never felt the least circumstance of distress, and begging that she would not fubject him to the burden of fuch an unnecessary obligation.

Being obliged to put up with this refusal, she protested she would never forgive him, should the ever hear that he rejected her offer, when he stood in need of her aid; or if in time to come, he should not apply to her friendship, if ever he should find himself incommoded in point of fortune: "An over-delicacy in this respect (said she) I shall look upon as a disapprobation of my own conduct; because I myself have been obliged to have recourse to my friends, in such

emergencies." It in the north to de and Tell for welling

These generous remonstrances and marks of particular friendship, could not fail to make a deep impression upon the heart of our hero, which still smarted

fmarted from the former impulse of her charms: he not only felt all those transports which a man of honour and sensibility may be supposed to seel upon such an occasion, but the sentiments of a more tender passion awaking in his breast, he could not help expressing himself in terms adapted to the emotions of his soul; and at length plainly told her, that were he disposed to be a beggar, he would ask something of infinitely more importance to his peace, than the charitable assistance she had proffered.

Her ladyship had too much penetration to mistake his meaning; but as she did not chuse to encourage his advances, pretended to interpret his intimation into a general compliment of gallantry, and in a jocofe manner, defired he would not give her any reason to believe his lucid interval was past. "In faith, my lady (faid he), I perceive the fit coming on; and I don't fee why I may not use the privilege of my distemper, so far as to declare myfelf one of your most passionate admirers." "If you do (replied her ladyship), I shall not be fool enough to believe a madman, unless I were affured that your disorder proceeded from your love; and that this was the case, I suppose you will find it difficult to prove." " Nay, Madam, (cried the youth), I have in this drawer, what will convince you of my having been mad on that strain; and fince you doubt my pretention, you must give me leave to produce my testimonials." So saying, he opened a ferutore, and taking out a paper, prefented her with the following fong, which he had written in her praise, immediately after he was made acquainted with the particulars of her story. diving could not full as weller a deep

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and then by the forthermonistical completes the decident

While with fond rapture and amaze,
On thy transcendant charms I gaze,
My cautious soul essays in vain
Her peace and freedom to maintain:
Yet let that blooming form divine,
Where grace and harmony combine;
Those eyes, like genial orbs that move,
Dispensing gladness, joy, and love,
In all their pomp assail my view,
Intent my bosom to subdue;
My breast, by wary maxims steel'd,
Not all those charms shall force to yield.

II.

But, when invok'd to beauty's aid,
I see th' enlighten'd soul display'd;
That soul so sensibly sedate
Amid the storms of froward sate!
Thy genius active, strong and clear,
Thy wit sublime, tho' not severe,
The social ardour, void of art,
That glows within thy candid heart;
My spirits, sense, and strength decay,
My resolution dies away,
And, ev'ry faculty opprest,
Almighty love invades my breast!

Her ladyship having perused this production, "Were I inclined to be suspicious (said she), I should believe that I had no share in producing this composition, which seems to have been inspired by a much more amiable object. However, I will take your word for your intention,

and thank you for the unmerited compliment, though I have met with it in fuch an accidental manner. Nevertheless, I must be so free as to tell you, it is now high time for you to contract that unbounded spirit of gallantry, which you have indulged so long, into a sincere attachment for the fair Emilia, who, by all accounts, deserves the whole of your attention and regard." His nerves thrilled at mention of that name, which he never heard pronounced without agitation. Rather than undergo the consequence of a conversation upon this subject, he chose to drop the theme of love altogether, and industriously introduced some other topic of discourse.

C H A P. XCVII.

He writes against the minister, by whose instigation he is arrested, and moves himself by Habeas Corpus into the Fleet.

My lady having prolonged her stay beyond the period of a common visit, and repeated her protestations in the most frank and obliging manner, took her leave of our adventurer, who promised to pay his respects to her in a few days, at her own house. Meanwhile, he resumed his task; and having sinished a most severe remonstrance against Sir Steady, not only with regard to his private ingratitude, but also to his mal-administration of public affairs, he sent to the author of a weekly paper, who had been long a professed reformer in politics; and it appeared

appeared in a very few days, with a note of the publisher, desiring the savour of further correspondence with the author.

The animadversions contained in this small effay were fo spirited and judicious, and a great many new lights thrown upon the fubject with fuch perspicuity, as attracted the notice of the public in an extraordinary manner, and helped to raise the character of the paper in which it was inferted. The minister was not the last who examined the performance, which, in spite of all his boafted temper, provoked him to fuch a degree, that he fet his emissaries at work, and by dint of corruption procured a fight of the manuscript in Peregrine's own hand-writing; which he immediately recognized; but for further confirmation of his opinion he compared it with the two letters which he had received from our adventurer. Had he known the young gentleman's talents for declamation were fo acute, perhaps he would never have given him cause to complain, but employed him in the vindication of his own measures; nay, he might still have treated him like some other authors whom he had brought over from the opposition, had not the keenness of this first affault incensed him to a defire of revenge. He, therefore, no fooner made this discovery, than he conveyed his directions to his dependant the receiver-general, who was possessed of Pickle's notes. Next day, white our author stood within a circle of his acquaintance, at a certain coffee-house, bolding forth with great eloquence upon the diseases of the state, he was accosted by a bailiff, who entering the room with five or fix followers, told him aloud, that he had a writ against him for twelve hundred pounds at

the fuit of Mr. Ravage Gleanum.

The whole company were aftenished at this address, which did not fail to discompose the desendant himself, who (as it were instinctively) in the midst of his consusion, saluted the officer across the head with his cane; in consequence of which application, he was surrounded and disarmed in an instant by the gang, who carried him off to the next tavern in the most opprobrious manner. Nor did one of the spectators interpose in his behalf, or visit him in his confinement with the least tender of advice or affistance; such is the zeal of a

coffee-house friendship.

This stroke was the more severe upon our hero, as it was altogether unexpected : for he had utterly forgot the debt for which he was arrested. His prefent indignation was, however, chiefly kindled against the bailiff, who had done his office in fuch a difrespectful manner: and the first use he made of his recollection in the house to which they conducted him, was to chastife him for the infolence and indecency of his behaviour. This talk he performed with his bare fifts, every other weapon being previously conveyed out of his reach; and the delinquent underwent his discipline with furprifing patience and refignation, asking pardon with great humility, and protesting before God, that he had never willingly and wittingly used any gentleman with ill manners, but had been commanded to arrest our adventurer according to the express direction of the creditor, on pain of forfeiting his place.

By this declaration Peregrine was appealed, and out of a delirium of passion, waked to all

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the horrors of reflection. All the glory of his youth was now eclipfed, all the bloffoms of his hope were blafted, and he faw himfelf doomed to the miseries of a jail without the least prospect of enlargement, except in the iffue of his lawfuit, of which he had, for some time past, grown less and less confident every day. What would become of the unfortunate if the conditution of the mind did not permit them to bring one passion into the field against another a passions that operate in the human break, like poilons of a different nature extinguishing each other's effect. Our hero's grief reigned in full despotifm, until it was deposed by revenge; during the predominancy of which, he confidered every thing which had happened as a circumstance conducive to its gratification : " If I must be a prifoner for life (faid he to himself), if I must relinquish all my gay expectations, let me at least have the fatisfaction of clanking my chains fo as to interrupt the repose of my adversary; and let me fearch in my own breaft for that peace and contentment, which I have not been able to find in all the scenes of my success. In being detached from the world, I shall be delivered from folly and ingratitude, as well as exempted from an expence, which I should have found it very difficult, if not impracticable, to support; I shall have little or no temptation to mispend my time. and more undisturbed opportunity to earn my subfistence, and profecute my revenge. After all, a jail is the best tub to which a cynic philosopher can retire "denotes what a to blor at a

In consequence of these comfortable reflections, he sent a letter to Mr. Crabtree, with an account of his missortune, signifying his resolution lution to move himself immediately into the Fleet, and desiring that he would send him some understanding attorney of his acquaintance, who would direct him into the steps necessary to be taken for that purpose. The Misanthrope, upon the receipt of this intimation, went in person to a lawyer, whom he accompanied to the spunging-house whither the prisoner had by this time retired. Peregrine was, under the auspices of this director, conducted to the judges chamber, where he was left in the custody of a tipstaff; and after having paid for a warrant of Habeas Corpus, by him conveyed to the Fleet, and delivered to the care of the warden.

Here he was introduced to the lodge, in which he was obliged to expose himself a full half hour to the eyes of all the turnkeys and door-keepers, who took an accurate survey of his person, that they might know him again at first fight : and then he was turned loofe into the place called the Master's side, having given a valuable consideration for that privilege. This is a large range of building, containing some hundreds of lodgingrooms for the convenience of the prisoners, who pay so much per week for that accommodation. In short, this community is like a city detached from all communication with the neighbouring parts, regulated by its own laws, and furnished with peculiar conveniences for the use of the inhabitants. There is a coffee-house for the refort of gentlemen, in which all fort of liquors are kept, and a public kitchen where any quantity of meat is fold at a very reasonable rate, or any kind of provision boiled and roasted gratis, for the poor prisoners: nay there are certain fervants of the public, who are obliged to go to market.

market, at the pleasure of individuals, without see or reward from those who employ them: nor are they cooped up, so as to be excluded from the benest of fresh air, there being an open area of a considerable extent, adjacent to the building, on which they may exercise themselves in walking, skittles, bowls, and a variety of other diversions, according to the inclination of each.

Our adventurer being admitted a denizen of this community, found himself bewildered in the midst of strangers, who, by their appearance, did not at all preposses him in their favour; and after having strolled about the place with his friend Cadwallader, repaired to the coffee-house, in order to be further informed of the peculiar customs which it was necessary for him to know.

There, while he endeavoured to pick up intelligence from the bar-keeper, he was accosted by a person in canonicals, who very civilly asked if he was a new-comer. Being answered in the affirmative, he gave him the falutation of welcome to the fociety, and, with great hospitality, undertook to initiate him in the constitutions of the brotherhood. This humane clergyman gave him to understand, that his first care ought to be that of fecuring a lodging; telling him there was a certain number of apartments in the prison let at the same price, though some were more commodious than others; and that when the better fort became vacant, by the removal of their possessions, those who succeeded in point of feniority, had the privilege of occupying the empty tenements preferable to the rest of the inhabitants, howfoever respectable they might otherwise be: that when the jail was very much

much crowded, there was but one chamber al lotted for two lodgers; but this was not confidered as any great hardship on the prisoners, because, in that case, there was always a sufficient number of males, who willingly admitted the females to a share in their apartments and beds: not but the time had been, when this expedient would not answer the occasion, because, after a couple had been quartered in every room, there was a confiderable refidue ftill unprovided with lodging; so that for the time being, the last comers were obliged to take up their habitation in Mount Scoundrel, an apartment most miferably furnished, in which they lay promiscuously amidst filth and vermin, until they could be better accommodated in due course of rota-

Peregrine hearing the description of this place, began to be very impatient about his night's lodging; and the parson perceiving his anxiety, conducted him, without loss of time, to the warden, who forthwith put him in possession of a paltry chamber, for which he agreed to pay half a crown a week. This point being settled, his director gave him an account of the different methods of eating, either singly, in a mess, or at an ordinary, and advised him to chuse the last, as the most reputable, offering to introduce him next day to the best company in the Fleet, who always direct together in public.

Pickle having thanked this gentleman for his civilities, and promifed to be governed by his advice, invited him to pass the evening at his apartment; and, in the mean time, shut himself up with Crabtree, in order to deliberate upon the wreck of his affairs. Of all his ample fortune

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nothing now remained but his wardrobe, which was not very fumptuous, about thirty guineas in cash, and the garrison, which the Misanthrope counselled him to convert into ready money, for his present subfistence. This advice, however, he absolutely rejected, not only on account of his having already bestowed it upon Hatchway, during the term of his natural life, but also with a view of retaining some memorial of the commodore's generofity. He proposed, therefore, to finish in this retreat the translation which he had undertaken, and earn his future subsistence by labour of the same kind. He defired Cadwallader to take charge of his moveables, and fend to him fuch linen and cloaths as he should have occasion for in his confinement. But, among all his difficulties, nothing embarraffed him fo much as his faithful Pipes, whom he could no longer entertain in his service. He knew Tom had made shift to pick up a competency in the course of his ministration; but that reflection, though it in some measure alleviated, could not wholly prevent the mortification he should fuffer in parting with an affectionate adherent, who was by this time become as necessary to him as one of his own members, and who was so accustomed to live under his command and protection, that he did not believe the fellow could reconcile himself to any other way of life.

Crabtree, in order to make him easy on that score, offered to adopt him in the room of his own valet, whom he would dismis; tho' he observed, that Pipes had been quite spoiled in our hero's service. But Peregrine did not chuse to lay his friend under that inconvenience, knowing that his present lacquey understood and complied with Vol. IV.

all the peculiarities of his humour, which Pipes would never be able to study or regard, he therefore determined to send him back to his shipmate Hatchway, with whom he had spent the fore

part of his life.

These points being adjusted, the two friends adjourned to the coffee-house, with a view of inquiring into the character of the clergyman, to whose beneficence our adventurer was so much indebted. They learned he was a person who had incurred the displeasure of the bishop in whose diocese he was settled, and, being unequal in power to his antagonist, had been driven to the Fleet, in consequence of his obstinate opposition; they he still sound means to enjoy a pretty considerable income, by certain irregular practices in the way of his function, which income was chiefly consumed in acts of humanity to his fellow-creatures in distress.

His eulogium was scarce finished, when he entered the room, according to appointment with Peregrine, who ordering wine and something for supper to be carried to his apartment, the triumvirate went thither; and Cadwallader taking his leave for the night, the two fellow-prisoners paffed the evening very fociably, our hero being entertained by his new companion with the private history of the place, some particulars of which were extremely curious. He told him, that the person who attended them at supper, bowing with the most abject servility, and worshipping them, every time he opened his mouth, with the epithets of your Lordsbip and your Honour, trad, a few years before, been actually a captain in the guards; who, after having run his career in the great world, had treaded every station in

their community, from that of a buck of the first order, who swaggers about the Fleet in a laced coat, with a footman and whore, to the degree of a tapfter, in which he was now happily fettled. " If you will take the trouble of going into the cook's kitchen (faid he), you will perceive a beau metamorphofed into a turnspit : and there are some hewers of wood and drawers of water in this microcolm, who have had forests and fish-ponds of their own: yet, notwithstanding fuch a miserable reverse of fortune, they are neither objects of regard or compassion, because their misfortunes are the fruits of the most vicious extravagance, and they are absolutely insenfible of the mifery which is their lot. Those of our fellow-sufferers, who have been reduced by undeferved losses, or the precipitation of unexperienced youth, never fail to meet with the most brotherly affistance, provided they behave with decorum, and a due sense of their unhappy circumstances. Nor are we destitute of power to chaftise the licentious, who refuse to comply with the regulations of the place, and diffurb the peace of the community with riot and disorder. Justice is here impartially administered, by a court of equity, confifting of a felect number of the most respectable inhabitants, who punish all offenders with equal judgment and resolution, after they have been fairly convicted of the crimes laid to their charge."

The clergyman having thus explained the ecconomy of the place, as well as the cause of his own confinement, began to discover signs of curiosity, touching our hero's situation; and Pickle, thinking he could do no less for the satisfaction of a man who had treated him in such an hospitable

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manner, favoured him with a detail of the circumstances which produced his imprisonment: at the same time gratifying his resentment against the minister, which delighted in recapitulating the injuries he had received. The parson, who had been prepossessed in favour of our youth at first sight, understanding what a considerable part he had acted on the stage of life, felt his veneration increase; and, pleased with the opportunity of introducing a stranger of his consequence to the club, left him to his repose, or rather to ruminate on an event which he had not as yet seriously considered.

I might here, in imitation of some celebrated writers, furnish out a page or two, with the reflections he made upon the instability of human affairs, the treachery of the world, and the temerity of youth; and endeavour to decoy the reader into a smile, by some quaint observation of my own, touching the fagacious moralizer: but, befides that I look upon this practice as an impertinent anticipation of the perufer's thoughts, I have too much matter of importance upon my hands, to give the reader the least reason to believe that I am driven to fuch paltry shifts, in order to eke out the volume. Suffice it then to fay, our adventurer passed a very uneasy night, not only from the thorny fuggestions of his mind, but likewise from the anguish of his body, which suffered from the hardness of his couch, as well as from the natural inhabitants thereof, that did not tamely fuffer his intrusion.

In the morning he was waked by Pipes, who brought upon his shoulder a portmanteau filled with necessaries, according to the direction of Cadwallader; and tossing it down upon the floor, regaled

regaled himself with a quid, without the least manifestation of concern. After fome paule, "You fee, Pipes (faid his master), to what I have brought myself." " Ev, ey (answered the valet), once the veffel is ashore, what signifies talking? We must bear a hand to tow her off, if we can: if the won't budge for all the anchors and capitans aboard, after we have lightened her, by cutting away her mafts, and heaving our guns and cargo overboard, why then, mayhap a brisk gale of wind, a tide, or current fetting from shore, may float her again in the blast of a whiftle. Here is two hundred and ten guineas by the tale, in this here canvas bag; and upon this fcrap of paper-no, avast-that's my discharge from the parish for Moll Trundle-ey, here it is—an order for thirty pounds upon the what-d'ye call-'em in the city; and two tickets for twenty-five and eighteen, which I lent, d'ye fee, to Sam Studding to buy a cargo of rum, when he hoisted the fign of the Commodore at St. Catherine's." So faying, he spread his whole stock upon the table, for the acceptance of Peregrine; who, being very much affected with this fresh instance of his attachment, expressed his fatisfaction at feeing he had been fuch a good ceconomist, and paid his wages up to that very day. He thanked him for his faithful fervices, and, observing that he himself was no longer in a condition to maintain a domestic, advised him to retire to the garrison, where he would be kindly received by his friend Hatchway, to whom he would recommend him in the strongest

Pipes looked blank at this unexpected intimation, to which he replied, that he wanted neither pay nor provision, but only to be employed as a tender; and that he would not fleer his course for the garrison, unless his master would first take his lumber aboard. Pickle, however, peremptorily refused to touch a farthing of the money, which he commanded him to put up; and Pipes was fo mortified at his refufal, that twifting the notes together, he threw them into the fire without hefitation, crying, "Damn the money!" the canvas bag, with its contents, would have shared the same fate, had not Peregrine started up, and fnatching the paper from the flames, ordered his valet to forbear, on pain of being banished for ever from his fight. He told him, that, for the prefent, there was a necessity for his being dismissed, and he discharged him accordingly; but if he would go and live quietly with the lieutenant, he promised, on the first favourable turn of his fortune, to take him again into his fervice. In the mean time he gave him to understand, that he neither wanted, nor would make any use of his money, which he infifted upon his pocketing immediately, on pain of forfeiting all title to his favour.

Pipes was very much chagrined at these injunctions, to which he made no reply; but sweeping the money into his bag, stalked off, in silence, with a look of grief and mortissication, which his countenance had never exhibited before. Nor was the proud heart of Pickle unmoved upon this occasion; he could scarce suppress his forrow in the presence of Pipes, and, soon as he was gone, it vented itself in tears.

Having no great pleasure in conversing with his own thoughts, he dressed himself with all convenient dispatch, being attended by one of the occasional occasional valets of the place, who had formerly been a rich mercer in the city; and this operation being performed, he went to breakfast at the coffee-house, where he happened to meet with his friend the clergyman, and several persons of genteel appearance, to whom the doctor introduced him as a new mess-mate. By these gentlemen he was conducted to a place, where they spent the forenoon in playing at sives, an exercise in which our hero took singular delight; and about one o'clock a court was held, for the trial of two delinquents, who had transgressed the laws of ho-

nefty and good order.

The first who appeared at the bar was an attorney, accused of having picked a gentleman's pocket of his handkerchief; and the fact being proved by incontestable evidence, he received fentence: in consequence of which, he was immediately carried to the public pump, and subjected to a severe cascade of cold water. This cause being discussed, they proceeded to the trial of the other offender, who was a lieutenant of a man of war, indicted for a riot, which he had committed in company with a female, not yet taken, against the laws of the place, and the peace of his fellow-prisoners. The culprit had been very obstreperous, and absolutely refused to obey the fummons, with many expressions of contempt and defiance against the authority of the court; upon which the constables were ordered to bring him to the bar, vi & armis; and he was accordingly brought before the judge, after having made a most desperate resistance with a hanger, by which one of the officers was dangeroufly wounded. This outrage was fuch an aggravation of his crime, that the court would not venture

to decide upon it, but remitted him to the fentence of the warden; who, by virtue of his dictatorial power, ordered the rioter to be loaded with irons, and confined in the strong room, which is a dismal dungeon, situated upon the side of the ditch, insested with toads and vermin, surcharged with noisome damps, and impervious to

the least ray of light.

Justice being done upon these criminals, our adventurer and his company adjourned to the ordinary, which was kept at the coffee-house; and he found, upon enquiry, that his mess-mates confifted of one officer, two under-writers, three projectors, an alchymist, an attorney, a parson, a brace of poets, a baronet, and a knight of the bath. The dinner, tho' not fumptuous, nor very elegantly ferved up, was nevertheless substantial, and pretty well dreffed: the wine was tolerable, and all the guests as chearful as if they had been utter strangers to calamity; so that our adventurer began to relish the company, and mix in the conversation, with that sprightliness and ease which were peculiar to his disposition. The repast being ended, the reckoning paid, and part of the gentlemen withdrawn to cards, or other avocations, those who remained, among whom Peregrine made one, agreed to spend the afternoon in conversation over a bowl of punch; and the liquor being produced, they passed the time very focially in various topics of discourse, including many curious anecdotes relating to their own affairs. No man scrupled to own the nature of the debt for which he was confined, unless it happened to be some piddling affair; but, on the contrary, boafted of the importance of the fum, as a circumstance that implied his having been a person

person of consequence in life; and he who had made the most remarkable escapes from bailiffs, was looked upon as a man of superior genius and address.

Among other extraordinary adventures of this kind, none was more romantic than the last elopement atchieved by the officer; who told them he had been arrested for a debt of two hundred pounds, at a time when he could not command as many pence, and conveyed to the bailiff's house, in which he continued a whole fortnight, moving his lodgings higher and higher, from time to time, in proportion to the decay of his credit; until, from the parlour, he had made a regular ascent to the garret. There, while he ruminated on his next step, which would have been to the Marshalsea, and saw the night come on, attended with hunger and cold, the wind began to blow, and the tiles of the house rattled with the storm: his imagination was immediately struck with the idea of escaping unperceived, amidst the darkness and noise of the tempest, by creeping out of the window of his apartment, and making his way over the tops of the. adjoining houses. Glowing with this prospect, he examined the passage, which, to his infinite mortification, he found grated with iron bars on. the outfide; but even this difficulty did not prevent him from his purpose. Conscious of his own strength, he believed himself able to make an hole thro' the roof, which feemed to be flender and crazy; and on this supposition, he barricadoed the door with the whole furniture of the room; then, fetting himself to work with a poker, he in a few minutes effected a passage for his hand, with which he gradually stripped off the boards and H 5

tiling, so as to open a fally-port for his whole body, thro' which he fairly fet himfelf free, groping his way towards the next tenement. Here. however, he met with an unlucky accident: his hat being blown off his head, chanced to fall into the court just as one of the bailiff's followers was knocking at the door; and this myrmidon recognizing it immediately, gave the alarm to his chief, who, running up stairs to the garret, forced open the door in a twinkling, notwithstanding the precautions which the prisoner had taken, and, with his attendant, purfued the fugitive thro' his own " After this chace had continued fome track. time (faid the officer), to the imminent danger of all three, I found my progress suddenly stopt by a sky-light, through which I perceived seven taylors fitting at work upon a board. Without the least hesitation, or previous notice, I plunged among them with my backfide foremost. Before they could recollect themselves from the consternation occasioned by fuch a strange visit, told them my fituation, and gave them to understand that there was no time to be loft. One of the number taking the hint, led me instantly down stairs, and dismissed me at the street door; while the bailiff and his follower, arriving at the breach, were deterred from entering by the brethren of my deliverer, who prefenting their shears, like a range of chevaux de frise, commanded them to retire, on pain of immediate death: and the catchpole, rather than risk his carcase, confented to discharge the debt, comforting himself with the hope of making me prisoner again. There, however, he was disappointed: I kept fnug, and laughed at his escape warrant, until I was ordered abroad with the regiment, when I conveyed conveyed myself in a hearse to Gravesend, where I embarked for Flanders; but, being obliged to come over again on the recruiting service, I was nabbed on another score: and all the satisfaction my first captor has been able to obtain, is a writ of detainer; which, I believe, will fix me in this place, until the parliament, in its great goodness, shall think proper to discharge my debts, by a new

act of infolvency."

Every body owned, that the captain's fuccess was equal to the hardiness of his enterprize, which was altogether in the style of a foldier: but one of the merchants observed, that he must have been a bailiff of small experience, who would trust a prisoner of that consequence in such an unguarded place. "If the captain (faid he) had fallen into the hands of fuch a cunning rafcal as the fellow that arrested me, he would not have found it such an easy matter to escape; for the manner in which I was caught, is perhaps the most extraordinary that ever was practifed in these realms. You must know, gentlemen, I suffered such losses by infuring veffels, during the war, that I was obliged to stop payment, though my expectations were fuch as encouraged me to manage one branch of business, without coming to any immediate composition with my creditors. In short, I received confignments from abroad as usual; and that I might not be subject to the visits of those catchpoles, I never stirred abroad, but turning my first floor into a warehouse, ordered all my goods to be hoisted up by a crane, fixed to the upper story of my house. Divers were the stratagems practifed by those ingenious ferrets, with a view of decoying me from the walls of my fortification. I received innumerable meffages from people,

people, who wanted to fee me at certain taverns, upon particular business: I was summoned into the country, to fee my own mother who was faid to be at the point of death. A gentlewoman, one night, was taken in labour on my threshold: at another time, I was disturbed with the cry of murder in the street; and once I was alarmed by a false fire. But, being still upon my guard, I baffled all their attempts, and thought myfelf quite fecure from their invention, when one of those blood-hounds, inspired, I believe, by the devil himself, contrived a snare by which I was at last entrapped. He made it his business to enquire into the particulars of my traffic; and understanding that, among other things, there were feveral chefts of Florence entered at the custom-house on my behalf, he ordered himfelf to be inclosed in a box of the same dimensions, with air-holes in the bottom, for the benefit of breathing, and No. III. marked upon the cover; and being conveyed to my door in a cart, among other goods, was, in his turn, hoisted up to my warehouse, where I stood with a hammer, in order to open the chefts, that I might compare the contents with the invoice. You may guess my surprize and consternation, when, upon uncovering the box, I faw a bailiff rearing up his head, like Lazarus from the grave, and heard him declare that he had a writ against me for a thousand pounds. Indeed, I aimed the hammer at his head, but, in the hurry of my confusion, missed my mark: before I could repeat the blow, he started up with great agility, and executed his office in fight of feveral evidences, whom he had affembled in the street for that purpose; so that I could not possibly disentangle myself from the toil, without incurring an an escape-warrant, from which I had no protection. But, had I known the contents of the chest, by all that's good! I would have ordered my porter to raise it up, as high as the crane would permit, and then have cut the rope by accident."

"That expedient (faid the knight with the red ribbon) would have discouraged him from such hazardous attempts for the future, and would have been an example in terrorem of all his brethren. The story puts me in mind of a deliverance atchieved by Tom Hackabout, a very stout, honest fellow, an old acquaintance of mine, who had been fo famous for maining bailiffs. that another gentleman having been ill used at a spunging-house, no sooner obtained his liberty than, with a view of being revenged upon the landlord, he, for five shillings, bought one of Tom's notes, which fold at a very large discount, and taking out a writ upon it, put it into the hands of the bailiff, who had used him ill. The catchpole, after a diligent fearch, had an opportunity of executing the writ upon the defendant, who, without ceremony, broke one of his arms, fractured his fcull, and belaboured him in fuch a manner, that he lay without fense or motion on the fpot. By fuch exploits, this hero became fo formidable, that no fingle bailiff would undertake to arrest him; so that he appeared in all public places untouched. At length, however, feveral officers of the marshalfea-court entered into a confederacy against him; and two of the number, attended by three desperate followers, ventured to arrest him one day in the Strand, near Hungerford market: he found it impossible to make refiftance, because the whole gang sprung upon him at once, like fo many tigers, and pinioned nioned his arms so fast, that he could not wag a finger. Perceiving himself fairly overpowered, he desired to be conducted forthwith to jail; and was stowed in a boat accordingly: by that time they had reached the middle of the river, he found means to overset the wherry by accident, and every man disregarding the prisoner, consulted his own safety. As for Hackabout, to whom that element was quite familiar, he mounted astride upon the keel of the boat, which was uppermost, and exhorted the bailists to swim for their lives; protesting, before God, that they had no other chance to be saved.

The watermen were immediately taken up by some of their own friends, who, far from yielding any affiftance to the catch-poles, kept aloof, and exulted in their calamity. In short, two of the five went to the bottom, and never faw the light of God's fun, and the other three, with great difficulty, faved themselves by laying hold on the rudder of a dung-barge, to which they were carried by the stream, while Tom, with great deliberation, swam across to the Surry shore. After this atchievement, he was fo much dreaded by the whole fraternity. that they shivered at the very mention of his name; and this character, which some people would think an advantage to a man in debt, was the greatest misfortune that could possibly happen to him; because no tradesman would give him credit for the least trifle, on the supposition that he could not indemnify himself in the common course of law."

The parson did not approve of Mr. Hackabout's method of escaping, which he considered as a very unchristian attempt upon the lives of his fellow-subjects: "It is enough (said he) that

PEREGRINE PICKLE. 159 we elude the laws of our country, without murdering the officers of justice : for my own part, I can lay my hand upon my heart, and fafely fay, that I forgive from my foul the fellow by whom I was made a prisoner, although the circumstances of his behaviour were treacherous, wicked, and You must know, Mr. Pickle, I was one day called into my chapel, in order to join a couple in the holy bands of matrimony; and my affairs being at that time fo fituated, as to lay me under apprehensions of an arrest, I cautiously furveyed the man through a lattice which was made for that purpose, before I would venture to come within his reach. He was clothed in a feaman's jacket and trowfers, and had fuch an air of fimplicity in his countenance, as divested me of all suspicion I therefore, without further fcruple, trusted myself in his presence, began to exercise the duty of my function, and had actually performed one half of the ceremony when the supposed woman, pulling out a paper from her bosom, exclaimed with a masculine voice, "Sir, you are my prisoner, I have got a writ against you for five hundred pounds," I was thunderstruck at this declaration, not fo much on account of my own misfortune, which (thank Heaven) I can bear with patience and refignation, as at the impiety of the wretch, first, in disguising such a worldly aim under the cloak of religion; and fecondly, in proftituting the fervice, when there was no occasion for fo doing, his defign having previously taken effect. Yet I forgive him, poor foul! because he knew not what he did; and I hope you, Sir Sipple, will exert the fame christian virtue to-

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wards the man by whom you was likewise over-reached."

"Oh! damn the rascal (cried the knight), were I his judge, he should be condemned to flames everlasting. A villain! to difgrace me in such a manner, before almost all the fashionable company in town." Our hero expressing a curiofity to know the particulars of this adventure, the knight gratified his defire by telling him that one evening, while he was engaged in a party of cards, at a drum in the house of a certain lady of quality, he was given to understand by one of the servants, that a stranger, very richly dressed, was just arrived in a chair, preceded by five footmen with flambeaus, and that he refused to come up stairs, until he should be introduced by Sir Sipple. "Upon this notice (continued the knight) I judged it was fome of my quality friends; and having obtained her ladyship's permission to bring him up, went down to the hall, and perceived a person, whom, to the best of my recollection, I had never seen before. However, his appearance was fo magnificent, that I could not harbour the least suspicion, of his true quality; and feeing me advance, he faluted me with a very genteel bow, observing, that though he had not the honour of my acquaintance, he could not dispense with waiting upon me, even on that occasion, in consequence of a letter which he had received from a particular friend. So faying, he put a paper into my hand, intimating, that he had got a writ against me for ten thoufand pounds, and that it would be my interest to fubmit without relistance, for he was provided, with a guard of twenty men, who furrounded the door in different difguifes, determined to fecure

cure me against all opposition. Enraged at the fcoundrel's finesse, and trusting to the assistance of the real footmen affembled in the hall, "So, you are a rascally bailiff (faid I), who have assumed the garb of a gentleman, in order to disturb her ladyship's company. Take this fellow, my lads, and roll him in the kennel: here are ten guineas for your trouble. These words were no sooner pronounced, than I was seized, lifted up, placed in a chair, and carried off in the twinkling of an eye: not but that the fervants of the house, and some footmen, made a motion towards my rescue, and alarmed all the company above; but the bailiff affirming with undaunted effrontery, that I was taken up upon an affair of state, and so many people appearing in his behalf, the countess would not fuffer the supposed messenger to be insulted; and he carried me to the county-jail, without further lett or molestation."

CHAP. XCVIII.

Albert this intelligence with a trate diff.

Pickle feems tolerably well reconciled to his cage; and is by the clergyman entertained with the memoirs of a noted personage, whom he fees by accident in the Fleet.

THE knight had scarce sinished his narrative, when our hero was told, that a gentleman in the coffee-room wanted to see him; and when he went thither, he found his friend Crabtree, who had transacted all his affairs, according to the determination of the preceding day;

day; and now gave him an account of the remarks he had overheard, on the subject of his misfortune: for the manner of the arrest was so public and extraordinary, that those who were present, immediately propagated it among their acquaintance, and it was that fame evening discoursed upon at several tea and card-tables, with this variation from the truth, that the debt amounted to twelve thousand instead of twelve hundred pounds: from which circumstance it was conjectured, that Peregrine was a bite from the beginning, who had found credit on account of his effrontery and appearance, and imposed himself upon the town as a young gentleman of fortune. They rejoiced, therefore, at his calamity, which they confidered as a just punishment for his fraud and presumption, and began to review certain particulars of his conduct, that plainly demonstrated him to be a rank adventurer, long before he had arrived at this end of his career.

Pickle, who now believed his glory was fet for ever, received this intelligence with that difdain which enables a man to detach himself effectually from the world, and, with great tranquillity, gave the misanthrope an entertaining detail of what he had seen and heard since their last parting. While they amused themselves in this manner over a dish of cosse, they were joined by the parson, who congratulated our hero upon his bearing mischance with such philosophic quiet, and began to regale the two friends with some curious circumstances relating to the private history of the several prisoners as they happened to come in.

At length a gentleman entered: at fight of whom the clergyman rose up, and saluted him with a most reverential bow, which was graciously returned by the stranger, who, with a young man that attended him, retired to the other end of the room. They were no fooner out of hearing, than the communicative priest defired his company to take particular notice of this person to whom he had paid his respects: "That man (said he) is this day one of the most flagrant instances of neglected virtue which the world can produce. Over and above a cool, difcerning head, fraught with uncommon learning and experience he is possessed of fuch fortitude and resolution, as no difficulties can discourage, and no danger impair; and so indefatigable in humanity, that even now, while he is furrounded with fuch embarrassments as would distract the brain of any ordinary mortal, he has added confiderably to his incumbrances, by taking under his protection that young gentleman, who, induced by his character, appealed to his benevolence for redrefs of the grievances under which he labours from the villany of his guardian."

Peregrine's curiofity being excited by this encomium, he asked the name of this generous patron, of which when he was informed, "I am no stranger (said he) to the same of that gentleman, who has made a considerable noise in the world, on account of that great cause he undertook in desence of an unhappy orphan; and since he is a person of such an amiable disposition, I am heartily forry to find that his endeavours have not met with that successful issue, which their good fortune in the beginning seemed to promise. Indeed, the circumstance of his espousing

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that cause was so uncommon and romantic, and the depravity of the human heart so universal, that some people, unacquainted with his real character, imagined his views were altogether felfish; and fome were not wanting, who affirmed he was a mere adventurer. Nevertheless, I must do him the justice to own, I have heard some of the most virulent of those who were concerned on the other fide of the question, bear testimony in his favour, observing, that he was deceived into the expence of the whole, by the plaufible flory which at first engaged his compassion. Your description of his character confirms me in the same opinion, though I am quite ignorant of the affair; the particulars of which I should be glad to learn, as well as a genuine account of his own life, many circumstances of which are by his enemies, I believe, egregiously mifrepresented."

evidence.

16.62

Mr. M——'s father was a minister of the established church of Scotland, descended from a very ancient clan, and his mother nearly related to a noble family in the northern part of that kingdom. While the son was boarded at a public school, where he made good progress in the Latin tongue, his father died, and he was left an orphan to the care of an uncle, who, finding him

him determined against any servile employment, kept him at school, that he might prepare himself for the university, with a view of being qualified

for his father's profession.

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AUGUE.

Here his imagination was fo heated by the warlike atchievements he found recorded in the Latin authors, fuch as Cæfar, Curtius and Buchanan, that he was feized with an irrefiftible thirst of military glory, and defire of trying his fortune in the army. His majesty's troops taking the field, in consequence of the rebellion which happened in the year feventeen hundred and fifteen, this young adventurer, thinking no life equal to that of a foldier, found means to furnish himself with a fufil and bayonet, and leaving the school, repaired to the camp near Stirling, with a view of fignalizing himself in the field, though he was at that time but just turned of thirteen. He offered his fervice to feveral officers, in hope of being inlisted in their companies; but they would not receive him, because they rightly concluded that he was fome fchool-boy broke loofe, without the knowledge or confent of his relations. withstanding this discouragement, he continued in camp, curiously prying into every part of the fervice; and fuch was the resolution conspicuous in him, even at fuch a tender age, that after his small finances were exhausted, he persisted in his defign; and because he would not make his wants known, actually subfifted for several days on hips, haws and floes, and other fpontaneous fruits which he gathered in the woods and fields. Meanwhile, he never failed to be present, when any regiment, or corps of men, were drawn out to be exercifed and reviewed, and accompanied them in all their evolutions, which he had learnt to great perfection, by observing the companies which were quartered in the place where he was at school. This eagerness and perseverance attracted the notice of many officers, who, after having commended his spirit and zeal, pressed him to return to his parents, and even threatened to expel him from the camp, if he would not comply with their advice.

These remonstrances having no other effect than that of warning him to avoid his monitors, they thought proper to alter their behaviour towards him, took him into their protection, and even into their mess; and what, above all other marks of favour, pleafed the young foldier most, permitted him to incorporate in the battalion, and take his turn of duty with the other men. In this happy fituation he was discovered by a relation of his mother, who was a captain in the army, and who used all his authority and influence in perfuading M--- to return to school; but finding him deaf to his admonitions and threats, he took him under his own care, and when the army marched to Dumblane, left him at Stirling, with express injunction to keep himself within the walls.

He temporifed with his kinfman, fearing, that should he seem refractory, the captain would have ordered him to be shut up in the castle. Inslamed with the desire of seeing a battle, his relation no sooner marched off the ground, than he mixed in with another regiment, to which his former patrons belonged, and proceeded to the field, where he distinguished himself, even at that early time of life, by his gallantry, in helping to retrieve a pair of colours belonging to M——n's regiment; so that after the affair,

affair, he was presented to the duke of Argyle, and recommended strongly to brigadier Grant, who invited him into his regiment, and promised to provide for him with the first opportunity: But that gentleman in a little time lost his command upon the duke's disgrace, and the regiment was ordered for Ireland, being given to colonel Nassau, whose favour the young volunteer acquired to such a degree, that he was recommended to the king for an ensigncy, which in all probability he would have obtained, had not the regi-

ment been unluckily reduced.

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In consequence of this reduction, which happened in the most severe season of the year, he was obliged to return to his own country, thro' infinite hardships, to which he was exposed from the narrowness of his circumstances: and continuing still enamoured of a military life, he entered into the regiment of Scotch Greys, at that time commanded by the late Sir James Campbell, who being acquainted with his family and character, encouraged him with the promife of speedy preferment. In this corps he remained three years, during which he had no opportunity of feeing actual service, except at the affair of Glenfheel; and this life of infipid quiet must have hung heavy upon a youth of M---'s active difposition, had not he found exercise for the mind, in reading books of amusement, history, voyages, and geography, together with those that treated of the art of war ancient and modern, for which he contracted fuch an eager appetite, that he used to spend fixteen hours a day in this employment. About that time he became acquainted with a gentleman of learning and tafte, who observing his indefatigable application, and

infatiable thirst after knowledge, took upon himself the charge of superintending his studies; and by the direction of fuch an able guide, the young foldier converted his attention to a more folid and profitable course of reading. So inordinate was his defire of making speedy advances in the paths of learning, that within the compass of three months, he diligently perused the writings of Locke and Malebranche, and made himself master of the first six, and of the eleventh and twelfth books of Euclid's Elements. He confidered Puffendorf and Grotius with uncommon care, acquired a tolerable degree of knowledge in the French language, and his imagination was fo captivated with the defire of learning, that feeing no prospect of a war, or views of being provided for in the fervice, he quitted the army, and went through a regular course of university education. Having made fuch progress in his studies, he resolved to qualify himself for the church, and acquired such a stock of school divinity under the instructions of a learned professor at Edinburgh, that he more than once mounted the rostrum in the public hall, and held forth with uncommon applaufe: but being discouraged from a prosecution of his plan, by the unreasonable austerity of some of the Scotch clergy, by whom the most indifferent and innocent words and actions were often mifconstrued into levity and misconduct, he refolved to embrace the first favourable opportunity of going abroad, being inflamed with the defire of feeing foreign countries, and actually fet out for Holland, where for the space of two years, he studied the Roman law, with the law

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of nature and nations, under the famous profesfors

Tolieu and Barbeyrac.

Having thus finished his school education, he set out for Paris, with a view to make himself perfect in the French language, and learn such useful exercises, as might be acquired with the wretched remnant of his slender estate, which was by that time reduced very low. In his journey through the Netherlands, he went to Namur, and paid his respects to bishop Strickland and general Collier, by whom he was received with great civility in consequence of letters of recommendation, with which he was provided from the Hague, and the old general assured him of his protection and interest for a pair of colours, if he was disposed to enter into the Dutch service.

Though he was by that time pretty well cured of his military Quixotifm, he would not totally decline the generous proffer, for which he thanked him in the most grateful terms, telling the general that he would pay his duty to him on his return from France, and then, if he could determine upon re-engaging in the army, should think himself highly honoured in being under his com-

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After a stay of two months in Flanders, he proceeded to Paris, and, far from taking up his habitation in the suburbs of St. Germain, according to the custom of English travellers, he hired a private lodging on the other side of the river, and associated chiesly with French officers, who (their youthful sallies being over) are allowed to be the politest gentlemen of that kingdom. In this scheme he found his account so much, that he could not but wonder at the folly of his country-Vol. IV.

men, who lose the main scope of their going abroad, by spending their time and fortune idly with one another.

During his residence in Holland he had made himself acquainted with the best authors in the French language, to that he was able to there in their convertation; a circumstance from which he found great benefit; for it not only improved him in his knowledge of that tongue, but also tended to the enlargement of his acquaintance, in the course of which he contracted intimacies in some families of good fashion, especially those of the long robe, which would have enabled him to pass his time very agreeably, had he been a little easier in point of fortune: but his finances, notwithstanding the most rigid economy, being in a few months reduced to a very low ebb, the profpect of indigence threw a damp upon all his pleasures, though he never fuffered himself to be thereby in any degree dispirited; being in that respect of so happy a disposition, that conscious poverty or abundance made very flight impressions upon his mind.

This confumption of his east, however, involved him in some perplexity; and he deliberated with himself, whether he should return to general Collier, or repair to London, where he might possibly fall into some business not unbecoming a gentleman; though he was very much mortified to find himself incapable of gratifying an inordinate defire which possessed him of making the grand tour, or at least, of visiting the fouthern

parts of France.

While he thus hefitated between different fuggestions, he was one morning visited by a gentleman who had fought and cultivated his friendship, and for whom he had done a good office, in supporting him with spirit, against a brutal German, with whom he had an affair of honour. This gentleman came to propose a party for a fortnight, to Fontainbleau, where the court then was; and the propofal being declined by M-with more than usual stiffness, his friend was very urgent to know the reason of his refusal, and at length, with some confusion, said, " perhaps your finances are low." replied, that he had wherewithal to defray the expence of his journey to London, where he could be furnished with a fresh supply; and this answer was no sooner made, than the other taking him by the hand, "My dear friend (faid he), I am not unacquainted with your affairs, and would have offered you my credit long ago, if I had thought it would be acceptable; even now, I do not pretend to give you money, but defire and infift upon it, that you will accept of the loan of thefe two pieces of paper, [to be repaid when you marry a woman with a fortune of twenty thousand pounds, or obtain an employment of a thousand a year." So faying, he presented him with two actions of above two thousand livers each.

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M—— was aftonished at this unexpected instance of generosity in a stranger, and with suitable acknowledgment, peremptorily refused to incur such an obligation; but at length, he was, by dint of importunity, and warm expostulation, prevailed upon to accept one of the actions, on condition that the gentleman would take his note for the sum; and this he absolutely rejected until M—— promised to draw upon him for double the value or more, in case he should at any time want a farther supply. This uncommon act of

friendship

friendship and generosity, M— afterwards had an opportunity to repay tenfold, though he could not help regretting the occasion, on his friend's account. That worthy man having, by placing too much confidence in a villanous lawyer, and a chain of other misfortunes, involved himself and his amiable lady in a labyrinth of difficulties, which threatened the total ruin of his family; M— felt the inexpressible satisfaction of delivering his benefactor from the snare.

Being thus reinforced by the generofity of his friend, M-refolved to execute his former plan of feeing the fouth of France, together with the sea-ports of Spain, as far as Cadiz, from whence he proposed to take a passage for London by sea; and with this view, fent forwards his trunks by the Diligence to Lyons, determined to ride post, in order to enjoy a better view of the country, and for the conveniency of stopping at those places where there was any thing remarkable to be feen or en-While he was employed in taking quired into. leave of his Parisian friends, who furnished him with abundant recommendation, a gentleman of his own country, who spoke little or no French, hearing of his intention, begged the favour of accompanying him in his expedition.

With this new companion, therefore, he set out for Lyons, where he was perfectly well received by the intendant and some of the best families of the place, in consequence of his letters of recommendation; and after a short stay in that city, proceeded down the Rhone, to Avignon, in what is called the coche d'eau; then visiting the principal towns of Dauphine, Languedoc and Provence, he returned to the delightful city

of Marseilles, where he and his fellow-traveller were so much captivated by the serenity of the air, the good nature and hospitality of the sprightly inhabitants, that they never dreamed of changing their quarters, during the whole winter, and part of the spring: here he acquired the acquaintance of the marquis D'Argens, attorney-general in the parliament of Aix, and of his eldest son, who now makes so great a figure in the literary world; and when the affair of father Girard and mademoiselle Cadiere began to make a noise, he accompanied these two gentlemen to Toulon, where the marquis was ordered to take precognition of the facts.

On his return to Marseilles, he found a certain noble lord of great fortune under the direction of a Swiss governor, who had accommodated him with two of his own relations, of the same country, by way of companions, together with five servants in his train. They being absolute strangers in the place, M—— introduced them to the intendant, and several other good families; and had the good fortune to be so agreeable to his lordship, that he proposed and even pressed him to live with him in England, as a friend and companion; and to take upon him the superintendance of his affairs, in which case he would settle upon him four hundred a year for life.

This proposal was too advantageous to be slighted by a person of no fortune, or fixed establishment: he therefore made no difficulty of closing with it: but as his lordship's departure was fixed to a short day, and he urged him to accompany him to Paris, and from thence to England, M—— thought it would be improper and indecent to interfere with the office of his

governor,

governor, who might take umbrage at his favour, and therefore excused himself from a compliance with his lordship's request, until his minority should be expired, as he was within a few months of being of age. However, he repeated his importunities fo earnestly, and the governor joined in the requeft, with fuch appearance of cordiality, that he was prevailed upon to comply with their joint defire; and in a few days fet out with them for Paris, by the way of Lyons. But before they had been three days in the city, M-perceived a total change in the behaviour of the Swifs and his two relations, who, in all probability, became jealous of his influence with his lordship; and he no sooner made this discovery, than he resolved to withdraw himself from such a disagreeable participation of that young nobleman's favour. He therefore, in fpite of all his lordship's intreaties and remonstrances, quitted him for the present; alleging, as a pretext, that he had a longing defire to fee Switzerland and the banks of the Rhine, and promifing to meet him again in England.

This his intention being made known to the governor and his friends, their countenances immediately cleared up, their courtefy and complaifance returned and they even furnished him with letters for Geneva, Lausanne, Bern, and Soleures; in consequence of which he met with unusual civilities at these places. Having made this tour with his Scotch friend (who came up to him before he left Lyons), and visited the most considerable towns on both sides of the Rhine, and the courts of the Electors Palatine, Mentz, and Cologn, he arrived in Holland; and from thence, through the Netherlands, repaired to Lon-

don, where he found my lord just returned from Paris.

His lordship received him with expressions of uncommon joy, would not suffer him to stir from him for several days, and introduced him to his relations.

M— accompanied his lordship from London to his country-seat, where he was indeed treated with great friendship and confidence, and consulted in every thing; but the noble peer never once made mention of the annuity which he had promised to settle upon him; nor did M— remind him of it, because he conceived it was his affair to sulfil his engagements of his own accord. M—being tired of the manner of living at this place, made an excursion to Bath, where he staid about a fortnight, to partake of the diversions; and, upon his return, found his lordship making dispositions

for another journey to Paris.

Surprised at this sudden resolution, he endeavoured to diffuade him from it: but his remonstrances were rendered ineffectual by the infinuations of a foreigner who had come over with him, and filled his imagination with extravagant notions of pleafure, infinitely superior to any which he could enjoy while he was in the trammels, and under the restraints of a governor. He therefore turned a deaf ear to all M---'s arguments, and intreated him to accompany him in the journey; but this gentleman, forefeeing that a young man, like my lord, of strong passions and easy to be misled, would, in all probability, fquander away great fums of money, in a way that would neither do credit to himself or to those who were concerned with him, refifted all his folicitations.

folicitations, on pretence of having business of confequence at London; and afterwards had reason to be extremely well pleased with his own conduct

in this particular.

Before he fet out on this expedition, Min justice to himself, reminded him of the propofal which he had made to him at Marfeilles, defiring to know if he had altered his defign in that particular; in which case he would turn his thoughts fome other way; as he would not in the least be thought to intrude or pin himfelf upon any man. My lord protested in the most folemn manner, that he still continued in his former resolution; and again befeeching him to bear him company into France, promifed that every thing should be settled to his satisfaction, upon their return to England. M-, however, still persisted in his refusal, for the above-mentioned reasons, and though he never heard more of the annuity, he nevertheless continued to ferve his lordship with his advice and good offices ever after; particularly in directing his choice to an alliance with a lady of eminent virtue, the daughter of a noble lord, more conspicuous for his shining parts than the splendor of his titles (a circumstance upon which he always reflected with particular fatisfaction, as well on account of the extraordinary merit of the lady, as because it vested in her children a confiderable part of that great estate, which, of right, belonged to her grandmother) and afterwards put him in a way to retrieve his estate fron. a heavy load of debt he had contracted. When my lord fet out on his Paris expedition, the money M----- had received from his generous friend at Paris was almost reduced to the last guinea. He had not yet reaped the least benefit

benefit from his engagements with his lordship; and disdaining to ask for a supply from him, he knew not how to subsist, with any degree of credit, till his return.

This uncomfortable prospect was the more disagreeable to him, as, at that time of life, he was much inclined to appear in the gay world, had contracted a tafte for plays, operas, and other public diversions, and acquired an acquaintance with many people of good fashion, which could not be maintained without a confiderable expence. In this emergency, he thought he could not employ his idle time more profitably than in translating, from foreign languages, such books as were then chiefly in vogue; and upon application to a friend, who was a man of letters, he was furnished with as much business of that kind as he could possibly manage, and wrote some pamphlets on the reigning controversies of that time, that he had the good fortune to please. He was also concerned in a monthly journal of literature, and the work was carried on by the two friends jointly, though Mdid not at all appear in the partnership. By these means he not only fpent his mornings in ufeful exercife, but supplied himself with money for what the French call the menus plaifirs, during the whole He frequented all the affemblies in and fummer. about London, and confiderably enlarged his acquaintance among the fair fex.

He had, upon his first arrival in England, become acquainted with a lady at an assembly not far from London, and though, at that time, he had no thoughts of extending his views farther than the usual gallantry of the place, he met with such distinguishing marks of her regard in the

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fequel, and was so particularly encouraged by the advice of another lady, with whom he had been intimate in France, and who was now of their parties, that he could not help entertaining hopes of making an impression upon the heart of his agreeable partner, who was a young lady of an ample fortune and great expectations. He therefore cultivated her good graces with all the assiduity and address of which he was master; and succeeded so well in his endeavours, that, after a due course of attendance, and the death of an aunt, by which she received an accession of fortune, to the amount of three and twenty thousand pounds, he ventured to declare his passion, and she not only heard him with patience and approbation, but also replied in

terms adequate to his warmest wish.

Finding himself fo favourably received, he pressed her to secure his happiness by marriage; but, to this proposal, the objected the recency of her kinfwoman's death, which would have rendered fuch a ftep highly indecent, and the difpleafure of her other relations, from whom the had still greater expectations, and who at that time importuned her to marry a cousin of her own, whom fhe could not like. However, that M- might have no cause to repine at her delay, the freely entered with him into an intimacy of correspondence; during which, nothing could have added to their mutual felicity, which was the more poignant and refined, from the mysterious and romantic manner of their enjoying it; for though he publicly visited her as an acquaintance, his behaviour on these occasions, was always fo diftant, respectful, and reserved, that the rest of the company could not possibly suspect the nature of their reciprocal attachment; in confequence of which, they used to have private interviews, unknown to every soul upon earth, except her maid, who was necessarily intrusted with the secret.

In this manner they enjoyed the conversation of each other for above twelve months, without the least interruption; and though the stability of Mr. M——'s fortune entirely depended upon their marriage, yet as he perceived his mistress so averse to it, he never urged it with vehemence, nor was at all anxious on that score; being easily induced to defer a ceremony, which, as he then thought, could in no shape have added to their satisfaction, though he hath since altered his sentiments.

Be that as it will, his indulgent mistress, in order to set his mind at ease in that particular, and in sull considence of his honour, insisted on his accepting a deed of gift of her whole fortune, in consideration of their intended marriage; and after some dissiculty, he was prevailed upon to receive this proof of her esteem, well knowing that it would still be in his power to return the obligation. Though she often intreated him to take upon himself the entire administration of her finances, and upon divers occasions pressed him to accept of large sums, he never once abused her generous disposition, or solicited her for money, except for some humane purpose, which she was always more ready to fulfil, than he to propose.

In the course of this correspondence, he became acquainted with some of her semale relations; and, among the rest, with a young lady, so eminently adorned with all the qualifications of

mind

mind and person, that, notwithstanding all his philosophy and caution, he could not behold and converse with her, without being deeply smitten with her charms. He did all in his power to discourage this dangerous invafion in the beginning, and to conceal the least symptom of it from her relation; he fummoned all his reflection to his aid; and thinking it would be base and dishonest to cherish any fentiment, repugnant to the affection which he owed to a mistress, who had placed such unlimited confidence in him, he attempted to stifle the infant flame by avoiding the amiable inspirer of it. But the passion had taken too deep a root in his heart, to be fo eafily extirpated; his absence from the dear object increased the impatience of his love. The intestine conflict between that and gratitude, deprived him of his rest and appetite. He was, in a short time, emaciated by continual watching, anxiety, and want of nourishment; and fo much altered from his usual chearfulness, that his mistress being surprised and alarmed at the change, which, from the fymptoms, she judged was owing to some uneafiness of mind, took all imaginable pains to discover the cause.

In all probability it did not escape her penetration; for she more than once, asked if he was in love with her cousin; protesting that, far from being an obstacle to his happiness, she would, in that case, be an advocate for his passion. However, this declaration was never made without manifest signs of anxiety and uneasiness, which made such an impression upon the heart of M——, that he resolved to facrisice his happiness, and even his life, rather than take any step which might be construed into an injury or insult to a

person

person who had treated him with such generosity

and goodness.

In confequence of this resolution he formed another, which was to go abroad, under pretence of recovering his health, but in reality, to avoid the temptation, as well as the suspicion of being inconfant; and in this defign he was confirmed by his physician, who actually thought him in the first stage of a consumption, and therefore advised him to repair to the fouth of France. He communicated his defign, with the doctor's opinion, to the lady, who agreed to it with much less difficulty than he found in conquering his own reluctance, at parting with the dear object of his love. The confent of his generous mistress being obtained, he waited upon her with the instrument whereby she had made the conveyance of her fortune to him; and all his remonstrances being infusficient to perfuade her to take it back, he cancelled it in her prefence, and placed it in that state upon her toilet, while she was dreffing; whereupon she shed a torrent of tears, faying, the now plainly perceived that he wanted to tear himself from her, and that his affections were settled upon another. He was fenfibly affected by this proof of her concern; and endeavoured to calm the perturbation of her mind, by vowing eternal fidelity, and preffing her to accept of his hand in due form, before his departure. By these means her transports were quieted for the present, and the marriage deferred, for the fame prudential reasons which had hitherto pre-

Matters being thus compromised, and the day fixed for his departure, she, together with her faithful maid, one morning visited him for for the first time at his own lodgings; and after breakfast, desiring to speak with him in private, he conducted her into another room, where assuming an unufual gravity of aspect, "My dear M-(faid she) you are now going to leave me, and God alone knows if ever we shall meet again: therefore if you really love me with that tenderness which you profess, you will accept of this mark of my friendship and unalterable affection; it will at least be a provision for your journey; and if any accident should befal me, before I have the happiness of receiving you again into my arms, I shall have the fatisfaction of knowing that you are not altogether without refource." So faying, the put an embroidered pocket-book into his hand. He expressed the high sense he had of her generofity and affection in the most pathetic terms, and begged leave to suspend his acceptance, until he should know the contents of her present, which was fo extraordinary, that he absolutely refused to receive it: he was, however, by her repeated intreaties, in a manner compelled to receive about one half, and she afterwards infifted upon his taking a reinforcement of a confiderable fum for the expence of his journey.

Having staid with her ten days beyond the time he had fixed for his departure, and settled the method of their correspondence, he took his leave with an heart full of sorrow, anxiety, and distraction, produced from the different suggestions of his duty and love. He then set out for France, and after a short stay at Paris, proceeded to Aix in Provence, and from thence to Marseilles, at which two places he continued for

fome

fome months: but nothing he met with being able to dissipate those melancholy ideas which still preyed upon his imagination, and affected his spirits, he endeavoured to elude them with a succession of new objects; and with that view, persuaded a counsellor of the parliament of Aix, a man of great worth, learning, and good humour, to accompany him, in making a tour of those parts of France which he had not yet seen. On their return from this excursion, they sound at Aix an Italian Abbé, a person of character, and great knowledge of men and books, who having travelled all over Germany and France, was so far on his return to his

own country.

M-having, by means of his friend the counfellor, contracted an acquaintance with this gentleman, and being defirous of feeing some parts of Italy, particularly the carnival at Venice, they fet out together from Marseilles, in a tartan, for Genoa, coafting it all the way, and lying on shore every night. Having shewn him what was most remarkable in this city, his friend the Abbé was fo obliging, as to conduct him through Tuscany, and the most remarkable cities in Lombardy, to Venice. where M-infifted upon defraying the expence of the whole tour, in consideration of the Abbe's complaifance, which had been of infinite fervice to him, in the course of this expedition. Having remained five weeks at Venice, he was preparing to fet out for Rome with some English Gentlemen whom he had met by accident, when he was all of a fudden obliged to change his resolution by some difagreeable letters which he received from London. He had, from his first departure, corresponded with his generous, though inconftant mistress. with

with a religious exactness and punctuality; nor was she, for some time, less observant of the agreement they had made. Nevertheless, she, by degrees, became so negligent and cold in her expression, and so slack in her correspondence, that he could not help observing and upbraiding her with such indifference; and her endeavours to palliate it were supported by pretexts so frivolous, as to be easily seen through by a lover of very little discernment.

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While he tortured himself with conjectures about the cause of this unexpected change, he received such intelligence from England, as when joined with what he himself had perceived, by her manner of writing, lest him little or no room to doubt of her sickleness and inconstancy. Nevertheless, as he knew by experience, that informations of that kind are not to be entirely relied upon, he resolved to be more certainly apprized; and for that end, departed immediately for London, by the way of

Tirol, Bavaria, Alface, and Paris.

On his arrival in England, he learned with infinite concern, that his intelligence had not been at all exaggerated; and his forrow was inexpreffible, to find a person endowed with so many other noble and amiable qualities, seduced into an indiscretion, that of necessity ruined the whole plan which had been concerted between them for their mutual happiness. She made several attempts, by letters and interviews, to palliate her conduct, and soften him into a reconciliation; but his honour being concerned, he remained deaf to all her intreaties and proposals. Nevertheless, I have often heard him say that he could not help loving her, and revering the memory

of a person to whose generosity and goodness he owed his fortune, and one whose soibles were overbalanced by a thousand good qualities. He often insisted on making restitution, but far from complying with that proposal, she afterwards often endeavoured to lay him under yet greater obligations of the same kind, and importuned him, with the warmest solicitations, to renew their former correspondence, which he as often declined.

M—— took this instance of the inconstancy of the fex fo much to heart; that he had almost refolved, for the future, to keep clear of all engagements for life, and returned to Paris in order to distipate his anxiety, where he hired an apartment in one of the academies, in the exercifes whereof he took fingular delight. During his residence at this place, he had the good fortune to ingratiate himself with a great general, a descendant of one of the most ancient and illustrious families in France; having attracted his notice by fome remarks he had written on Folard's Polybius, which were accidentally shewn to that great man by one of his aids de camp, who was a particular friend of M---. The favour he had thus acquired, was strengthened by his assiduities and attention. Upon his return to London he fent fome of Handel's newest compolitions to the prince, who was particularly fond of that gentleman's productions; together with Clark's edition of Cæsar; and in the spring of the same year, before the French army took the field, he was honoured with a most obliging letter from the prince, inviting him to come over, if he wanted to see the operations of the campaign,

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M— having still some remains of a military disposition, and conceiving this to be a more favourable opportunity than any he should ever meet with again, readily embraced the offer, and facrificed the foft delights of love, which at that time he enjoyed without controul, to an eager, laborious, and In that and the following dangerous curiofity. campaign, during which he was prefent at the fiege of Philipsburgh, and several other actions, he enlarged his acquaintance among the French officers, especially those of the graver fort, who had a taste for books and literature; and the friendship and interest of those gentlemen were afterwards of singular fervice to him, though in an affair altogether

foreign from their profession.

He had all along made diligent enquiry into the trade and manufactures of the countries through which he had occasion to travel, more particularly those of Holland, England, and France; and as he was well acquainted with the revenue and farms of this last kingdom, he saw with concern the great disadvantages under which our tobacco trade (the most considerable branch of our commerce with that people) was carried on; what inconfiderable returns were made to the planters, out of the low price given by the French company; and how much it was in the power of that company to reduce it still lower. Mhad formed a scheme to remedy this evil, so far as it related to the national loss or gain, by not permitting the duty of one penny in the pound, old fubfidy, to be drawn back, on tobacco, re-exported. He demonstrated to the ministry of that time, time, that so inconsiderable a duty could not in the least diminish the demand from abroad, which was the only circumstance to be apprehended, and that the yearly produce of that revenue would amount to one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, without one shilling additional expence to the public; but the ministry having the excisescheme then in contemplation, could think of no other till that should be tried; and that project having miscarried, he renewed his application, when they approved of his scheme in every particular, but discovered a surprising backwardness to carry it into execution.

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His expectations in this quarter being disappointed, he, by the interposition of his friends, presented a plan to the French company, in which he set forth the advantages that would accrue to themselves, from fixing the price, and securing that fort of tobacco which best suited the taste of the public and their manusacture: and finally proposed to surnish them with any quantity, at the price which they paid in the port of London

After fome difpute, they agreed to his propofal, and contracted with him for fifteen thousand hogsheads a year, for which they obliged themselves to pay ready money, on its arrival in any one or more convenient ports in the south or western coasts of Great Britain, that he should please to fix upon for that purpose. M—— no sooner obtained this contract, than he immediately set out for America, in order to put it in execution; and, by way of companion, carried with him a little French Abbé, a man of humour, wit, and learning, with whom he had been long acquainted, and for whom he had done many

good offices.

On his arrival in Virginia, which opportunely happened at a time when all the gentlemen were affembled in the capital of that province, he published a memorial representing the disadvantages under which their trade was carried on, the true method of redressing their own grievances in that respect, and proposing to contract with them for the yearly quantity of sisteen thousand hogsheads of such tobacco as was sit for the French market, at the price which he demonstrated to be considerably greater than that which they had formerly received.

This remonstrance met with all the success and encouragement he could expect: the principal planters, seeing their own interest concerned, readily assented to the proposal, which, through their influence, was also relished by the rest; and the only difficulty, that remained, related to the security for payment of the bills on the arrival of the tobacco in England, and to the time stipulated for

the continuance of the contract.

In order to remove these objections, Mr. M—returned to Europe, and sound the French company of farmers disposed to gree to every thing he defired for facilitating the execution of the contract, and persectly well pleased with the sample which he had already sent; but his good friend the Abbé (whom he had left behind him in America), by an unparalleled piece of treachery, sound means to overturn the whole project. He secretly wrote a memorial to the company, importing, that he sound by experience, M—could afford to surnish them at a much lower price than that which they had agreed

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had ced agreed to give; and that, by being in possession of the contract for five years, as was intended according to the proposal, he would have the company so much in his power, that they must afterwards submit to any price he should please to impose; and that if they thought him worthy of such a trust he would undertake to surnish them at an easier rate, in conjunction with some of the leading men in Virginia and Maryland, with whom, he said, he had already concerted measures for that purpose.

The company were so much alarmed at these infinuations, that they declined complying with Mr. M—'s demands until the Abbe's return: and though they afterwards used all their endeavours to persuade him to be concerned with that little traitor in his undertaking (by which he might still have been a very considerable gainer), he resisted all their solicitations, and plainly told them in the Abbe's presence, that he would never prostitute his own principles so far, as to enter into engagements of any kind with a person of his character, much less in a scheme that had a manifest tendency to lower

the market price of tobacco in England.

Thus ended a project the most extensive, simple, and easy, and (as appeared by the trial made) the best calculated to raise an immense fortune, of any that was ever undertaken or planned by a private person; a project, in the execution of which, M—— had the good of the public, and the glory of putting in a flourishing condition the valuable branch of our trade (which gives employment to two great provinces, and above two hundred sail of ships) much more at heart than his own private interest. It was reasonable to expect, that a man whose debts M—— had paid

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paid more than once, whom he had obliged in many other respects, and whom he had carried with him at a very considerable expence, on this expedition, merely with a view of bettering his fortune, would have acted with common honesty, if not with gratitude; but such was the depravity of this little monster's heart, that on his death-bed he left a considerable fortune to mere strangers, with whom he had little or no connexion, without the least thought of refunding the money advanced for him by M——, in order to prevent his rotting in a jail.

When M—— had once obtained a command of money, he, by his knowledge in several branches of trade, as well as by the assistance of some intelligent friends at Paris and London, found means to employ it to very good purpose; and had he been a man of that selfish disposition, which too much prevails in the world, he might have been at this day master of a very ample fortune: but his ear was never deaf to the voice of distress, nor his beneficent heart shut against the calamities of his fellow-creatures. He was even ingenious in contriving the most delicate methods of relieving modest indigence, and, by his industrious benevolence, often anticipated the requests of misery.

I could relate a number of examples to illustrate my affertions, in some of which you would perceive the most disinterested generosity; but such a detail would trespass too much upon your time, and I do not pretend to dwell upon every minute circumstance of his conduct. Let it suffice to say, that upon the declaration of war with Spain, he gave up all his commercial schemes, and called in his money from all quarters, with a view of sitting

fitting down, for the rest of his life, contented with what he had got, and restraining his liberalities to what he could spare from his yearly income. This was a very predential resolution, could he have kept it; but, upon the breaking out of the war, he could not without concern see many gentlemen of merit, who had been recommended to him, disappointed of commissions, merely for want of money to satisfy the expectations of the commission brokers of that time; and therefore launched out considerable sums for them on their bare notes, great part whereof was lost by the death of some in the unformate expedition to the West Indies.

He at length, after many other actions of the like nature, from motives of pure humanity, love of justice, and abhorrence of oppression, embarked in a cause, every way the most important that ever came under the discussion of the courts of law in these kingdoms; whether it be considered in relation to the extraordinary nature of the case, or the immense property of no less than fifty thousand pounds a year, and three peerages that depended

upon it.

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In the year 1740, the brave admiral who at that time commanded his majesty's sleet in the West Indies, among the other transactions of his squadron, transmitted to the duke of Newcastle, mentioned a young man, who, though in the capacity of a common sailer on board one of the ships under his command, laid claim to the estate and titles of the earl of A....... These pretensions were no sooner communicated in the public papers, than they became the subject of conversation in all companies; and the person whom they chiefly affected, being alarmed at the appearance

of a competitor, though at fuch distance, began to put himself in motion, and take all the precautions which he thought necessary to defeat the endeavour of the young upftart. Indeed the early intelligence he received of Mr. A----y's making himself known in the West Indies, furnished him with numberless advantages over that unhappy young gentleman; for being in possession of a plentiful fortune, and lord of many manors in the neighbourhood of the very place where the claimant was born, he knew all the witnesses who could give the most material evidence of his legitimacy; and, if his probity did not restrain him, had by his power and influence, fufficient opportunity and means of applying to the passions and interests of the witnesses, to silence many, and gain over others to his fide: while his competitor, by an absence of fifteen or fixteen years from his native country, the want of education and friends, together with his prefent helples situation, was rendered absolutely incapable of taking any step for his own advantage. And although his worthy uncle's conspicuous virtue and religious regard for justice and truth, might possibly be an unconquerable restraint to his taking any undue advantages; yet the consciences of that huge army of emissaries he kept in pay, were not altogether fo very tender and scrupulous. This much, however, may be faid, without derogation from, or impeachment of, the noble earl's nice virtue and honour, that he took care to compromise all differences with the other branches of the family. whose interests were, in this affair, connected with his own, by sharing the estate with them, and also retained most of the eminent council within

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co be his within the bar of both kingdoms against this formidable bastard, before any suit was instituted by him.

While he was thus entrenching himself against the attack of a poor forlorn youth, at the distance of sisteen hundred leagues, continually exposed to the dangers of the sea, the war, and an unhealthy climate, Mr. M——, in the common course of conversation, chanced to ask some questions relating to this romantic pretender, of one H——, who was at that time the present lord A——a's chief agent. This man, when pressed, could not help owning that the late lord A——m actually left a son, who had been spirited away into America, soon after his father's death; but said he did not know whether this was the same person.

This information could not fail to make an impression on the humanity of Mr. M——, who, being acquainted with the genius of the wicked party who had possessed themselves of this unhappy young man's estate and honours, expressed no small anxiety and apprehension less they should take him off by some means or other; and, even then, seemed disposed to contribute towards the support of the friendless orphan, and to enquire more circumstantially into the nature of his claim. In the mean time his occasions called him to France; and during his absence, Mr. A———y arrived in Lon-

don, in the month of October, 1741.

Here the clergyman was interrupted by Peregrine, who faid there was fomething fo extraordinary, not to call it improbable, in the account he had heard of the young gentleman's being fent into exile, that he would look upon himself as infinitely obliged to the doctor, if he Vol. IV. would favour him with a true representation of that transaction, as well as of the manner in which he arrived and was known at the island of Jamaica.

The parson, in compliance with our hero's request, taking up the story from the beginning, "Mr. A-y (faid he) is the fon of Arthur late lord baron of A-m, by his wife Mary Sh-d, natural daughter to John duke of B- and N-by, whom he publicly married on the 21st day of July, 1706, contrary to the inclination of his mother, and all his other relations, particularly of Arthur late earl of A-a, who bore an implacable enmity to the duke her father, and for that reafon, did all that lay in his power to traverse the marriage: but finding his endeavours ineffectual, he was so much offended, that he would never be perfectly reconciled to lord A-m, though he was his presumptive heir. After their nuptials, they cohabited together in England for the space of two or three years; during which she miscarried more than once : and he being a man of levity, and an extravagant disposition, not only squandered away all that he had received of his wife's fortune, but also contracted many considerable debts, which obliged him to make a precipitate retreat into Ireland, leaving his lady behind him in the house with his mother and fifter; who, having also been averse to the match, had always looked upon her with eyes of disgust.

It was not likely that harmony should long subfist in this family, especially as lady A——m was a woman of a losty spirit, who could not tamely bear insults and ill usage from persons, who, she had reason to believe, were her enemies at heart. Accordingly, a misunderstanding soon happened

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among them, which was fomented by the malice of one of her fifters-in-law: divers fcandalous reports of her misconduct, to which the empty pretensions of a vain, wretched coxcomb (who was made use of as an infamous tool for that purpose) gave a colourable pretext, were trumped up, and transmitted, with many false and aggravating circumftances, to her hufband in Ireland; who being a giddy unthinking man, was fo much incenfed at these infinuations, that, in the first transports of his passion, he fent to his mother a power of attorney, that she might sue for a divorce in his behalf. libel was thereupon exhibited, containing many fcandalous allegations, void of any real foundation in truth; but being unsupported by any manner of proof, it was at length dismissed with costs, after it had depended upwards of two years.

Lord A—m finding himself abused by the misrepresentations of his mother and sister, discovered an inclination to be reconciled to his lady: in consequence of which, she was sent over to Dublin by her father, to the care of a gentleman in that city; in whose house she was received by her husband, with all the demonstrations of love and esteem. From thence he conducted her to his lodgings, and then to his country-house, where she had the missfortune to suffer a miscarriage, through fear and resentment of my lord's behaviour, which was often brutal and indecent. From the country they removed to Dublin about the latter end of July, or beginning of August, 1714, where they had not long continued, when her ladyship was known to

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Lord A m and his iffue being next in remainder to the honours and eftate of Arthur earl

of A-a, was extremely folicitous to have a fon; and, warned by the frequent miscarriages of his lady, refolved to curb the natural impatience and rusticity of his disposition, that she might not, as formerly, fuffer by his outrageous conduct. He accordingly cherished her with uncommon tenderness and care: and her pregnancy being pretty far advanced, conducted her to his country feat, where fhe was delivered of Mr. A-y, about the latter end of April or beginning of May; for none of the witnesses bave been able, at this distance, with abfolute certainty, to fix the precise time of his birth, and there was no register kept in the parish: as an additional misfortune, no gentleman of fashion lived in that parish; nor did those who lived at any confiderable distance, care to cultivate an acquaintance with a man of lord A-m's strange conduct.

Be that as it will, the occasion was celebrated by his lordship's tenants and dependants upon the spot, and in the neighbouring town of New R——ss, by bonsires, illuminations, and other rejoicings; which have made such an impression upon the minds of the people, that in the place where they happened, and the contiguous parishes, several hundred persons have already declared their knowledge and remembrance of this event, in spite of the great power of the claimant's adversary in that quarter, and the great pains and indirect methods taken by his numberless agents and emissaries, as well as by those who are interested with him, in the event of the suit, to corrupt and suppress the evidence.

Lord A—m, after the birth of his fon, who was fent to nurse in the neighbourhood, according to the custom of the country (where people of

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the highest distinction put their children out to nurse into farm-houses and cabbins), lived in harmony with his lady for the space of two years: but having, by his folly and extravagance, reduced himself to great difficulties, he demanded the remainder of her fortune from her father the duke of B——, who absolutely refused to part with a shilling until a proper settlement should be made on his daughter, which by that time he had put out of his own power

to make, by his folly and extravagance.

As her ladyship, by her endeavours to reform the œconomy of her house, had incurred the difpleasure of some idle, profligate fellows, who had fastened themselves upon her husband, and helped to confume his fubstance, they seized this opportunity of the duke's refusal; and, in order to be revenged upon the innocent lady, perfuaded lord A-m, that the only means of extracting money from his grace, would be to turn her away, on pretence of infidelity to his bed, for which, they hinted, there was but too much foundation. their fuggestions, a most infamous plan was projected; in the execution of which, one P----, a poor, unbred, simple, country booby, whom they had decoyed into a fnare, loft one of his ears, and the injured lady retired that fame day to New R-s, where the continued feveral years. did not, however, leave the house, without struggling hard to carry her child along with her; but far from enjoying fuch indulgence, strict orders were given, that the boy should not, for the future, he brought within her fight. This base, inhuman treatment, instead of answering the end proposed, produced such a contrary effect, that the duke of B, by a codicil to his will, in which he reflects upon lord A—m's evil temper, directed his executors to pay to his daughter an annuity of one hundred pounds, while her lord and she should continue to live separate; and this allowance

was to cease on lord A-m's death.

While she remained in this folitary situation, the child was univerfally known and received as the legitimate fon and heir of her lord, whose affection for the boy was so conspicuous, that in the midst of his own necessities, he never failed to maintain him in the dress and equipage of a young nobleman. In the course of his infancy, his father having often changed his place of refidence, the child was put under the instructions of a great many different schoolmasters, so that he was perfectly well known in a great many different parts of the kingdom; and his mother seized all opportunities (which were but rare, on account of his father's orders to the contrary) of feeing and giving him proofs of her maternal tenderness, until she set out for England, after having been long in a declining state of health, by a paralytical diforder; upon the confequence of which, fuch dependance was placed by her inconfiderate husband, who was by this time reduced to extreme poverty, that he actually married a woman whom he had long kept as a miftrefs. This creature no fooner understood that lady A-m was departed from Ireland, than the openly avowed her marriage, and went about publicly with lord A-m, vifiting his acquaintances in the character of his wife.

From this æra may be dated the beginning of Mr. A——y's misfortunes: this artful woman, who had formerly treated the child with an appearance of fondness, in order to ingratiate her-

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felf with the father, now looking upon herfelf as fufficiently established in the family, thought it was high time to alter her behaviour with regard to the unfortunate boy; and accordingly, for obvious reafons, employed a thousand artifices to alienate the heart of the weak father from his unhappy offspring: yet, notwithstanding all her infinuations, nature still maintained ther influence in his heart; and though she often found means to irritate him by artful and malicious accusations, his resentment never extended farther than fatherly correction. She would have found it impossible to accomplish his ruin, had not her efforts been reinforced by a new auxiliary, who was no other than his uncle, the present usurper of his title and estate; yet even this confederacy was over-awed, in some measure, by the fear of alarming the unfortunate mother, until her diftemper increased to a most deplorable degree of the dead palfy, and the death of her father had reduced her to a most forlorn and abject state of distress. Then they ventured upon the execution of their projects; and (though their aims were widely different) concurred in their endeavours to remove the hapless boy, as the common obstacle to both.

Lord A—m, who, (as I have already obferved) was a man of weak intellects, and utterly void of any fixed principle of action, being by this time reduced to fuch a pitch of mifery, that he was often obliged to pawn his wearing apparel in order to procure the common neceffaries of life; and having no other fund remaining, with which he could relieve his present necessities, except a sale of the reversion of the A—a estate, to which the nonage of his son was an effectual bar, he was advised by his virtuous brother, and the rest of his counsellors, to surmount this difficulty, by secreting his son, and spreading a report of his death. This honest project he the more readily embraced, because he knew that no act of his could frustrate the child's succession. Accordingly, the boy was removed from the school at which he was then boarded, to the house of one K—gh, an agent, and accomplice of the present earl of A—a, where he was kept for several months closely confined; and in the mean time, it was industriously reported that he was dead.

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This previous measure being taken, lord A-m published advertisements in the gazettes, offering reversions of the A——a estate to sale; and emisfaries of various kinds were employed, to inveigle fuch as were innocent of the nature of the fettlement of these estates, or strangers to the affairs of his family. Some people, imposed upon by the report of the child's death, were drawn in to purchase, thinking themselves safe in the concurrence of his lordship's brother, upon presumption that he was next in remainder to the fuccession; others, tempted by the fmallness of the price (which rarely exceeded half a year's purchase, as appears by many deeds), though they doubted the truth of the boy's being dead, ran fmall rifques on the contingency of his dying before he should be of age, or in hope of his being prevailed upon to confirm the grants of his father; and many more were treating with him on the same notions, when their transactions were fuddenly interrupted, and the scheme of raising more money for the present defeated by the unexpected appearance of the boy, who being naturally

naturally sprightly and impatient of restraint, had found means to break from his confinement, and wandered up and down the streets of Dublin, avoiding his father's house, and choosing to encounter all forts of distress, rather than subject himself again to the cruelty and malice of the woman who fupplied his mother's place. Thus debarred his father's protection, and destitute of any fixed habitation, he herded with all the loofe, idle, and disorderly youths in Dublin, skulking chiefly about the college, feveral members and fludents of which, taking pity on his misfortunes, supplied him at different times with cloaths and money. In this unfettled and uncomfortable way of life did he remain, from the year 1725, to the latter end of November 1727; at which time his father died fo miserably poor, that he was actually buried at the public expence.

This unfortunate nobleman was no fooner dead, than his brother Richard, now earl of A---a, taking advantage of the non-age and helpless fituation of his nephew, feized upon all the papers of the defunct, and afterwards usurped the title of lord A-m, to the furprize of the fervants, and others who were acquainted with the affairs of the family. This usurpation, bold as it was, produced no other effect than that of his being infulted by the populace as he went thro' the streets, and the refusal of the king at arms to enrol the certificate of his brother's having died without iffue. The first of these inconveniencies he bore without any fense of shame, though not without repining, confcious that it would gradually vanish with the novelty of his invasion; and as to the last, he conquered it by means well known

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Nor will it feem strange, that he should thus invade the rights of an orphan with impunity, if people will confider, that the late lord A-m had not only fquandered away his fortune with the most ridiculous extravagance, but also associated himself with low company, so that he was little known, and less regarded, by persons of any rank and figure in life; and his child, of consequence, debarred of the advantages which might have accrued from valuable connexions. And though it was univerfally known, that lady A--m had a fon in Ireland, fuch was the obfcurity in which the father had lived, during the last years of his life, that few of the nobility could be supposed to be acquainted with the particular circumstances of a transaction in which they had no concern, and which had happened at the distance of twelve years before the date of this usurpation. Moreover, as their first information was no other than common fame, the public clamour occasioned by the separation, might inspire fuch as were strangers to the family affairs, with a mistaken notion of the child's having been born about or after the time of that event. The hurry and buftle occasioned by the arrival of the lord lieutenant about this period, the reports industriously propagated of the claimant's death, the obscurity and concealment in which the boy was obliged to live, in order to elude the wicked attempts of his uncle, might also contribute to his peaceable enjoyment of an empty title: and laftly, lord chancellor W-m, whose immediate province it was to iffue writs for parliament, was an utter stranger in Ireland, unacquainted with the descents of families, and consequently did not examine farther than the certificate enrolled in

in the books of the king at arms. Over and above these circumstances, which naturally account for the fuccess of the imposture, it may be observed that the hapless youth had not one relation alive, on the fide of his father, whose interest it was not to forward or connive at his destruction; that his grandfather the duke of B was dead; and that his mother was then in England, in a forlorn, destitute, dying condition, secreted from the world, and even from her own relations, by her woman Mary H-who had a particular interest to secret her, and altogether dependent upon a miserable and precarious allowance from the duchess of B-, to whose caprice she was moreover a most wretched flave.

Notwithstanding these concurring circumstances in savour of the usurper, he did not think himself secure while the orphan had any chance of finding a friend who would undertake his cause; and therefore laid a plan for his being kidnapped, and sent to America as a slave. His coadjutor in this inhuman scheme, was a person who carried on the trade of transporting servants to our plantations, and was deeply interested on this occasion, having for a mere triste purchased of the late lord A—m the reversion of a considerable part of the A—a estate; which shameful bargain was consirmed by the brother, but could never take place, unless the boy could be effectually removed.

Every thing being fettled with this auxiliary, feveral ruffians were employed in fearch of the unhappy victim; and the first attempt that was made upon him, in which his uncle personally assisted, happening near one of the great markets.

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of the city of Dublin, an honest butcher, with the assistance of his neighbours, rescued him by sorce from their cruel hands. This, however, was but a short respite; for (though warned by this adventure, the boy seldom crept out of his lurking-places, without the most cautious circumspection) he was, in March 1727, discovered by the diligence of his persecutors, and forcibly dragged on board of a ship bound for Newcastle on Delaware river in America, where he was sold as a slave, and kept to hard labour, much above his age or strength, for the space of thirteen years, during which he was transferred from one person to another.

While he remained in this fervile fituation, he often mentioned, to those in whom he thought such considence might be placed, the circumstances of his birth and title, together with the manner of his being exiled from his native country; although, in this particular, he neglected a caution which he had received in his passage, importing that such a discovery would cost him his life. Meanwhile the usurper quietly enjoyed his right: and to those who questioned him about his brother's son, constantly replied, That the boy had been dead for several years. And Arthur earl of A—a dying in April 1737, he, upon pretence of being next heir, succeeded to the honours and estate of that nobleman.

The term of the nephew's bondage, which had been lengthened out beyond the usual time, on account of his repeated attempts to escape, being expired in the year 1739, he hired himself as a common failor in a trading vessel bound to Jamaica; and there, being entered on board of one of his majesty's ships under the command of admiral

admiral Vernon, openly declared his parentage and pretentions. This extraordinary claim, which made a great noise in the fleet, reaching the ears of one lieutenant S-n, nearly related to the nsurper's Irish wife, he believed the young gentleman to be an impostor: and thinking it was. incumbent on him to discover the cheat, he went on board the ship to which the claimant belonged. and having heard the account which he gave of himself, was, notwithstanding his prepossessions, convinced of the truth of what he alleged. On his return to his own ship, he chanced to mention this extraordinary affair upon the quarterdeck, in the hearing of Mr. B --- n, one of the midshipmen, who had formerly been at school with Mr. A-y. This young gentleman not only told the lieutenant, that he had been schoolfellow with lord A-m's fon, but also declared that he should know him again, if not greatly altered, as he still retained a perfect idea of his countenance.

Upon this intimation, the lieutenant proposed that the experiment should be tried; and went with the midshipman on board the ship that the claimant was in for that purpose. After all the sailors had been assembled upon deck, Mr. B—n, casting his eyes around, immediately distinguished Mr. A—y in the crowd, and laying his hand on his shoulder, "This is the man," said he; assiming, at the same time, that while he continued at school with him, the claimant was reputed and respected as lord A—m's son and heir, and maintained in all respects suitable to the dignity of his rank. Nay, he was, in like manner, recognized by several other persons in the sleet, who had known him in his infancy.

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These things being reported to the admiral, he generously ordered him to be supplied with necessaries, and treated like a gentleman; and, in his next dispatches, transmitted an account of the affair to the duke of Newcastle, among the other transactions of the sleet.

In September or October, 1741, Mr. A—y arrived in London; and the first person to whom he applied for advice and assistance, was a man of the law, nearly related to the samilies of A—a and A—m, and well acquainted with the particular assairs of each; who, far from treating him as a bastard and impostor, received him with civility and seeming kindness, asked him to eat, presented him with a piece of money, and excusing himself from meddling in the assair, advised him to go to Ireland, as the most proper place for commencing a suit for the recovery of his right.

Before the young gentleman had an opportunity, or indeed any inclination, to comply with this advice, he was accidently met in the street by that fame H-n, who, as I have mentioned, gave Mr. M-r the first infight into the affair : this man immediately knew the claimant, having been formerly an agent for his father, and afterwards a creature of his uncle's, with whom he was, not without reason, suspected to be concerned in kidnapping and transporting his nephew. Be that as it will, his connections with the usurper were now broke off by a quarrel, in consequence of which he had thrown up his agency; and he invited the hapless stranger to his house, with a view of making all possible advantage of such a guest.

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There he had not long remained, when his treacherous landlord, tampering with his inexperience, effected a marriage between him and the daughter of one of his own friends, who lodged in his house at the same time: but afterwards, feeing no person of consequence willing to espouse his cause, he looked upon him as an incumbrance, and wanted to rid his hands of him accordingly. He remembered that Mr. M-r had expressed himself with all the humanity of apprehension in favour of the unfortunate young nobleman, before his arrival in England; and being well acquainted with the generofity of his disposition, he no sooner understood that he was returned from France, than he waited upon him with an account of Mr. A-y's being fafely arrived. Mr. M--r was fincerely rejoiced to find, that a person who had been so cruelly injured, and undergone fo long and continued a scene of distress, was restored to a country where he was fure of obtaining justice, and where every good man (as he imagined) would make the cause his own: and, being informed that the youth was in want of necessaries, he gave twenty guineas to H-n for his use, and promised to do him all the service in his power; but had no intention to take upon himself the whole weight of fuch an important affair, or indeed to appear in the cause, until he should be fully and thoroughly fatisfied that the claimant's pretentions were well founded.

In the mean time, H—n infinuating that the young gentleman was not fafe in his present lodging from the machinations of his enemies, M—r accommodated him with an apartment in his own house; where he was at great pains to remedy

remedy the defect in his education, by rendering him fit to appear as a gentleman in the world. Having received from him all the intelligence he could give, relating to his own affair, he laid the case before counsel, and dispatched a person to Ireland, to make further inquiries upon the same subject; who, on his first arrival in that kingdom, found the claimant's birth was as publicly known as any circumstance of that kind could possibly be, at so great a distance of time.

His protector, far from being fatisfied with their reasons, was not only deaf to their remonstrances, but, believing him in danger from their repeated efforts, had him privately conveyed into the country; where an unhappy accident (which he hath ever fince fincerely regretted) furnished his adversary with a colourable pretext to cut him off in the beginning of his career.

A man happening to lose his life by the accidental discharge of a piece, that chanced to be in the young gentleman's hands, the account of

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this misfortune no fooner reached the ears of his uncle, than he expressed the most immoderate joy at having found fo good a handle for destroying him, under colour of law. He immediately constituted himself prosecutor, set his emissaries at work to fecure a coroner's inquest suited to his cruel purposes; set out for the place in person, to take care that the prisoner should not escape; infulted him in jail, in the most inhuman manner; employed a whole army of attornies and agents, to spirit up and carry on a most virulent profecution, practifed all the unfair methods that could be invented, in order that the unhappy gentleman should be transported to Newgate, from the healthy prison to which he was at first committed; endeavoured to inveigle him into destructive confessions; and, not to mention other more infamous arts, employed in the affair of evidence, attempted to furprife him upon his trial in the absence of his witnesses and counsel, contrary to a previous agreement with the profecutor's own attorney: nay, he even appeared in person upon the bench at the trial, in order to intimidate the evidence, and brow-beat the unfortunate prisoner at the bar, and expended above a thousand pounds in that profecution. In spite of all his wicked efforts, however, which were defeated by the spirit and indefatigable industry of Mr. M-r, the young gentleman was honourably acquitted, to the evident fatisfaction of all the impartial; the misfortune that gave a handle for that unnatural profecution, appearing to a demonstration to have been a mere accident.

In a few months, his protector, who had now openly espoused his cause (taking with him two gentlemen

gentlemen to witness his transactions) conducted him to his native country, with a view to be better informed of the strength of his pretentions, than he could be by the intelligences he had hitherto received, or by the claimant's own dark and almost obliterated remembrance of the facts which were effential to be known. Upon their arrival in Dublin, application was made to those persons whom Mr. A-y had named as his schoolmasters and companions, together with the fervants and neighbours of his father. These, though examined separately, without having the least previous intimation of what the claimant had reported, agreed in their accounts with him, as well as with one another, and mentioned many other people as acquainted with the fame facts, to whom Mr. M-r had recourse, and still met with the same unvaried information. By these means, he made such progress in his inquiries, that in less than two months, no fewer than one hundred persons from different quarters of the kingdom, either personally, or by letters, communicated their knowledge of the claimant, in declarations confonant with one another, as well as with the accounts he gave of himself. Several servants who had lived with his father, and been deceived with the story of his death, fo industriously propagated by his uncle, no fooner heard of his being in Dublin, than they came from different parts of the country to fee him; and though great pains were taken to deceive them, they, nevertheless, knew him at first fight; some of them fell upon their knees to thank heaven for his prefervation, embraced his legs, and shed tears of joy for his return.

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Although the conduct of his adversary, particularly in the above-mentioned prosecution, together with the evidence that already appeared, were sufficient to convince all mankind of the truth of the claimant's pretensions, Mr. M—r, in order to be surther satisfied, resolved to see how he would be received upon the spot where he was born; justly concluding, that if he was really an impostor, the bastard of a kitchenwench, produced in a country entirely possessed by his enemy and his allies, he must be looked upon in that place with the utmost detestation

and contempt.

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This his intention was no fooner known to the adverse party, than their agents and friends, from all quarters, repaired to that place with all poffible dispatch, and used all their influence with the people, in remonstrances, threats, and all the other arts they could devise, not only to difcountenance the claimant upon his arrival, but even to spirit up a mob to insult him. Notwithstanding these precautions, and the servile awe and fubjection in which tenants are kept by their landlords in that part of the country, as foon as it was known that Mr. A-y approached the town, the inhabitants crowded out in great multitudes to receive and welcome him, and accompanied him into town with acclamations and other expressions of joy, insomuch that the agents of his adversary durst not shew their faces. fovereign of the corporation, who was a particular creature and favourite of the usurper, and whose all depended upon the issue of the cause, was fo conscious of the stranger's right, and so much awed by the behaviour of the people, who knew that consciousness, that he did not think it fafe, fafe, even to preserve the appearance of neutrality upon this occasion, but actually held the stirrup while Mr. A——y dismounted from his horse.

This fense of conviction in the people manifested itself still more powerfully, when he returned to the same place in the year 1744, about which time lord A--- being informed of his resolution, determined again to be beforehand with him, and fet out in person with his agents and friends, fome of whom were detached before him, to prepare for his reception, and induce the people to meet him in a body, and accompany him to town, with fuch expressions of welcome as they had before bestowed on his nephew; but in spite of all their art and interest, he was suffered to pass through the street in a mournful filence; and though feveral barrels of beer were produced, to court the favour of the populace, they had no other effect than that of drawing their ridicule upon the donor; whereas, when Mr. A-y, two days afterwards, appeared, all the inhabitants, with garlands, streamers, music, and other enfigns of joy, crowded out to meet him, and ushered him into town with such demonstrations of pleasure and good-will, that the noble peer found it convenient to hide himfelf from the refentment of his own tenants, the effects of which he must have severely felt, had not he been screened by the timely remonstrances of Mr. M-r, and the other gentleman who accompanied his competitor.

Nor did his apprehension vanish with the transaction of this day; the town was again in uproar on the Sunday following, when it was known that Mr. A—y intended to come thither, from

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Dunmain to church; they went out to meet him as before, and conducted him to the church-door with acclamations, which terrified his uncle to fuch a degree, that he fled with precipitation in a boat, and foon after entirely quitted the place.

It would be almost an endless task to enumerate the particular steps that were taken by one fide to promote, and by the other to delay the trial; the young gentleman's adversaries finding that they could not, by all the fubterfuges and arts they had used, evade it, repeated attempts were made to affallinate him and his protector, and every obstruction thrown in the way of his cause which craft could invent, villany execute, and undue influence confirm. But all these difficulties were furmounted by the vigilance, conthancy, courage, and fagacity of M-r; and, at last, the affair was brought to a very solemn trial at bar, which being continued, by feveral adjournments, from the eleventh to the twenty-fifth day of November, a verdict was found for the claimant, by a jury of gentlemen, which in point of reputation and property, cannot be eafily paralleled in the annals of that or any other country; a jury that could by no means be suspected of prepoffessions in favour of Mr. An-y (to whose person they were absolute strangers), especially if we consider that a gentleman in their neighbourhood, who was nephew to the foreman, and nearly related to some of the rest of their number, forfeited a confiderable estate by their decision.

This verdict (faid the parson) gave the highest fatisfaction to all impartial persons that were within reach of being duly informed of their proceedings, and of the different genius and conduct

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of the parties engaged in the contest; but more especially to such as were in court (as I was) at the trial, and had an opportunity of observing the characters and behaviour of the perfons who appeared there to give evidence. To fuch it was very apparent, that all the witnesses produced there on the part of the uncle, were either his tenants, dependants, pot-companions, or persons fome way or other interested in the iffue of the fuit, and remarkable for a low kind of cunning: that many of them were persons of profligate lives, who deferved no credit: that (independent of the levity of their characters) those of them who went under the denomination of colonels (colonel L-f--s alone excepted, who had nothing to fay, and was only brought there in order to give credit to that party), made fo ridiculous a figure, and gave so absurd, contradictory, and inconfistent an evidence, as no court or jury could give the least degree of credit to. On the other hand, it was observed, that the nephew and Mr. M-r his chief manager (being absolute strangers in that country, and unacquainted with the characters of the persons they had to deal with), were obliged to lay before the court and jury fuch evidence as came to their hand, fome of whom plainly appeared to have been put upon them by their adversaries, with a design to hurt.—It was also manifest, that the witnesses produced for Mr. A-y were fuch as could have no manner of connexion with him, nor any dependance whatfoever upon him, to influence their evidence; for the far greatest part of them had never seen him from his infancy; till the trial began; and many of them (though poor and undignified with

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with the title of colonels) were people of unblemished character, of great simplicity, and such as no man in his fenses would pitch upon to support a bad cause.—It is plain that the jury (whose well-known honour, impartiality, and penetration must be revered by all who are acquainted with them) were not under the least difficulty about their verdict; for they were not inclosed above half an hour, when they returned with it .-These gentlemen could not help observing the great inequality of the parties engaged, the great advantages that the uncle had in every other respect (except the truth and justice of his case) over the nephew, by means of his vast possesfions, and of his power and influence all round the place of his birth; nor could the contrast between the different geniuses of the two parties escape their observation.—They could not but fee and conclude, that a person who had confessedly transported and fold his orphan nephew into flavery, who, on his return, had carried on fo unwarrantable and cruel a profecution to take away his life, under colour of law, and who had also given such glaring proofs of his skill and dexterity in the management of witnesses for that cruel purpose, was in like manner capable of exerting the fame happy talent on this occasion. when his all was at stake; more especially, as he had fo many others who were equally interested with himself, and whose abilities, in that respect, fell nothing short of his own, to second him in it. The gentlemen of the jury had also a near view of the manner in which the witnesses delivered their testimonies, and had from thence an opportunity of observing many circumstances and diffinguishing characteristics of truth and falsehood, falsehood, from which a great deal could be gathered, that could not be adequately conveyed by any printed account, how exact soever; consequently, they must have been much better judges of the evidence on which they sounded their verdict, than any person, who had not the

fame opportunity, can possibly be.

These, Mr. Pickle, were my reflections on what I had occasion to observe concerning that samous trial; and on my return to England, two years after, I could not help pitying the self-sufficiency of some people, who, at this distance, pretended to pass their judgment on that verdict with as great positiveness, as if they had been in the secrets of the cause, or upon the jury who tried it; and that from no better authority, than the declamations of lord An—a's emissaries, and some salissed printed accounts, artfully cooked up, on purpose to mislead and deceive.

But to return from this digression: lord A-a, the defendant in that cause, was so conscious of the strength and merits of his injured nephew's case, and that a verdict would go against him, that he ordered a writ of error to be made out before the trial was ended; and the verdict was no fooner given, than he immediately lodged it, though he well knew he had no manner of error to assign. This expedient was practifed merely for vexation and delay, in order to keep Mr. A-y from the possession of the small estate he had recovered by the verdict; that, his flender funds being exhausted, he might be deprived of other means to profecute his right; and, by the most oppreffive contrivances and fcandalous chicanery, it has been kept up to this day, without his being able to

affign the least shadow of any error.

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Lord A—a was not the only antagonist that Mr. A—y had to deal with; all the different branches of the A—a family, who had been worrying one another at law ever since the death of the late earl of A—a, about the partition of his great estate, were now firmly united in an affociation against this unfortunate gentleman; mutual deeds were executed among them, by which many great lordships and estates were given up by the uncle to persons who had no right to possess them, in order to engage them to side with him against his nephew, in withholding the unjust pos-

fession of the remainder.

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These confederates having held several consultations against their common enemy, and finding that his cause gathered daily strength since the trial, by the accellion of many witnesses of figure and reputation, who had not been heard of before; and that the only chance they had to prevent the fpeedy establishment of his right, and their own destruction, was by stripping Mr. M-r of the little money that yet remained, and stopping all further resources whereby he might be enabled to proceed; they, therefore, came to a determined resolution to carry that hopeful scheme into execution; and, in pursuance thereof, they have left no expedient or stratagem, how extraordinary or scandalous soever, unpractised, to distress Mr. A-y and that gentleman. For that end, all the oppressive arts and dilatory expensive contrivances that the fertile invention of the lowest pettifoggers of the law could possibly devise, have with great dexterity been played off against them in fruitless quibbling, and malicious suits, intirely foreign to the merits of the cause. Not to mention numberless other acts of oppression, the most Vol. IV. extraordinary

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extraordinary and unprecedented proceedings, by means whereof this sham writ of error hath been kept on foot ever since November 1743, is to me (said the doctor) a most slagrant instance, not only of the prevalency of power and money (when employed, as in the present case, against an unfortunate, helpless man, disabled, as he is, of the means of ascertaining his right), but of the badness of a cause, that hath recourse to so many iniqui-

tous expedients to support it.

In a word, the whole conduct of lord Aand his party from the beginning to this time, hath been fuch, as fufficiently manifests that it could proceed from no other motives than a consciousness of Mr. A-y's right, and of their own illegal usurpations, and from a terror of trufting the merits of their case to a fair discussion by the laws of their country; and that the intention and main drift of all their proceedings plainly tends to stifle and smother the merits of the case from the knowledge of the world, by oppressive arts and ingenious delays, rather than trust it to the candid determination of an honest jury. What else could be the motives of kidnapping the claimant, and transporting him when an infant? of the various attempts made upon his life fince his return? of the attempts to divest him of all assistance to ascertain his right, by endeavouring to folicitously to prevail on Mr. M-r to abandon him in the beginning? of retaining an army of counsel, before any fuit had been commenced? of the many finister attempts to prevent the trial at bar? of the various arts made use of to terrify any one from appearing as witness for the claimant, and to seduce those who had appeared? of the shamedels, unprecedented, low tricks now practifed, to keep

keep him out of the possession of that estate for which he had obtained the verdict, thereby to disable him from bringing his cause to a further hearing; and of the attempts made to buy up Mr. M-'s debts, and to spirit up suits against him? Is it not obvious from all these circumstances, as well as from the obstruction they have given to the attorney-general's proceeding, to make a report to his majesty, on the claimant's petition to the king for the peerage, which was referred by his majesty to that gentleman, so far back as 1743; that all their efforts are bent to that one point of stifling, rather than suffering the merits of this cause to come to a fair and candid hearing; and that the fole confideration at prefent between them and this unfortunate man is not whether he is right or wrong, but whether he shall or shall not find money to bring this cause to a final determination.

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Lord A—a and his confederates, not thinking themselves safe with all these expedients, while there was a possibility of their antagonist's obtaining any affiftance from fuch as humanity, compassion, generosity, or a love of justice might induce to lay open their purses to his assistance, in afcertaining his right, have, by themselves and their numerous emissaries, employed all the arts of calumny, flander, and detraction against him, by traducing his cause, vilifying his person, and most basely and cruelly tearing his character to pieces, by a thousand misrepresentations, purposely invented and industriously propagated in all places of refort, which is a kind of cowardly affassination that there is no guarding against: yet, in spite of all these machinations, and the shameful indifference of mankind, who stand aloof, un-

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concerned,

concerned, and fee this unhappy gentleman most inhumanly oppressed by the weight of lawless power and faction, M-r, far from fuffering himself to be dejected by the multiplying difficulties that crowd apon him, still exerts himself with amazing fortitude and affiduity, and will (I doubt not) bring the affair he began and carried on with fo much spirit, while his finances lasted, to an

happy conclusion.

It would exceed the bounds of my intention, and perhaps trespass too much upon your time, were I to enumerate the low artifices and fhameful quibbles, by which the usurper has found means to procrastinate the decision of the contest between him and his hapless nephew, or to give a detail of the damage and perplexity, which Mr. Mhas fustained and been involved in, by the treachery and ingratitude of some who lifted themselves under him in the profecution of this affair, and by the villary of others, who, under various pretences of material discoveries they had to make, &c. had fastened themselves upon him, and continued to do all the mischief in their power, until the cloven foot was detected.

One inftance, however, is fo flagrantly flagitious, that I cannot refift the inclination I feel to relate it, as an example of the most infernal perfidy that perhaps ever entered the human heart. I have already mentioned the part which H-n acted in the beginning of M-'s connexion with the unfortunate stranger, and hinted that the faid H-n lay under many obligations to that gentleman, before Mr. A-y's arrival in England. He had been chief agent to Lord A-a, and, as it afterwards appeared, received feveral payments of a fecret pension which that lord enjoyed, for which

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which he either could not, nor would not account. His lordship therefore, in order to compel him to it, took out writs against him, and his house was continually surrounded with catchpoles for the space.

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Mr. M—— believing, from H—n's own account of the matter, that the poor man was greatly injured, and profecuted on account of his attachment to the unhappy young gentleman, did him all the good offices in his power, and became fecurity for him on feveral occasions: nay, such was his opinion of his integrity, that after Mr. A——y was cleared of the profecution carried on against him by his uncle, his person was trusted to the care of this hypocrite, who desired that the young gentleman might lodge at his house for the convenience of air, M—'s own occasions calling

him often into the country.

Having thus, by his confummate diffimulation, acquired fuch a valuable charge, he wrote a letter. to one of lord A-a's attornies, offering to betray Mr. An-ey; provided his lordship would settle his account and give him a discharge for eight hundred pounds of the pension, which he had received and not accounted for. Mr. M-, informed of this treacherous proposal, immediately removed his lodger from his house into his own, without affigning his reasons for so doing until he was obliged to declare it, in order to free himself from the importunities of H-n, who earnestly solicited his return. This miscreant, finding himself detected and disappointed in his villanous design, was to much enraged at his miscarriage, that, forgetting all the benefits he had received from Mfor a feries of years, he practifed all the mischief L 3

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that his malice could contrive against him; and at length entered into a confederacy with one G—st—y, and several other abandoned wretches, who, as before said, under various pretences of being able to make material discoveries, and otherwise to serve the cause, had sound means to be employed in some extra business relating to it, though their real intention was to betray the claimant.

These confederates, in conjunction with some other auxiliaries of infamous character, being informed that Mr. M-r was on the point of fecuring a confiderable fum, to enable him to profecute Mr. An-y's right, and to bring it to a happy conclusion, contrived a deep-laid scheme to disappoint him in it, and at once to ruin the cause. And previous measures being taken for that wicked purpose, they imposed upon the young gentleman's inexperience and credulity, by infinuations equally false, plausible, and malicious: to which they at length gained his belief, by the mention of some circumstances that gave what they alleged an air of probability, and even of truth. They fwore that Mr. M- had taken out an action against him for a very large sum of money; that they had actually feen the writ; that the intention of it was to throw him into prison for life, and ruin his cause, in consequence of an agreement made by him with lord A-a, and his other enemies, to retrieve the money that he had laid out in the cause.

This plaufible tale was enforced with fuch an air of truth, candour, and earnest concern for his fafety, and was strengthened by so many imprecations, and corroborating circumstances of their

invention, as would have staggered one of much greater experience, and knowledge of mankind, than Mr. A—ey could be supposed at that time. The notion of perpetual imprisonment, and the certain ruin they made him believe his cause was threatened with, worked upon his imagination to such a degree, that he suffered himself to be led like a lamb to the slaughter, by this artful band of villains; who secreted him at the lodgings of one Pr—nt—ce, an intimate of G—y's for several days, under colour of his being hunted by bailiss employed by Mr. M—, where he was not only obliged by them to change his name, but even his wife was not suffered to have access to him.

Their defign was to have fold him, or drawn him into a ruinous compromife with his adverfaries, for a valuable confideration to themfelves. But as no ties are binding among fuch a knot of villains, the rest of the conspirators were jockied by G—st—ey; who, in order to monopolize the advantage to himself, hurried his prize into the country, and secreted him even from his consederates, in a place of concealment one hundred miles from London, under the same ridiculous pretence of M—'s having taken out a writ against him, and of bailiss being in pursuit of him every

where round London.

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He was no fooner there than G—st—ey, as a previous step to the other villany he intended, tricked him out of a bond for fix thousand pounds, under colour of his having a person ready to advance the like sum upon it, as an immediate sund for carrying on his cause: assuring him, at the same time, that he had a set of gentlemen ready, who were willing to advance twenty-five thousand pounds more for the same purpose, and to

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allow him five hundred pounds a year for his maintenance, till his cause should be made an end of, provided that Mr. M— should have no further concern with him and his cause.

Mr. A-ey, having by this time received fome intimations of the deceit that had been put upon him, made answer, that he should look upon himfelf as a very ungrateful monster, indeed, if he deferted a person who had faved his life, and so generously ventured his own, together with his fortune, in his cause, until he should first be certain of the truth of what was alleged of him, and absolutely rejected the proposal. G-st-ey, who had no other view in making it than to cover the fecret villany he meditated against him, and to facilitate the execution therefore, eafily receded from it, when he found Mr. A-ey fo averse to it, and undertook nevertheless to raise the money; adding, that he might, if he pleafed, return to Mr. M- whenever it was fecured. The whole drift of this pretended undertaking to raife the twenty-five thousand pounds, was only to lay a foundation for a dextrous contrivance to draw Mr. A-ey unwarily into the execution of a deed, relinquishing all his right and title, under a notion of its being a deed to fecure the repayment of that fum.

G—st—ey, having as he imagined so far paved the way for the execution of such a deed, enters into an agreement with an agent, employed for that purpose by Mr. A—ey's adversaries, purporting, that in consideration of the payment of a bond for six thousand pounds, which he, G—st—ey, had, as he pretended, laid out in Mr. A—ey's cause, and of an annuity of seven hundred pounds a year, he was to procure for them

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from Mr. A—ey a deed ready executed, relinquishing all right and title to An—ey estate and honours. Every thing being prepared for the execution of this infernal scheme, unknown to Mr. A—ey, G—st—ey then thought proper to send for him to town from his retirement, in order, as he pretended, to execute a security of twenty-

five thousand pounds.

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This intended victim to that villain's avarice no fooner arrived in town, full of hopes of money to carry on his cause, and of agreeably surprising his friend and protector Mr. M- with fo feafonable and unexpected a reinforcement, than an unforeseen difficulty arose, concerning the payment of G-ft-ey's fix thousand pound bond. That money was to have been raifed out of the estate of a lunatic, which could not be done without the leave of the Court of Chancery, to whom an account must have been given of the intended application of it. While preparations were making to rectify this omission, G-st-ey immediately carried Mr. A-ey again into the country, left he fhould happen to be undeceived by some means or other.

In the mean time, this wicked machination was providentially discovered by Mr. M—r, before it could be carried into execution, by means of the jealousies that arose among the conspirators themselves; and was, at the same time, consirmed to him by a person whom the very agent for the An—ey party had entrusted with the secret. M—r no sooner retracted it, than he communicated his discovery to one of Mr. A—ey's counsel, a man of great worth; and immediately thereupon took proper measures to deseat it. He then sound means to lay open to Mr. A—ey himself,

the treacherous scheme that was laid for his destruction: he was highly sensible of it: and could never afterwards reslect on the snare, that he had so unwarily been drawn into, and had so narrowly escaped, without a mixture of horror, shame, and

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gratitude to his deliverer.

The consummate affurance of the monsters who were engaged in this plot, after they had been detected, and upbraided with their treachery, is scarce to be paralleled; for they not only owned the fact of spiriting Mr. A—ey away, in the manner above mentioned, but justified their doing it as tending to his service. They also maintained, that they had actually secured the twenty-five thousand pounds for him, tho' they never could name any one person who was to have advanced the money. No man was more active in this scheme than H—n; nor any man more solicitous to keep Mr. A——ey up in the false impressions he had received, or in projecting methods to ruin his protector, than he.

 had time to execute any other contrivance of the fame nature, he was imprisoned in this very jail for debt.

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Here, finding his creditors inexorable, and himfelf destitute of all other resource, he made application to the very man whom he had injured in fuch an outrageous manner, fet forth his deplorable case in the most pathetic terms, and intreated him, with the most abject humility, to use his influence in his behalf. The diftress of this varlet immediately disarmed M-r of his resentment, and even excited his compassion. Without sending any answer to his remonstrances, he interceded for him with his creditors; and the person to whom he was chiefly indebted, refusing to release him without fecurity, this unwearied benefactor joined with the prisoner in a bond for above two hundred and forty pounds, for which he obtained his releafe. It, concumulances, the ale aid

He was no fooner discharged, however, than he entered into fresh combinations with Gand others, in order to thwart his deliverer in his schemes of raising money, and otherwise to distrofs and deprive him of liberty; for which purpose, no art or industry (perjury not excepted) hath been spared. And what is still more extraordinary, this perfidious monster having found money to take up the bond, in confequence of which he regained his freedom, hath procured a writ against M-r, upon that very obligation; and taken affignments to some other debts of that gentleman, with the fame christian intention. But, hitherto, he hath by furprifing fagacity and unshaken resolution, baffled all their infernal contrivances, and retorted fome of their machinations: no emplance, to the Late of a Spattin nebleman

on their own heads. At this time, when he is supposed by some, and represented by others, as under the circumstances of oblivion and despondence, he proceeds in his design with the utmost calmness and intrepidity, meditating schemes, and ripening measures, that will one day consound his enemies, and attract the notice and admiration of mankind."

Peregrine, having thanked the priest for his obliging information, 'expressed his surprise at the fcandalous inattention of the world to an affair of fuch importance: observing, that, by such inhuman neglect, this unfortunate young gentleman, Mr. A ey, was absolutely deprived of all the benefit of fociety; the fole end of which is, to protect the rights, redrefs the grievances, and promote the happiness of individuals. As for the character of M-r, he faid, it was so romantieally fingular in all its circumstances, that, though other motives were wanting, curiofity alone would induce him to feek his acquaintance: but he did not at all wonder at the ungrateful returns which had been made to his generofity by H---n and many others, whom he had ferved in a manner that few, besides himself, would have done; for he had been long convinced of the truth conveyed in these lines of a celebrated Italian author: ne threed aris out aglet of wender

Li beneficii, che per la loro grandezza, non puonno esser guiderdonati, con la scelerata moneta dell' ingratitudine, sono pagati.

"The story which you have related of that young gentleman (faid he) bears a very strong resemblance to the fate of a Spanish nobleman,

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as it was communicated to me by one of his own intimate friends at Paris. The counters d'Alvarez died immediately after the birth of a fon, and the husband furviving her but three years, the child was left fole heir to his honours and estate, under the guardianship of his uncle, who had a small fortune and a great many children. This inhuman relation, coveting the wealth of his infant ward, formed a defign against the life of the helpless orphan, and trufted the execution of it to his valet-dechambre, who was tempted to undertake the murder by the promise of a considerable reward. He accordingly stabbed the boy with a knife, in three different places, on the right fide of his neck ; but. as he was not used to such barbarous attempts, his hand failed in the performance; and he was feized with fuch remorfe, that, perceiving the wounds were not mortal, he carried the hapless victim to the house of a furgeon, by whose care they were healed: and in the mean time, that he might not forfeit his recompence, found means to perfuade his employer, that his orders were performed. A bundle being made up for the purpose, was publicly interred as the body of the child, who was faid to have been fuddenly carried off by a convullion; and the uncle, without opposition, fucceeded to his honours and estate. The boy being cured of his hurts, was, about the age of fix, delivered, with a fmall fum of money, to a merchant just embarking for Turkey; who was given to understand, that he was the bastard of a man of quality; and that, for family reasons, it was necessary to conceal his birth.

While the unfortunate orphan remained in this deplorable state of bondage, all the children

of the usurper died one after another; and he himfelf being taken dangerously ill, attributed all his afflictions to the just judgment of God, and communicated his anxiety on that subject to the valetde-chambre, who had been employed in the murder of his nephew. That domestic, in order to quiet his master's conscience, and calm the perturbation of his spirits, confessed what he had done, and gave him hopes of still finding the boy, by dint of industry and expence. The unhappy child being the only hope of the family of Alvarez, the uncle immediately ordered a minute inquiry to be fet on foot; in consequence of which he was informed, that the orphan had been fold to a Turk, who had afterwards transferred him to an English merchant, by whom he was conveyed to London.

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An express was immediately dispatched to this capital, where he understood that the unhappy exile had, in consideration of his faithful services, been bound apprentice to a French barber-surgeon; and after he had sufficiently qualified himself in that profession, been received into the family of the count de Gallas, at that time the emperor's ambassador at the court of London. From the house of this nobleman he was traced into the service of count d'Oberstorf, where he had married his lady's chamber-maid, and then gone to settle as a

furgeon in Bohemia and a save areas aid to best's

In the course of these inquiries, several years elapsed; his uncle, who was very much attached to the house of Austria, lived at Barcelona, when the father of this empress queen resided in that city, and lent him a very considerable sum of money in the most pressing emergency of his affairs; and when that prince was on the point of returning

returning to Germany, the old count finding his end approaching, fent his father confessor to his majesty, with a circumstantial account of the barbarity he had practifed against his nephew, for which he implored forgiveness, and begged he would give orders, that the orphan when found, should inherit the dignities and fortune which he

had unjustly usurped.

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His majesty assured the old man, that he might make himself easy on that score, and ordered the confessor to follow him to Vienna, immediately after the count's death, in order to affift his endeavours in finding out the injured heir. The priest did not fail to yield obedience to this command: he informed himself of certain natural marks on the young count's body, which were known to the nurse and women who attended him in his infancy; and with a gentleman whom the emperor ordered to accompany him, fet out for Bohemia, where he foon found the object of his enquiry, in the capacity of major domo to a nobleman of that country, he having quitted his profeffion of furgery for that office. there in late confident

He was not a little surprized, when he found himself circumstantially catechised about the particulars of his life, by persons commissioned for that purpose by the emperor. He told them, that he was absolutely ignorant of his own birth, though he had been informed, during his refidence in Turkey, that he was the bastard of a Spanish grandee, and gave them a minute detail of the pilgrimage he had undergone. This information agreeing with the intelligence which the priest had already received, and being corroborated by the marks upon his body, and the

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very scars of the wounds which had been inflicted upon him in his infancy, the confessor, without further hesitation, saluted him by the name of count d'Alvarez, grandee of Spain, and explained

the whole mystery of his fortune.

If he was agreeably amazed at this explanation, the case was otherwise with his wife, who thought herfelf in great danger of being abandoned by an hufband of fuch high rank; but he immediately difpelled her apprehension, by affuring her, that as the had fhared in his advertity, the should also partake of his good fortune. He fet out immediately for Vienna, to make his acknowledgments to the emperor, who favoured him with a very gracious reception, promifed to use his influence, fo that he might enjoy the honours and estate of his family; and in the mean time, acknowledged himfelf his debtor for four hundred thousand florins, which he had borrowed from his uncle. He threw himself at the feet of his august protector, expressed the most grateful sense of his goodness, and begged he might be permitted to fettle in some of his imperial majesty's dominions.

This request was immediately granted; he was allowed to purchase land in any part of the here-ditary dominions of the house of Austria, to the amount of the sum I have mentioned; and made choice of the country of Ratibor in Silesia, where,

in all probability, he still resides."

Peregrine had scarce sinished the narrative, when he perceived Mr. M—r slip something into the hand of the young man with whom he had been conversing at the other end of the room, and rise up from the table in order to take his leave. He at once understood the meaning of

this conveyance, and longed for an opportunity to be acquainted with such a rare instance of primitive benevolence; but the consciousness of his present situation hindered him from making any advance, that might be construed into forwardness or presumption.

CHAP. XCIX.

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He is surprised with the appearance of Hatchway and Pipes, who take up their habitation in his neighbourhood, contrary to his inclination and express desire.

BEING now regularly initiated in the mysteries of the Fleet, and reconciled in some measure to the customs of the place, he began to bear the edge of reflection without wincing; and thinking it would be highly imprudent in him to defer any longer, the purposes by which only he could enjoy any ease and fatisfaction in his confinement, he resolved to resume his task of translating, and every week compose an occasional paper, by way of revenge upon the minister, against whom he had denounced eternal war. With this view he locked himself up in his chamber, and went to work with great eagerness and application; when he was interrupted by a ticket-porter, who, putting a letter in his hand, vanished in a moment before he had time to peruse the contents.

Our hero, opening the billet, was not a little furprifed to find a bank note for fifty pounds, inclosed in a blank sheet of paper; and having

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exercised his memory and penetration on the subject of this unexpected windfal, had just concluded that it could come from no other hand than the lady who had so kindly visited him a few days before, when his ears were suddenly invaded by the well known sound of that whistle which always hung about the neck of Pipes, as a memorial of his former occupation. This tune being performed, he heard the noise of a wooden leg ascending the stair: upon which he opened his door, and beheld his friend Hatchway, with his old ship-mate at his back.

After a cordial shake of the hand, with the usual salutation of "What cheer, cousin Pickle?" honest Jack seated himself without ceremony; and casting his eyes around the apartment, "Split my top-stay-sail (said he, with an arch sneer), you have got into a snug birth, cousin. Here you may sit all weathers without being turned out to take your watch, and no fear of the ship's dragging her anchor. You han't much room to spare, 'tis true: an' I had known as how you stowed so close, Tom should have slung my own hammock for you, and then you moght have knocked down this great lubberly hurricane house. But, mayhap, you turn in double, and so you don't chuse to trust yourself and your doxy to a clue and canvass."

Pickle bore his jokes with great good humour, rallied him in his turn about the dairy maid at the garrison, enquiring about his friends in the country, asked if he had been to visit his niece, and, finally, expressed a desire of knowing the cause of his journey to London. The lieutement satisfied his curiosity in all these particulars; and in answer to the last question, observed, that

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from the information of Pipes, understanding he was land-locked, he had come from the country in order to tow him into the offing. "I know not how the wind sits (said he), but if so be, as three thousand pounds will bring you clear of the cape, say the word, and you shan't lie wind-bound another glass, for want of the

money."

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This was an offer which few people, in our hero's fituation, would have altogether refused; especially as he had all the reason in the world to believe, that, far, from being a vain, unmeaning compliment, it was the genuine tribute of friendship, which the lieutenant would have willingly, ay, and with pleasure, paid. Nevertheless, Peregrine peremptorily refused his affistance, though not without expressing himself in terms of acknowledgment fuitable to the occasion. He told him it would be time enough to make use of his generofity, when he should find himself destitute of all other resource. Jack employed all his rhetoric, with a view of perfuading him to take this opportunity to procure his own enlargement; and finding his arguments ineffectual, infifted upon his accepting an immediate supply for his necessary occasions; swearing with great vehemence, that he would never return to the garrison, unless he would put him upon the footing of any other tenant, and receive his rent accordingly.

Our young gentleman as positively swore, that he never would consider him in that light; remonstrating that he had long ago settled the house upon him for life, as a pledge of his own esteem, as well as in conformity with the commodore's desire; and beseeching him to return to

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his usual avocations, protested that, if ever his fituation should subject him to the necessity of borrowing from his friends, Mr. Hatchway should be the first man to whom he would apply himself for succour. To convince him that this was not the case at present, he produced the bank-note which he had received in the letter, together with his own ready money; and mentioned fome other funds, which he invented extempore, in order to amuse the lieutenant's concern. In the close of this expostulation, he defired Pipes to conduct Mr. Hatchway to the coffee-house, where he might entertain himfelf with the news-paper for half an hour; during which he would put on his cloaths, and bespeak fomething for dinner, that they might enjoy each other's company, as long as his occasions would permit him to stay in that place.

The two failors were no fooner gone, than he took up the pen, and wrote the following letter, in which he inclosed the bank-note, to his generous

benefactres:

MADAM,

YOUR humanity is not more ingenious than my suspicion. In vain you attempt to impose upon me by an act of generosity, which no person upon earth, but your ladyship, is capable of committing. Though your name was not subscribed on the paper, your sentiments were fully displayed in the contents, which I must beg leave to restore, with the same sense of gratitude, and for the same reasons I expressed when last I had the honour to converse with you upon this subject. Though I am deprived of my liberty, by the villany

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villany and ingratitude of mankind, I am not yet destitute of the other conveniencies of life; and, therefore beg to be excused for incurring an unnecessary addition to that load of obligation you have already laid upon,

Madam, Your ladyship's most devoted, Humble servant,

PEREGRINE PICKLE.

Having drefled himself, and repaired to the place of appointment, he dispatched this epistle by the hands of Pipes, who was ordered to leave it at her ladyship's house, without staying for an anfwer; and in the mean time gave directions for dinner, which he and his friend Hatchway ate very cheerfully in his own apartment, after he had entertained him with a fight of all the curiofities in the place. During their repast, Jack repeated his kind offers to our adventurer, who declined them with his former obstinacy, and begged he might be no more importuned on that subject: but, if he infifted upon giving some fresh proofs of his friendship, he might have an opportunity of exhibiting it in taking Pipes under his care and protection; for nothing affected him fo much as his inability to provide for fuch a faithful adherent.

The lieutenant defired he would give himself no trouble upon that score; he being, of his own accord, perfectly well disposed to befriend his old ship-mate, who should never want, while he had a shilling to spare. But he began to drop some hints of an intention to six his quarters in the Fleet, observing, that the air seemed to be very good in that place, and that he was tired of living in the country. What he faid did not amount to a plain declaration, and therefore Peregrine did not answer it as such, though he perceived his drift; and took an opportunity of describing the inconveniencies of the place, in such a manner, as he hoped would deter him from put-

ting fuch an extravagant plan in execution.

This expedient, however, far from answering the end proposed, had a quite contrary effect, and furnished Hatchway with an argument against his own unwillingness to quit such a disagreeable place. In all probability, Jack would have been more explicit, with regard to the scheme he had proposed, if the conversation had not been interrupted by the arrival of Cadwallader, who never failed in the performance of his diurnal visit. Hatchway, conjecturing that this stranger might have some private business with his friend, quitted the apartment, on pretence of taking a turn: and meeting Pipes at the door, defired his company to the Bare, by which name the open space is distinguished; where, during a course of perambulation, these two companions held a council upon Pickle: in consequence of which it was determined, fince he obstinately persisted to refuse their assistance, that they should take lodgings in his neighbourhood, with a view of being at hand to minister unto his occasions, in spite of his false delicacy, according to the emergency of his affairs.

This resolution being taken, they consulted the bar-keeper of the coffee-house about lodging, and she directed them to the warden; to whom the lieutenant, in his great wisdom, represented himself as a kinsman to Peregrine, who, rather

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than leave that young gentleman by himself to the unavoidable discomforts of a prison, was inclined to keep him company, till fuch time as his affairs could be put in order. This measure he the more anxiously defired to take, because the prisoner was fometimes subject to a disordered imagination, upon which occasion he stood in need of extraordinary attendance; and therefore he (the lieutenant) intreated the warden to accommodate him with a lodging for himfelf and his fervant, for which he was ready to make any reasonable acknowledgment. The warden, who was a fenfible and humane man, could not help applauding his resolution; and several rooms being at that time unoccupied, he put him immediately in possession of a couple, which were forthwith prepared for his reception.

This affair being fettled to his fatisfaction, he difpatched Pipes for his portmanteau; and returning to the coffee-house, found Peregrine, with whom he spent the remaining part of the evening. Our hero, taking it for granted that he proposed to set out for the garrifon next day, wrote a memorandum of fome books which he had left in that habitation, and which he now defired Jack to fend up to town by the waggon, directed for Mr. Crabtree. He cautioned him against giving the least hint of his misfortune in the neighbourhood, that it might remain as long as possible, concealed from the knowledge of his fifter (who, he knew, would afflict herfelf immoderately at the news), nor reach the ears of the rest of his family, who would exult and triumph over his diffrels,

Hatchway listened to his injunctions with great attention, and promised to demean himself accordingly:

accordingly: then the discourse shifted to an agreeable recapitulation of the merry scenes they had formerly acted together: and the evening being pretty far advanced, Peregrine, with feeming reluctance, told him that the gates of the Fleet would in a few minutes be shut for the night, and that there was an absolute necessity for his withdrawing to his lodging. Jack replied, that he could not think of parting with him fo foon, after fuch a long separation; and that he was determined to stay with him an hour or two longer, if he should be obliged to take up his lodging in the streets. Pickle, rather than disoblige his guest, indulged him in his defire, and resolved to give him a share of his own bed. A pair of chickens and 'sparagus were bespoken for supper, at which Pipes attended with an air of internal fatisfaction; and the bottle was bandied about in a jovial manner till midnight, when the lieutenant role up to take his leave, obferving, that being fatigued with riding, he was inclined to turn-in. Pipes, upon this intimation, produced a lanthorn ready lighted: and Jack, flaking his entertainer by the hand, wished him good night, and promised to visit him again betimes in the morning.

Peregrine, imagining that his behaviour proceeded from the wine, which he had plentifully drank, told him, that if he was disposed to fleep, his bed was ready prepared in the room, and ordered his attendant to undress his mafter; upon which Mr. Hatchway gave him to understand, that he had no occasion to incommode his friend, having already provided a lodging for himself: and the young gentleman demanding an explanation, he frankly owned what he had

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had done, faying, "You gave me fuch a difmal account of the place, that I could not think of leaving you in it without company." Our young gentleman, who was naturally impatient of benefits, and forefaw that this uncommon instance of Hatchway's friendship would encroach upon the plan which he had formed for his own fubfiftence, by engroffing his time and attention, fo as that he should not be able to prosecute his labours; closetted the lieutenant next day, and demonstrated to him the folly and ill consequences of the step he had taken. He observed, that the world in general would look upon it as the effect of mere madness; and, if his relations were fo disposed, they might make it the foundation for a statute of lunacy against him; that his abfence from the garrison must be a very great detriment to his private affairs; and, lastly, that his presence in the Fleet would be a very great hindrance to Pickle himself, whose hope of regaining his liberty altogether depended upon his being detached from all company and interruption.

To these remonstrances Jack replied, that, as to the opinion of the world, it was no more to him than a rotten net-line; and if his relations had a mind to have his upper works condemned, he did not doubt but he should be able to stand the survey, without being declared unsit for service; that he had no affairs at the garrison, but such as would keep cold; and with regard to Pickle's being interrupted by his presence, he gave him his word, that he would never come alongside of him, except when he should give him the signal for holding discourse. In conclusion, he signified his resolution to stay where he was, at all Vol. IV.

events, without making himfelf accountable to any

person whatsoever.

Peregrine feeing him determined, defisted from any further importunity; resolving, however, to tire him out of his plan by reserve and supercilious neglect; for he could not bear the thought of being so notoriously obliged by any person upon earth. With this view he quitted the lieutenant, upon some slight pretence; after having told him, that he could not have the pleasure of his company at dinner, because he was engaged with a particular club of his fellow-prisoners.

Jack was a stranger to the punctilios of behaviour, and therefore did not take this declaration amifs; but had immediate recourse to the advice of his counsellor Mr. Pipes, who proposed that he should go to the coffee-house and kitchen, and give the people to understand that he would pay for all fuch liquor and provisions as Mr. Pickle should order to be fent to his own lodging. This expedient was immediately practifed; and as there was no credit in the place, Hatchway deposited a fum of money, by way of fecurity, to the cook and the vintner, intimating, that there was a neceffity for taking that method of befriending his cousin Peregrine, who was subject to strange whims, that rendered it impossible to serve him any other way.

In consequence of these insinuations, it was that same day rumoured about the Fleet, that Mr. Pickle was an unhappy gentleman disordered in his understanding, and that the lieutenant was his near relation, who had subjected himself to the inconvenience of living in a jail, with the sole view of keeping a strict eye over his conduct.

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This report, however, did not reach the ears of our hero till the next day, when he fent one of the runners of the Fleet, who attended him, to befpake and pay for a couple of pullets, and something else for dinner, to which he had already invited his friend Hatchway, in hope of being able to persuade him to retire into the country, after he had undergone a whole day's mortification in the place. The messenger returned with an assurance, that the dinner should be made ready according to his directions, and restored the money, observing that his kinsman had paid for what was

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Peregrine was equally furprifed and difgusted at this information, and refolved to chide the lieutenant, severely, for his unseasonable treat. which he confidered as a thing repugnant to his reputation. Meanwhile, he dispatched his attendant for wine to the coffee-house, and finding his credit bolftered up in that place by the fame means, was enraged at the prefumption of Jack's He questioned the valet about it friendship. with fuch manifestation of displeasure, that the fellow, afraid of difobliging fuch a good mafter, frankly communicated the story which was circulated at his expence. The young gentleman was fo much incenfed at this piece of intelligence, that he wrote a bitter expostulation to the lieutenant, wherein he not only retracted his invitation, but declared that he would never converse with him, while he should remain within the place.

Having thus obeyed the dictates of his anger, he gave notice to the cook, that he should not have occasion for what was ordered. Repairing to the cossee-house, he told the landlord, that

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whereas he understood the stranger with the wooden leg had prepoffeffed him and others with ridiculous notions, tending to bring the fanity of his intellects in question; and to confirm this imputation, had, under the pretence of confanguinity, undertaken to defray his expences; he could not help (in justice to himself) declaring, that the fame person, was, in reality, the madman, who had given his keepers the flip; that, therefore, he (the landlord) would not find his account in complying with his orders, and encouraging him to frequent his house; and that, for his own part, he would never enter the door, or favour him with the least trifle of his custom, if ever he should for the future find himself anticipated in his payments by that unhappy lunatic.

The vintner was confounded at this retorted charge: and, after much perplexity and deliberation, concluded, that both parties were distracted; the stranger in paying a man's debts against his will, and Pickle, in being offended at such for-

wardness of friendship.

CHAP. C.

These associates commit an assault upon Crabtree, for which they are banished from the Fleet. Peregrine begins to feel the effects of confinement.

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OUR adventurer having dined at an ordinary, and in the afternoon retired to his own apartment, as usual, with his friend Cadwallader; Hatchway and his affociate, after they had been obliged to discuss the provision for which they had paid, renewed their conference upon the old subject. Pipes giving his mess-mate to understand, that Peregrine's chief confident was the old deaf batchelor, whom he had feen at his lodging the preceding day, Mr. Hatchway, in his great penetration, discovered, that the young gentleman's obstinacy proceeded from the advice of the Misanthrope, whom, for that reason, it was their business to chastise. Pipes entered into this opinion the more willingly, as he had all along believed the fenior to be a fort of wizzard, or some caco-dæmon, whom it was not very creditable to be acquainted with. Indeed, he had been inspired with this notion by the infinuations of Hadgi, who had formerly dropped fome hints touching Crabtree's profound knowledge in the magic art; mentioning, in particular, his being possessed of the philosopher's stone; an affertion to which Tom had given implicit credit until his master was sent to prison for debt, when he could no longer suppose Cadwallader lord of fuch a valuable fecret, or else he would. have certainly procured the enlargement of his most intimate friend.

With these sentiments he espoused the resentment of Hatchway. They determined to feize the supposed conjurer, with the first opportunity, on his return from his visit to Peregrine, and, without hesitation, exercise upon him the discipline of the pump. This plan they would have executed that same evening, had not the Misanthrope luckily withdrawn himfelf, by accident, before it was dark, and even before they had intelligence of his retreat. But, next day, they kept themselves upon the watch till he appeared, and Pipes lifting his hat, as Crabtree paffed, "O damn ye, old Dunny (faid he), you and I must grapple by and by; and, a'gad I shall lie so near your quarter, that your ear ports will let in the found, tho'f they are double caulked with oakum."

The Misanthrope's ears were not quite so fast closed, but that they received this intimation; which, though delivered in terms that he did not well understand, had such an effect upon his apprehension, that he signified his doubts to Peregrine, observing, that he did not much like the looks of that fame ruffian with the wooden leg. Pickle affured him, he had nothing to fear from the two failors, who could have no cause of refentment against him; or if they had, would not venture to take any step, which they knew must block up all the avenues to that reconcilement, about which they were fo anxious; and, moreover, give fuch offence to the governor of the place, as would infallibly induce him to expel them both from his territories.

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Notwithstanding this affurance, the young gentleman was not fo confidant of the lieutenant's difcretion, as to believe that Crabtree's fears were altogether without foundation; he forthwith conjectured that Jack had taken umbrage at an intimacy, from which he found himfelf excluded, and imputed his difgrace to the infinuations of Cadwallader, whom, in all likelihood, he intended to punish for his supposed advice. He knew his friend could fustain no great damage from the lieutenant's refentment, in a place which he could immediately alarm with his cries, and therefore wished he might fall into the snare, because it would furnish him with a pretence of complaint; in confequence of which, the failers would be obliged to shift their quarters, fo as that he should be rid of their company, in which he at prefent could find no enjoyment.

Every thing happened as he had foreseen; the Misanthrope, in his retreat from Peregrine's chamber, was affaulted by Hatchway and his affociate, who feized him by the collar without ceremony, and began to drag him towards the pump, at which they would have certainly complimented him with a very difagreeable bath, had not he exalted his voice in fuch a manner, as in a moment brought a number of the inhabitants, and Pickle himself, to his aid. The affailants would have perfifted in their defign, had the opposition been fuch, as they could have faced with any possibility of fuccess: nor did they quit their prey, before a dozen, at least, had come to his rescue, and Peregrine, with a menacing aspect and air of authority, commanded his old valet to withdraw: then they thought proper to sheer off, and betake themselves themselves to close quarters, while our hero accompanied the affrighted Cadwallader to the gate, and exhibited to the warden a formal complaint against the rioters, upon whom he retorted the charge of lunacy, which was supported by the evidence of twenty persons, who had been eyewitnesses of the outrage committed against the old

gentleman.

The governor, in consequence of this information, sent a message to Mr. Hatchway, warning him to move his lodging next day on pain of being expelled. The lieutenant contumaciously refusing to comply with this intimation, was in the morning, while he amused himself in walking upon the Bare, suddenly surrounded by the constables of the court, who took him and his adhering prisoners, before they were aware, and delivered them into the hands of the turnkeys, by whom they were immediately dismissed, and their baggage conveyed to the side of the ditch.

This expulsion was not performed without an obstinate opposition on the part of the delinquents, who, had they not been surprised, would have set the whole Fleet at desiance, and, in all probability, have acted divers tragedies, before they could have been overpowered. Things being circumstanced as they were, the lieutenant did not part with his conductor, without tweaking his nose, by way of farewell; and Pipes in imitation of such a laudable example, communicated a token of remembrance, in an application to the sole eye of his attendant, who scorning to be out-done in this kind of courtesy, returned the compliment with such good-will, that Tom's or-

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gan performed the office of a multiplying glass. These were mutual hints for stripping; and accordingly each was naked from the waift upwards in a trice. A ring of butchers from the market was immediately formed; a couple of the reverend Flamens, who, in morning gowns, ply for marriages in that quarter of the town, constituted themselves seconds and umpires of the approaching contest, and the battle began without further preparation. The combatants were, in point of strength and agility, pretty equally matched; but the jailor had been regularly trained to the art of bruifing: he had more than once fignalized himfelf in public, by his prowefs and skill in this exercife, and loft one eye upon the stage in the course of his exploits. This was a misfortune of which Pipes did not fail to take the advantage: he had already fustained several hard knocks upon his temples and jaws, and found it impracticable to fmite his antagonist upon the victualling office, so dexterously was it defended against affault. He then changed his battery, and being ambi-dexter, raifed fuch a clatter upon the turnkey's blind fide, that this hero, believing him left-handed, converted his attention that way, and opposed the unenlightened fide of his face to the right hand of Pipes, which being thus unprovided against, slily bestowed upon him a peg under the fifth rib, that in an instant laid him fenfeless on the pavement, at the feet of his conqueror. Pipes was congratulated upon his victory, not only by his friend Hatchway, but also by all the by-standers, particularly the priest who had espoused his cause, and now invited the strangers to his lodgings in a neighbouring alehouse, where they were entertained fo much to their liking, M 5

that they determined to feek no other habitation while they should continue in town: and not-withstanding the disgrace and discouragement they had met with, in their endeavours to serve our adventurer, they were still resolved to persevere in their good offices, or, in the vulgar phrase, to see him out.

While they fettled themselves in this manner, and acquired familiar connexions round all the purlieus of the ditch, Peregrine found himself deprived of the company of Cadwallader, who signified by letter, that he did not chuse to hazard his person again in visiting him, while such affassins occupied the avenues through which he must pass; for he had been at pains to enquire into the motions of the seamen, and informed himself exactly of the

harbour in which they were moored.

Our hero had been fo much accustomed to the conversation of Crabtree, which was altogether fuitable to the fingularity of his own disposition, that he could very ill afford to be debarred of it at this juncture, when almost every other source of enjoyment was stopped. He was, however, obliged to fubmit to the hardships of his situation; and as the characters of his fellow-prisoners did not at all improve upon him, he was compelled to feek for fatisfaction within himself. Not but that he had an opportunity of converfing with fome people, who neither wanted fenfe nor were deficient in point of principle; yet there appeared in the behaviour of them all, without exception. a certain want of decorum, a squalor of sentiment, a fort of jailish cast contracted in the course of confinement, which disgusted the delicacy of our hero's observation. He, therefore, detached himfelf from their parties as much as he could, without giving offence to those among whom he was obliged to live, and resumed his labours with incredible eagerness and perseverance, his spirits being supported by the success of some severe *Philippics*, which he occasionally published against the author of his missortune.

Nor was his humanity unemployed in the vacations of his revenge: a man must be void of all fympathy and compassion who can reside among so many miserable objects, without feeling an inclination to relieve their diffrefs. Every day almost prefented to his view fuch lamentable fcenes, as were most likely to attract his notice, and engage his benevolence. Reverfes of fortune, attended with the most deplorable circumstances of domestic woe, were continually intruding upon his acquaintance; his ears were invaded with the cries of the hapless wife, who, from the enjoyment of affluence and pleafure, was forced to follow her hufband to this abode of wretchedness and want; his eyes were every minute affailed with the naked and meager appearances of hunger and cold; and his fancy teemed with a thousand aggravations of their mifery.

Thus fituated, his purse was never shut while his heart remained open. Without resecting upon the slenderness of his store, he exercised his charity to all the children of distress, and acquired a popularity which, tho' pleasing, was far from being profitable. In short, his bounty kept no pace with his circumstances, and in a little time he was utterly exhausted. He had recourse to his bookseller, from whom, with great disticulty, he obtained a small reinforcement; and immediately relapsed into the same want of re-

tention.

tention. He was conscious of his infirmity, and found it incurable: he forefaw that by his own industry he should never be able to defray the expence of these occasions; and this reflection funk deep into his mind. The approbation of the public, which he had earned or might acquire, like a cordial often repeated, began to lofe its effect upon his imagination; his health fuffered by his fedentary life and auftere application; his eye-fight failed, his appetite forfook him, his spirits decayed; fo that he became melancholy, liftlefs, and altogether incapable of profecuting the only means he had left for his fubfiftence; and (what did not at all contribute to the alleviation of these particulars) he was given to understand by his lawyer, that he had loft his cause, and was condemned in costs. Even this was not the most mortifying piece of intelligence he received; he at the fame time learned that his bookfeller was bankrupt, and his friend Crabtree at the point of death.

These were comfortable considerations to a youth of Peregrine's disposition, which was so capricious, that the more his misery increased, the more haughty and instexible he became. Rather than be beholden to Hatchway, who still hovered about the gate, eager for an opportunity to assist him, he chose to undergo the want of almost every convenience of life, and actually pledged his wearing apparel to an Irish pawnbroker in the Fleet, for money to purchase those things, without which he must have absolutely perished. He was gradually irritated by his misfortunes into a rancorous resentment against mankind in general, and his heart so alienated from the enjoyments of life, that he did not care how

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foon he quitted his miserable existence. Though he had shocking examples of the vicifitudes of fortune continually before his eyes, he could never be reconciled to the idea of living like his fellowfufferers, in the most abject degree of dependance. If he refused to accept of favours from his own allies and intimate friends, whom he had formerly obliged, it is not to be supposed that he would listen to propofals of that kind from any of his fellowprisoners, with whom he had contracted acquaintance: he was even more cautious than ever of incurring obligations; he now shunned his former mefs-mates, in order to avoid difagreeable tenders of friendship. Imagining, that he perceived an inclination in the clergyman to learn the state of his finances, he discouraged and declined the explanation, and at length fecluded himfelf from all fociety.

CHAP. CI.

He receives an unexpected wifit: and the clouds of misfortune begin to separate.

W HILE he pined in this forlorn condition, with an equal abhorrence of the world and himself, captain Gauntlet arrived in town, in order to employ his interest for promotion in the army: and in consequence of his wise's particular desire, made it his business to inquire for Peregrine, to whom he longed to be reconciled, even though at the expence of a slight submission. But he could hear no tidings of him, at the place to which he was directed; and,

on the supposition that our hero had gone to refide in the country, applied himself to his own bufiness, with intention to renew his inquiries, after that affair should be transacted. He communicated his demands to his supposed patron, who had affumed the merit of making him a captain, and been gratified with a valuable present on that confideration; and was cajoled with hopes of fucceeding in his prefent aim, by the fame intereft.

Meanwhile, he became acquainted with one of the clerks belonging to the war office, whose advice and affiftance, he was told, would be a furtherance to his scheme. As he had occasion to discourse with this gentleman, upon the circumstances of his expectation, he learned that the nobleman, upon whom he depended, was a person of no consequence in the estate, and altogether incapable of affifting him in his advancement. At the fame time his counfellor expressed his surprize that captain Gauntlet did not rather interest in his cause the noble peer, to whose good offices he owed his last commisfion.

This remark introduced an explanation, by which Godfrey discovered, to his infinite aftonishment, the mistake in which he had continued fo long, with regard to his patron; though he could not divine the motive which induced a nobleman, with whom he had no acquaintance or connection, to interpole his influence in his behalf. Whatfoever that might be, he thought it was his duty to make his acknowledgment; and for that purpose went next morning to his house, where he was politely received, and given to understand, that he v I

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that Mr. Pickle was the person to whose friendship

he was indebted for his last promotion.

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Inexpressible were the transports of gratitude, affection, and remorfe, that took possession of the foul of Gauntlet, when this mystery was un-"Good heaven! cried he, (lifting up his hands) have I lived fo long in a state of animosity with my benefactor? I intended to have reconciled myself to him, at any rate, before I was senfible of this obligation; but now I shall not enjoy a moment's quiet until I have an opportunity of expressing to him my sense of his heroic friendship. I prefume, from the nature of the favour conferred upon him, in my behalf, that Mr. Pickle is well known to your lordship: and I should think myfelf extremely happy, if you could inform me in what part of the country he is to be found: for the person with whom he lodged, some time ago, could give me no intelligence of his motions."

The nobleman, touched with this instance of generous self-denial in Peregrine, as well as with the sensibility of his friend, lamented the unhappiness of our hero, while he gave Gauntlet to understand, that he had been long disordered in his intellects, in consequence of having squandered away his fortune; and that his creditors had thrown him into the Fleet-prison: but whether he still continued in that consinement, or was released from his missortunes by death, his lordship did not know, because he had never enquired.

Godfrey no fooner received this intimation, than (his blood boiling with grief and impatience) he craved pardon for his abrupt departure; then quitting his informer on the instant, reimbarked in his Hackney-coach, and ordered himself to be conveyed directly to the Fleet. As the vehicle proceeded along one fide of the market, he was furprised with the appearance of Hatchway and Pipes, who stood cheapening cauliflowers at a green-stall, their heads being cased in worsted night-caps, half covered with their hats, and a short tobacco-pipe in the mouth of each. He was rejoiced at fight of the two feamen, which he took for an happy omen of finding his friend: and ordering the coachman to stop the carriage, called to the lieutenant by his name. Jack replying with an Hilloah, looking behind him, and recognizing the face of his old acquaintance, ran up to the coach with great eagerness. Shaking the captain heartily by the hand, "Odd's heart! (faid he) I am glad thou hast fallen in with us; we shall now be able to find the trim of the veffel, and lay her about on t'other tack. For my own part, I have had many a confort in my time, that is, in the way of good fellowship, and I always made shift to ware'em at one time or another: but this headstrong toad will neither obey the helm nor the sheet; and for aught I know, will founder where a lies at anchor."

Gauntlet, who conceived part of his meaning, alighted immediately; and being conducted to the failor's lodging, was informed of every thing that had passed between the lieutenant and Pickle. He, in his turn, communicated to Jack the discovery which he had made, with regard to his commission; at which the other gave no signs of surprise; but taking the pipe from his mouth, "Why, look ye, captain (said he), that's not the only good turn you have owed him. That same money you received from the commodore

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as an old debt, was all a sham, contrived by Pickle for your fervice; but a'wool drive under his bare poles, without fails and rigging, or a mess of provision on board, rather than take the same affistance

from another man."

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Godfrey was not only amazed, but chagrined at the knowledge of this anecdote; which gave umbrage to his pride, while it stimulated his defire of doing fomething in return for the obligation. He enquired into the present circumstances of the prisoner; and understanding that he was indisposed, and but indifferently provided with the common necessaries of life, though still deaf to all offers of affiftance, began to be extremely concerned at the account of his favage obstinacy and pride, which would, he feared, exclude him from the privilege of relieving him in his diffress. However, he resolved to leave no expedient untried, that might have any tendency to furmount fuch de-Structive prejudice; and, entering the jail, was directed to the apartment of the wretched prisoner. He knocked foftly at the door, and when it was opened, started back with horror and astonishment: the figure that presented itself to his view, was the remains of his once happy friend; but so miserably altered and difguifed, that his features were fcarce cognizable. The florid, the fprightly, the gay, the elevated youth, was now metamorphofed into a wan, dejected, meagre, squalid spectre; the holloweyed reprefentative of distemper, indigence, and despair: yet his eyes retained a certain ferocity, which threw a difmal gleam athwart the cloudiness of his aspect, and he, in silence, viewed his old companion with a look betokening confusion and disdain. As for Gauntlet, he could not, with-

out emotion, behold fuch a woeful reverse of fate, in a person for whom he entertained the noblest fentiments of friendship, gratitude, and esteem: his forrow was at first too big for utterance, and he fhed a flood of tears before he could pronounce one word.

Peregrine, in spite of his misanthropy, could not help being affected with this uncommon teftimony of regard; but he strove to stifle his sensations: his brows contracted themselves into a severe frown; his eyes kindled into the appearance of live coals: he waved with his hand, in fignal for Godfrey to be gone, and leave fuch a wretch as him to the miseries of his fate; and finding nature too strong to be suppressed, uttered a deep groan, and

wept aloud.

The foldier feeing him thus melted, unable to restrain the strong impulse of his affection, sprung towards, and clasping him in his arms, "My dearest friend, and best benefactor (faid he), I am come hither to humble myfelf for the offence I was fo unhappy as to give, at our last parting; to beg a reconciliation, to thank you for the ease and affluence I have enjoyed through your means, and to rescue you, in spite of yourself, from this melancholy fituation; of which, but an hour ago, I was utterly ignorant. Do not deny me the fatisfaction of acquitting myfelf, in point of duty and obligation. You must certainly have had some regard for a person, in whose favour you have exerted yourself fo much; and if any part of that esteem remains, you will not refuse him an opportunity of approving himself, in some measure, worthy of it. Let me not fuffer the most mortifying of all repulses, that of flighted friendship; but kindly facrifice for ' viel will ftro ever you of : fake lon in f pat mil mi nai ext

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your refentment and inflexibility to the request of one, who is at all times ready to facrifice his life for your honour and advantage. If you will not yield to my intreaties, have some regard to the wishes of my Sophy, who laid me under the strongest injunctions to solicit your forgiveness, even before she knew how much I was indebted to your generosity; or if that consideration should be of no weight, I hope you will relax a little for the sake of poor Emilia, whose resentment hath been long subdued by her affection, and who now droops in forcest at the part and the same and the sa

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Every word of this address, delivered in the most pathetic manner, made an impression upon the mind of Peregrine: he was affected with the submission of his friend, who, in reality, had given him no just cause to complain. He knew that no ordinary motive had fwayed him to a condescension, so extraordinary in a man of his punctilious temper: he considered it therefore, as the genuine effect of eager gratitude and difinterested love, and his heart began to relent accordingly. When he heard himfelf conjured in the name of the gentle Sophy, his obstinacy was quite overcome; and when Emilia was recalled to his remembrance, his whole frame underwent a violent agitation. He took his friend by the hand, with a foftened look; and as foon as he recovered the faculty of speech, which had been overpowered in the conflict of passions that transported him, protested, that he retained no veftige of animofity, but confidered him in the light of an affectionate comrade, the ties of whose friendship adversity could not unbind. He mentioned Sophy in the most respectful terms; spoke of Emilia with the most reverential awe, as the object of his inviolable love and veneration; but difclaimed all hope of ever more attracting her regard; and excused himself from profiting by Godfrey's kind intention, declaring, with a resolute air, that he had broke off all connection with mankind, and that he impatiently longed for the hour of his dissolution, which, if it should not soon arrive by the course of nature, he was resolved to hasten it with his own hands, rather than be exposed to the contempt, and more intolerable pity, of a rascally world.

Gauntlet argued against this frantic determination with all the vehemence of expostulating friendship; but his remonstrances did not produce the desired effect upon our desperate hero, who calmly resuted all his arguments, and afferted the rectitude of his design from the pretended maxims of reason

and true philosophy.

While this dispute was carried on with eagerness on one side, and deliberation on the other, a letter was brought to Peregrine, who threw it carelessly aside unopened, though the superscription was in a hand-writing to which he was a stranger: and, in all probability, the contents would never have been perused, had not Gauntlet insisted upon his waving all ceremony, and reading it forthwith. Thus solicited, Pickle unsealed the billet, which, to his no small surprize, contained the following intimation:

Mr. P. PICKLE,

SIR,

THIS comes to inform you, that after many dangers and disappointments, I am, by the blessing of God, safely arrived in the Downs, on board

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of the Gomberoon Indiaman, having made a tolerable voyage; by which I hope I shall be enabled to repay, with interest, the seven hundred pounds which I borrowed of you before my departure from England. I take this opportunity of writing by our purser, who goes express with dispatches for the company, that you may have this satisfactory notice as soon as possible, relating to one whom I suppose you have long given over as lost. I have inclosed it in a letter to my broker, who, I hope, knows your address, and will forward it accordingly: and

I am, with respect, Sir,

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Your most humble fervant,

BENJAMIN CHINTZ.

He had no fooner taken a curfory view of this agreeable epiftle, than his countenance cleared up, and reaching it to his friend, with a smile, "There (said he), is a more convincing argument, on your side of the question, than all the casuists in the universe can advance." Gauntlet, wondering at this observation, took the paper, and casting his eyes greedily upon the contents, congratulated him upon the receipt of it, with extravagant demonstrations of joy: "Not on account of the sum (said he), which, upon my honour, I would, with pleasure, pay three times over for your convenience and satisfaction; but because it seems to have reconciled you to life, and disposed your mind for re-enjoying the comforts of society."

The instantaneous effect which this unexpected smile of fortune produced in the appearance of

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our adventurer, is altogether inconceivable; it plumped up his cheeks in a moment, unbended and enlightened every feature of his face; elevated his head, which had begun to fink, as it were, between his shoulders; and from a squeaking, dispirited tone, swelled up his voice to a clear, manly accent. Godfrey, taking advantage of this favourable change, began to regale him with prospects of future success: he reminded him of his youth and qualifications, which were certainly defigned for better days than those he had as yet feen; he pointed out various paths, by which he might arrive at wealth and reputation; he importuned him to accept of a fum for his immediate occasions; and earnestly begged, that he would allow him to discharge the debt for which he was confined; observing, that Sophy's fortune had enabled him to exhibit that proof of his gratitude, without any detriment to his affairs; and protesting that he should not believe himself in possession of Mr. Pickle's esteem, unless he was permitted to make fome fuch return of good-will to the man, who had not only raifed him from indigence and fcorn to competence and reputable rank, but also impowered him to obtain the poffeffion of an excellent woman, who had filled up the measure of his felicity.

Peregrine declared himself already overpaid for all his good offices, by the pleasure he enjoyed in employing them, and the happy effects they had produced, in the mutual satisfaction of two persons so dear to his affection; and assured his friend, that one time or other he would set his conscience at ease, and remove the scruples of his honour, by having recourse to his assistance:

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but, at present, he could not make use of his friendship, without giving just cause of offence to honest Hatchway, who was prior to him in point of solicitation, and had manifested his attachment with surprising obstinacy and perseverance.

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Bornell very account marking the office

Peregrine reconciles himself to the lieutenant: and renews his connection with society. Divers plans, are projected in his behalf; and he has occasion to exhibit a remarkable proof of self-denial.

1 H E captain, with reluctance, yielded the preference in this particular to Jack, who was immediately invited to a conference, by a note fubscribed with Pickle's own hand. He was found at the prifon-gate waiting for Gauntlet, to know the iffue of his negociation. He no fooner received this fumfons, than he fet all his fails, and made the best of his way to his friend's apartment; being admitted by the turn-key, in confequence of Peregrine's request, communicated by the messenger who carried the billet. Pipes followed close in the wake of his thipmate; and, in a few minutes after the note had been dispatched, Peregrine and Gauntlet heard the found of the stump, ascending the wooden staircase with such velocity, that they at first mistook it for the application of drum-sticks to the head of an empty barrel. This uncommon speed, however, was attended with a misfortune; he chanced to overlook a small defect in one of the

the steps, and his prop plunging into a hole, he fell backwards, to the imminent danger of his life. Tom was luckily at his back, and sustained him in his arms, so as that he escaped without any other damage than the loss of his wooden leg, which was snapt in the middle, by the weight of his body, in falling; and such was his impatience, that he would not give himself the trouble to disengage the fractured member. Unbuckling the whole equipage in a trice, he left it sticking in the crevice, saying a rotten cable was not worth heaving up, and, in this natural state of mutilation, hopped into the room with infinite expedition.

Peregrine taking him cordially by the hand, feated him upon one fide of his bed; and after having made an apology for that referve, of which he had so justly complained, asked, if he could conveniently accommodate him with the loan of twenty guineas. The lieutenant, without opening his mouth, pulled out his purse; and Pipes, who overheard the demand, applying the whiftle to his lips, performed a loud overture, in token of his joy. Matters being thus brought to an accommodation, our hero told the captain, that he should be glad of his company at dinner, with their common friend Hatchway, if he would in the mean time leave him to the ministry of Pipes; and the foldier went away for the present, in order to pay a short visit to his uncle, who, at that time, languished in a declining state of health, promising to return at the appointed hour. Holey Cloud and state of

The lieutenant, having furveyed the difmal appearance of his friend, could not help being moved at the spectacle, and began to upbraid him with

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with his obstinate pride, which (he swore) was no better than felf-murder. But the young gentleman interrupted him in the course of his moralifing, by telling him he had reasons for his conduct, which, perhaps, he should impart in due season; but, at present, his design was to alter that plan of behaviour, and make himself some amends for the mifery he had undergone. He accordingly fent Pipes to redeem his cloaths from the pawnbroker's wardrobe, and bespeak something comfortable for dinner. When Godfrey came back, he was very agreeably furprised to see such a favourable alteration in his externals; for by the affistance of his valet, he had purified himself from the dregs of his diffress, and now appeared in a decent fuit, with clean linen, while his face was disencumbered of the hair that overshadowed it, and his apartment prepared for the reception of company.

They enjoyed their meal with great fatisfaction, entertaining one another with a recapitulation of their former adventures at the garrison. In the afternoon, Gauntlet taking his leave, in order to write a letter to his fifter, at the defire of his uncle, who finding his end approaching, wanted to fee her without lofs of time, Peregrine made his appearance on the Bare, and was complimented on his coming abroad again, not only by his old mess-mates, who had not seen him for many weeks, but by a number of those objects whom his liberality had fed, before his funds were exhausted. Hatchway was, by his interest with the warden, put in possession of his former quarters, and Pipes dispatched to make inquiry about Crabtree at his former lodging, where he learned that the Misanthrope, after a very severe fit of Vol. IV.

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illness, was removed to Kensington Gravel-pits, for the convenience of breathing a purer air than that of London.

In consequence of this information, Peregrine, who knew the narrowness of the old gentleman's fortune, next day desired his friend Gauntlet to take the trouble of visiting him, in his name, with a letter, in which he expressed great concern for his indisposition, gave him notice of the fortunate intelligence he had received from the Downs, and conjured him to make use of his purse, if he was in the least hampered in his circumstances. The captain took coach immediately, and set out for the place, according to the direction which Pipes

had procured.

Cadwallader having feen him at Bath, knew him again at first fight; and, though reduced to a skeleton, believed himself in such a fair way of doing well, that he would have accompanied him to the Fleet immediately, had not he been restrained by his nurse, who was, by his physician, invested with full authority to dispute and oppose his will in every thing that she should think prejudicial to his health; for he was confidered, by those who had the care of him, as an old humorist, not a little distempered in his brain. He enquired particularly about the failors, who (he faid) had deterred him from carrying on his usual correspondence with Pickle, and been the immediate cause of his indisposition by terrifying him into a fever. Understanding that the breach between Pickle and Hatchway was happily cemented, and that he was no longer in any danger from the lieutenant's resentment, he promised to be at the Fleet with the first convenient opportunity; and, in the mean time, wrote an answer to Peregrine's gri hir for

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grine's letter, importing that he was obliged to him for his offer, but had not the least occasion for his assistance.

In a few days, our adventurer recovered his vigour, complexion, and vivacity; he mingled again in the diversions and parties of the place; and he received, in a little time, the money he had lent upon bottomry, which, together with the interest, amounted to upwards of eleven hundred The possession of this sum, while it buoyed up his spirits, involved him in perplexity. Sometimes he thought it was incumbent upon him as a man of honour, to employ the greatest part of it, in diminishing the debt for which he fuffered; on the other hand, he confidered that obligation effaced, by the treacherous behaviour of his creditor, who had injured him to ten times the value of the fum; and in these sentiments, entertained thoughts of attempting his escape from prison, with a view of conveying himself, with the shipwreck of his fortune, to another country, in which he might use it to better advantage.

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Both fuggestions were attended with such doubts and difficulties, that he hesitated between them, and for the present laid out a thousand pounds in stock, the interest of which, together with the fruits of his own industry, he hoped, would support him above want in his confinement, until something should occur, that would point out the expediency of some other determination. Gauntlet still insisted upon having the honour of obtaining his liberty, at the expence of taking up his notes to Gleanum, and exhorted him to purchase a commission with part of the money which he had retrieved. The lieutenant assirtmed, that it was his privilege to procure the

N 2 release

release of his cousin Pickle, because he enjoyed a very handsome sum by his aunt, which of right belonged to the young gentleman, to whom he was, moreover, indebted for the use of his surniture, and for the very house that stood over his head; and that, although he had already made a will in his favour, he should never be satisfied, nor easy in his mind, so long as he remained deprived of his liberty, and wanted any of the conveniencies of life.

Cadwallader, who by this time affifted at their councils, and was best acquainted with the peculiarity and unbending disposition of the youth, proposed, that seeing he was so averse to obligations, Mr. Hatchway should purchase of him the garrison with its appendages, which, at a moderate price, would sell for more money than would be sufficient to discharge his debts; that, if the service subordination of the army did not suit his inclinations, he might with his reversion, buy a comfortable annuity, and retire with him to the country, where he might live absolutely independent, and entertain himself, as usual, with the ridiculous characters of mankind.

This plan was to Pickle, less disagreeable than any other project which had as yet been suggested; and the lieutenant declared himself ready to execute his part of it, without delay; but the soldier was mortisted at the thoughts of seeing his assistance unnecessary, and eagerly objected to the retirement, as a scheme that would blast the fairest promises of same and fortune, and bury his youth and talents in solitude and obscurity. This earnest opposition on the part of Gauntlet, hindered our adventurer from forming any immediate resolution; which was also retarded by his unwillingness

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ness to part with the garrison upon any terms, because he looked upon it as a part of his inheritance, which he could not dispose of, without committing an infult upon the memory of the deceased commodore.

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CHAP. CIII.

He is engaged in a very extraordinary correspondence, which is interrupted by a very unexpected event.

WHILE this affair was in agitation, the captain told him, in the course of conversation, that Emily was arrived in town, and had enquired about Mr. Pickle with such an eagerness of concern, as seemed to proclaim that she was in some measure informed of his missortune: he, therefore, desired to know if he might be allowed to make her acquainted with his situation, provided he should be again importuned by her on that subject, which he had at first industriously waved.

This proof, or rather prefumption of her fympathifing regard, did not fail to operate powerfully upon the bosom of Peregrine, which was immediately filled with those tumults which love, ill stifled, frequently excites. He observed, that his disgrace was such as could not be effectually concealed; therefore he saw no reason for depriving himself of Emilia's compassion, since he was for ever excluded from her affection; and desired Godfrey to present to his sister, the lowly respects of a despairing lover.

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But, notwithstanding his declaration of despondence on this head, his imagination involuntarily teemed with more agreeable ideas: the proposal of Crabtree had taken root in his reflection, and he could not help forming plans of pastoral felicity, in the arms of the lovely Emilia, remote from those pompous scenes, which he now detested and despised. He amused his fancy with the prospect of being able to support her in a state of independency, by means of the flender annuity which it was in his power to purchase, together with the fruits of those endeavours, which would profitably employ his vacant hours; and forefaw provision for his growing family in the friendship of the lieutenant, who had already constituted him his heir. He even parcelled out his hours among the necessary cares of the world, the pleafures of domestic bliss, and the enjoyments of a country life; and spent the night in ideal parties with his charming bride, fometimes walking by the fedgy bank of some transparent stream, sometimes pruning the luxuriant vine, and fometimes fitting in focial converse with her in a shady grove of his own planting.

These, however, were no more than the shadowy phantoms of imagination, which, he well knew, would never be realized: not that he believed such happiness unattainable by a person in his circumstances; but because he would not stoop to propose a scheme, which might, in any shape, seem to interfere with the interest of Emilia, or subject himself to a repulse from that young lady, who had rejected his addresses in the zenith of his

fortune.

While he diverted himself with these agreeable reveries, an unexpected event intervened in which

which she and her brother were deeply interested. The uncle was tapped for the dropsy, and died in a few days after the operation; having bequeathed, in his will, five thousand pounds to his nephew, and twice that sum to his niece, who had always enjoyed the greatest share of his favour.

If our adventurer, before this occurrence, looked upon his love for Emilia as a passion which it was necessary, at any rate, to conquer or suppress; he now considered her accession of fortune as a circumstance which confirmed that necessity, and resolved to discourage every thought on that subject, which should tend to the propagation of hope. One day, in the midst of a conversation calculated for the purpose, Godfrey put into his hand a letter directed to Mr. Pickle, in the hand-writing of Emilia; which the youth no fooner recognized, than his cheeks were covered with a crimfon dye, and he began to tremble with violent agitation: for he, at once, gueffed the import of the billet, which he kiffed with great reverence and devotion, and was not at all furprifed when he read the following words:

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I HAVE performed a sufficient sacrifice to my reputation, in retaining hitherto the appearance of that resentment, which I had long ago dismissed: and as the late savourable change in my situation, impowers me to avow my genuine sentiments, without fear of censure, or suspicion of mercenary design, I take this opportunity to assure you, that if I still maintain that place in N 4

your heart, which I was vain enough to think I once possessed, I am willing to make the first advances to an accommodation; and have actually furnished my brother with full powers to conclude it in the name of your appealed

EMILIA.

Pickle, having kiffed the subscription with great ardour, fell upon his knees, and lifting up his eyes, "Thank heaven! (cried he with an air of transport) I have not been mistaken in my opinion of that generous maid. I believed her inspired with the most dignified and heroic fentiments, and now she gives me a convincing proof of her magnanimity: it is now my business to approve myself worthy of her regard. May heaven inflict upon me the keenest arrows of its vengeance, if I do not, at this instant, contemplate the character of Emilia with the most perfect love and adoration: yet, amiable and inchanting as she is, I am, more than ever, determined to facrifice the interest of my passion to my glory, though my life should fail in the contest; and even to refuse an offer, which, otherwife, the whole universe should not bribe me to forego."

This declaration was not so unexpected as unwelcome to his friend Gauntlet, who represented that his glory was not at all interested in the affair; because he had already vindicated his generosity, in repeated prossers to lay his whole fortune at Emilia's seet, when it was impossible that any thing selfish could enter into the proposal: but that, in rejecting her present purpose, he would give the world an opportunity to say that his p and b lieve, or the

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his pride was capricious, his obstinacy invincible, and his fifter would have undeniable reason to believe, that either his passion for her was dissembled,

or the ardour of it confiderably abated.

In answer to these remonstrances, Pickle obferved, that he had long set the world at desiance; and as to the opinion of Emilia, he did not doubt that she would applaud in her heart the resolution he had taken, and do justice to the purity of his intention.

It was not an easy task to divert our hero from his designs, at any time of life; but, since his consinement, his inflexibility was become almost insurmountable. The captain, therefore, after having discharged his conscience, in assuring him that his sister's happiness was at stake, that his mother had approved of the step she had taken, and that he himself should be extremely mortised at his resusal, forbore to press him with surther argument, which served only to rivet him the more strongly in his own opinion; and undertook to deliver this answer to Emilia's letter.

MADAM,

THAT I revere the dignity of your virtue, with the utmost veneration, and love you infinitely more than life, I am at all times ready to demonstrate: but the facrifice to honour, it is now my turn to pay; and such is the rigour of my destiny, that, in order to justify your generosity, I must refuse to prosit by your condescension. Madam, I am doomed to be for ever wretched; and to sigh without ceasing, for the possession of that jewel, which, though now in my offer, I dare not enjoy. I shall not pretend to N 5

express the anguish that tears my heart, whilst I communicate this fatal renunciation; but appeal to the delicacy of your own sentiments, which can judge of my sufferings, and will, doubtless, do justice to the self-denial of your forlorn

P. PICKLE.

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Emilia, who knew the nicety of our hero's pride, had foreseen the purport of this epistle before it came to her hands; she did not therefore despair of success, nor desist from the prosecution of her plan; which was no other than that of fecuring her own happiness, in espousing the man upon whom the had fixed her unalterable affection. Confident of his honour, and fully fatisfied of the mutual passion with which they were inspired, she gradually decoyed him into a literary correfpondence, wherein she attempted to refute the arguments on which he grounded his refufal; and, without doubt, the young gentleman was not a little pleased with the enjoyment of such delightful commerce, in the course of which he had (more than ever) an opportunity of admiring the poignancy of her wit, and the elegance of her understanding.

The contemplation of fuch excellency, while it strengthened the chains with which she held him enslaved, added emulation to the other motives that induced him to maintain the dispute; and much subtlety of reasoning was expended upon both sides of this very particular question, without any prospect of conviction on either part: till, at last, she began to despair of making him a proselyte to her opinion by dint of argument: and resolved, for the future, to apply her-

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felf chiefly to the irrefiftible prepoffessions of his love, which were not at all diminished or impaired by the essays of her pen. With this view she proposed a conference, pretending that it was impossible to convey all her resections upon this subject, in a series of short letters; and Godfrey undertook to bail him for the day: but, conscious of her power, he would not trust himself in her presence, though his heart throbbed with all the eagerness of desire to see her fair eyes disrobed of that resentment which they had wore so long, and to enjoy the ravishing sweets of a fond reconciliation.

Nature could not have held out against fuch powerful attacks, had not the pride and caprice of his disposition been gratified to the full in the triumph of his refistance; he looked upon the contest as altogether original, and persevered with obstinacy, because he thought himself sure of favourable terms, whenever he should be disposed to capitulate. Perhaps he might have over-shot himself, in the course of his perseverance: a young lady of Emilia's fortune and attractions could not fail to find herself surrounded by temptations, which few women can refift. She might have misinterpreted the meaning of some paragraph, or taken umbrage at an unguarded expression in one of Peregrine's letters: the might have been tired out by his obstinate peculiarity, or, at the long-run, construed it into madness, slight, or indifference; or, rather than waste her prime in fruitless endeavours to subdue the pride of an headstrong humorist, she might have listened to the voice of some admirer, fraught with qualifications fusficient to engage her esteem and affection. But all these possibilities were providentially prevented by an accident, attended with more important confequences than any we have hitherto recounted.

Early one morning, Pipes was difturbed by the arrival of a messenger, who had been sent express from the country by Mr. Clover, with a packet for the lieutenant, and arrived in town over night; but as he was obliged to have recourse to the information of Jack's correspondent in the city, touching the place of his abode, before he demanded entrance at the Fleet, the gate was shut; nor would the turnkeys admit him, although he told them, that he was charged with a message of the utmost consequence; so that he was fain to tarry till day-break, when he, at his earnest solutions.

citation, was allowed to enter.

Hatchway, opening the packet, found a letter inclosed for Peregrine, with an earnest request, that he should forward it to the hands of that young gentleman with all possible dispatch. Jack, who could not dive into the meaning of this extraordinary injunction, began to imagine that Mrs. Clover lay at the point of death, and wanted to take her last farewell of her brother; and this conceit worked fo ftrongly upon his imagination, that, while he huddled on his cloaths, and made the best of his way to the apartment of our hero, he could not help curfing, within himself, the folly of the husband in fending fuch difagreeable messages to a man of Peregrine's impatient temper, already foured by his own uneafy fituation.

This reflection would have induced him to fuppress the letter, had not he been asraid to tamper with the ticklish disposition of his friend, to whom, while he delivered it, "As for my

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own part (faid he), mayhap I may have as much natural affection as another; but, when my spouse parted, I bore my misfortune like a British man and a christian: for, why? he's no better than a fresh-water sailor, who knows not how to stem the current of mischance."

Pickle being waked from a pleasant dream, in which the fair Emilia was principally concerned, and hearing this strange preamble, sat up in his bed, and unsealed the letter in a state of mortification and disgust: but what were the emotions of his soul, when he read the following intimation!

Dear brother,

IT hath pleased God to take your father suddenly off, by a fit of apoplexy; and as he has died intestate, I give you this notice, that you may, with all speed, come down and take possession of your right in despight of master Gam and his mother, who, you may be sure, do not sit easy under this unexpected dispensation of providence. I have, by virtue of being a justice of the peace, taken such precautions as I thought necessary for your advantage; and the suneral shall be deferred until your pleasure be known. Your sister, though sincerely assisted by her father's fate, submits to the will of heaven with laudable resignation, and begs you will set out for this place without delay; in which request she is joined by, Sir,

Your affectionate brother, and humble fervant,

CHARLES CLOVER.

Peregrine, at first, looked upon this epistle as a mere illusion of the brain, and a continuation of the revery in which he had been engaged. Heread it ten times over, without being perfuaded that he was actually awake: he rubbed his eyes, and shook his head, in order to shake off the drowfy vapours that furrounded him: he hemm'd thrice with great vociferation, fnapp'd his fingers, tweak'd his nofe, started up from his bed, and, opening the casement, took a survey of the wellknown objects that appeared on each fide of his habitation. Every thing feemed congruous and connected, and he faid within himself, " Sure this is the most distinct dream that ever sleep produced." Then he had recourse again to the paper, which he carefully perused, without finding any variation from his first notion of the contents.

Hatchway, feeing all his extravagances of action, accompanied with a wild stare of distraction, began to believe that his head was at length fairly turned, and was really meditating means for fecuring his person; when Pickle, in a tone of surprise, exclaimed, "Good God! am I or am I not awake?" "Why look ye, cousin Pickle (replied the lieutenant), that is a question which the deep sea line of my understanding is not long enough to found: but, howsomever, tho'f I can't trust to the observation I have taken, it shall go hard but I will fall upon a way to guess whereabouts we are." So saying, he lifted up a pitcher full of cold water, that stood behind the outward door, and discharged it in the face of Peregrine without ceremony or hefitation.

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This remedy produced the defired effect: unpalatable as it was, the young gentleman no fooner recovered his breath, which was endangered by fuch a fudden application, than he thanked his friend Jack for the feafonable operation he had performed. Having no longer any just reason to doubt the reality of what appeared so convincingly to his fenses, he shifted himself on the instant, not without hurry and trepidation; and putting on his morning dress, fallied forth to the Bare, in order to deliberate with himself on the important intelli-

gence he had received.

Hatchway, not yet fully convinced of his fanity, and curious to know the purport of the letter. which had affected him in fuch an extraordinary manner, carefully attended his footsteps in this excursion, in hope of being favoured with his confidence, in the course of their perambulation. Our hero no fooner appeared at the street door, than he was faluted by the messenger, who having posted himself in the way for that purpose, " God bless your noble honour, squire Pickle (cried he), and give you joy of succeeding to your father's estate." These words had scarce proceeded from his mouth, when the lieutenant hopping eagerly towards the countryman, fqueezed his hand with great affection. and asked if the old gentleman had actually taken his departure: " Ay, master Hatchway (replied the other), in fuch a woundy hafte, that he forgot to make a will." " Body of me! (exclaimed the feaman) these are the best tidings I have heard fince I first went to sea. Here, my lad, take my purse, and stow thyself chocque full of the best liouor in the land." So faying, he tipped the peafant with ten pieces, and immediately the whole place

place echoed with the found of Tom's instrument. Peregrine repairing to the walk, communicated the billet to his honest friend, who at his desire went forthwith to the lodgings of captain Gauntlet, and returned in less than half an hour with that gentleman, who (I need not say) was heartily rejoiced at the occasion.

CHAP. CIV.

Peregrine holds a consultation with his friends, in consequence of which he bids adieu to the Fleet. He arrives at his father's house, and afferts his right of inheritance.

NOR did our hero keep the misanthrope in ignorance of this happy turn of fortune: Pipes was dispatched to the senior, with a message requesting his immediate presence; and he accordingly appeared, in obedience to the summons, growling with discontent, for having been deprived of several hours of his natural rest. His mouth was immediately stopped with the letter, at which he similed horrible a ghastly grin; and, after a compliment of gratulation, they entered into close divan, about the measures to be taken in consequence of this event.

There was no room for much debate: it was unanimously agreed, that Pickle should set out, with all possible dispatch, for the garrison, to which Gauntlet and Hatchway resolved to attend him. Pipes was accordingly ordered to prepare a couple of post-chaises, while Godfrey

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went to procure bail for his friend, and provide them with money for the expence of the expedition, but not before he was defired by Peregrine to conceal this piece of news from his fifter, that our youth might have an opportunity to surprise her in a more interesting manner, after he should

have fettled his affairs.

All these previous steps being taken in less than an hour, our hero took his leave of the Fleet, after he had left twenty guineas with the warden for the relief of the poor prisoners, a great number of whom convoyed him to the gate, pouring forth prayers for his long life and prosperity; and he took the road to the garrison, in the most elevated transports of joy, unallayed with the least mixture of grief at the death of a parent whose paternal tenderness he had never known. His breast was abfolutely a stranger to that boasted Eroeyn, or instinct of affection, by which the charities are supposed to fubfift.

Of all the journies he had ever made, this fure was the most delightful: he felt all the extasy that must naturally be produced in a young man of his imagination, from fuch a fudden transition in point of circumstance; he found himself delivered from confinement and difgrace, without being obliged to any person upon earth for his deliverance; he had it now in his power to retort the contempt of the world, in a manner fuited to his most fanguine wish; he was reconciled to his friend, and enabled to gratify his love, even upon his own terms; and faw himself in possession of a fortune more ample than his first inheritance, with a stock of experience that would fleer him clear of all those quickfands among which he had been formerly wrecked.

In the middle of their journey, while they halted at an inn for a short refreshment and change of horses, a postilion running up to Peregrine in the yard, fell at his feet, clasped his knees with great eagerness and agitation, and presented to him the individual face of his old valet-de-chambre. The youth perceiving him in fush an abject garb and attitude, commanded him to rife and tell the cause of fuch a miserable reverse in his fortune. Upon which Hadgi gave him to understand, that he had been ruined by his wife, who having robbed him of all his cash and valuable effects, had eloped from his house, with one of his own customers, who appeared in the character of a French count, but was in reality no other than an Italian fiddler; that, in consequence of this retreat, he (the husband) was disabled from paying a considerable sum which he had fet apart for his wine merchant, who being disappointed in his expectation, took out an execution against his effects; and the rest of his creditors following his example, hunted him out of house and home: so that finding his perfon in danger at London, he had been obliged to escape into the country, skulking about from one village to another, till being quite destitute of all support, he had undertaken his present office, to fave himself from starving.

Peregrine listened with compassion to his lamentable tale, which too well accounted for his not appearing in the Fleet, with offers of service to his master in distress, a circumstance that Pickle had all along imputed to his avarice and ingratitude. He assured him, that as he had been the means of throwing in his way the temptation to which he fell a facrifice, he would charge him-

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felf with the retrieval of his affairs: in the mean time he made him taste of his bounty, and desired him to continue in his present employment, until he should return from the garrison, when he would consider his situation, and do something for his immediate relief.

Hadgi attempted to kifs his shoe, and wept, or affected to weep, with sensibility, at this gracious reception; he even made a merit of his unwillingness to exercise his new occupation, and earnestly begged that he might be allowed to give immediate attendance upon his dear master, from whom he could not bear the thoughts of a second parting. His intreaties were reinforced by the intercession of his two friends, in consequence of which the Swifs was permitted to follow them at his own leisure, while they set forwards after a slight repast, and reached the place of their destination before ten o'clock at night.

Peregrine, instead of alighting at the garrison, rode straightway to his father's house; and no person appearing to receive him, not even a servant to take care of his chaise, he dismounted without assistance. Being followed by his two friends, he advanced into the hall, where perceiving a bell-rope, he made immediate application to it, in such a manner as brought a couple of footmen into his presence. After having reprimanded them, with a stern look, for their neglect in point of attendance, he commanded them to shew him into an apartment; and as they seemed unwilling to yield obedience to his orders, asked if they did not belong to the fa-

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One of them, who took upon himself the office of spokesman, replied with a sullen air, that they had been in the service of old Mr. Pickle, and now that he was dead, thought themselves bound to obey no body but their lady, and her fon Mr. Ga-This declaration had fcarce proceeded maliel. from his mouth, when our hero gave them to understand, that fince they were not disposed to own any other master, they must change their quarters immediately. He ordered them to decamp without further preparation; and as they still continued restive, they were kicked out of doors by the captain and his friend Hatchway. Squire Gam, who overheard every thing that passed, and was now more than ever inflamed with that rancour which he had fucked with his mother's milk, flew to the affistance of his adherents, with a pistol in each hand, bellowing Thieves! thieves! with great vociferation, as if he had mistaken the business of the strangers, and actually believed himself. in danger of being robbed. Under this pretence he discharged a piece at his brother, who luckily escaped the shot, closed with him in a moment, and wresting the other pistol from his gripe, turned him out into the court yard, to the confolation of his two dependants.

By this time, Pipes and the two possilions had taken possession of the stables, without being opposed by the coachman and his deputy, who quietly submitted to the authority of their new sovereign: but the noise of the pistol had alarmed Mrs. Pickle, who running down stairs with the most frantic appearance, attended by two maids and the curate, who still maintained his place of chaplain and ghostly director in the fa-

mily,

mily, would have affaulted our hero with her nails, had not she been restrained by her attendants. Though they prevented her from using her hands, they could not hinder her from exercising her tongue, which she wagged against him with all the virulence of malice. She asked, if he was come to butcher his brother, to insult his father's corpse, and triumph in her affliction; she bestowed upon him the epithets of spendthrist, jailbird, and unnatural russian; she begged pardon of God for having brought such a monster into the world, accused him of having brought his father's grey hairs with sorrow to the grave; and affirmed, that were he to touch the body, it would bleed at his approach.

Without pretending to refute the articles of this ridiculous charge, he allowed her to ring out her alarm; and then calmly replied, that if she did not quietly retire to her chamber, and behave as became a person in her present situation, he should insist upon her removing to another lodging, without delay; for he was determined to be master in his own family. The lady, who, in all probability, expected that he would endeavour to appease her with all the tenderness of silial submission, was so much exasperated at his cavalier behaviour, that her constitution could not support the transports of her spirits; and she was carried off by her women in a fit, while the officious clergyman was dismissed after his pupil, with all the circumstances of dis-

grace.

Our hero having thus made his quarters good, took possession of the best apartment in the house, and sent notice of his arrival to Mr. Clover, who, with his wise, visited him in less than an hour,

and was not a little furprifed to find him fo fuddenly fettled in his father's house. The meeting of Julia and her brother was extremely pathetic. She had always loved him with uncommon tenderness, and looked upon him as the ornament of her family; but she had heard of his extravagancies with regret, and though the confidered the stories that were circulated at his expence, as the malicious exaggerations of his mother and her darling fon, her apprehension had been grievously alarmed by an account of his imprisonment and diffress, which had been accidentally conveyed to that country by a gentleman from London, who had been formerly of his acquaintance; she could not, therefore, without the most tender emotions of joy, see him, as it were, restored to his rightful inheritance, and re-established in that station of life which the thought he could fill with dignity and importance.

After their mutual expressions of affection, she retired to her mother's chamber, with a view to make a fecond offer of her fervice and attendance, which had been already rejected with fcorn fince her father's death; while Peregrine consulted his brother-in-law, about the affairs of the family, fo far as they had fallen within his cognizance and obfervation.

Mr. Clover told him, that though he was never favoured with the confidence of the defunct, he knew some of his intimates, who had been tampered with by Mrs. Pickle, and even engaged to fecond the remonstrances by which the had often endeavoured to perfuade her hufband to fettle his affairs by a formal will; but that he had from time to time evaded their im-

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portunities with furprifing excuses of procrastination, that plainly appeared to be the refult of invention and defign, far above the supposed pitch of his capacity; a circumstance from which Mr. Clover concluded, that the old gentleman imagined his life would not have been fecure, had he once taken such a step as would have rendered it unnecessary to the independence of his second fon. He moreover observed, that, in consequence of this information, he no fooner heard of Mr. Pickle's death, which happened at the club, than he went directly, with a lawyer to his house, before any cabal or conspiracy could be formed against the rightful heir; and, in prefence of witnesses provided for the purpose, sealed up all the papers of the deceased, after the widow had, in the first transports of her forrow and vexation, fairly owned, that her husband had died intestate.

Peregrine was extremely well fatisfied with this intelligence, by which all his doubts were dispelled; and having cheerfully supped with his friends on a cold collation which his brother-in-law had brought in his chariot, they retired to rest, in different chambers, after Julia had met with another repulse from her capricious mother, whose over-flowing rage had now subsided into the former channel of calm inveteracy.

Next morning the house was supplied with some servants from the garrison, and preparations were made for the suneral of the deceased. Gam having taken lodgings in the neighbourhood, came with a chaise and cart to demand his mother, together with his own clothes and her personal

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Our hero, though he would not fuffer him to enter the door, 'allowed his proposal to be communicated to the widow, who eagerly embraced the opportunity of removing, and was, with her own baggage, and that of her beloved son, conveyed to the place which he had prepared for her reception. Thither she was followed by her woman, who was desired by Peregrine to assure her mistress, that, until a regular provision could be settled upon her, she might command him, in point of money, or any other accommodation in his power.

CHAP. CV.

He performs the last offices to his father, and returns to London, upon a very interesting design.

SUITS of mourning being provided for himself, his friends and adherents, and every other previous measure taken suitable to the occasion, his father was interred, in a private manner, in the parish church; and his papers being examined, in presence of many persons of honour and integrity, invited for that purpose, no will was found, or any other deed, in favour of the second son, though it appeared by the marriage settlement, that the widow was entitled to a jointure of five hundred pounds a year. The rest of his papers consisted of East India bonds, South Sea annuities, mortgages, notes, and assignments, to the amount of forescore thousandseven hundred and sixty pounds, exclusive of the house, plate and furniture, horses, equipage and

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fic po de cattle, with the garden and park adjacent, to a

very confiderable extent.

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This was a fum that even exceeded his expectation, and could not fail to entertain his fancy with the most agreeable ideas. He found himself immediately a man of vast consequence among his country neighbours, who visited him with compliments of congratulation, and treated him with fuch respect as would have effectually spoiled any young man of his disposition, who had not the fame advantages of experience as he had already purchased at a very extravagant price. Thus shielded with caution, he bore his prosperity with furprifing temperance; every body was charmed with his affability and moderation. When he made a circuit round the gentlemen of the diftrict, in order to repay the courtefy which he owed, he was careffed by them with uncommon affiduity, and advised to offer himself as a candidate for the county, at the next election, which, they supposed, would soon happen, because the present member was in a declining state of health. Nor did his person and address escape unheeded by the ladies, many of whom did not scruple to fpread their attractions before him, with a view of captivating fuch a valuable prize: nay, fuch an impression did this legacy make upon a certain peer, who refided in this part of the country, that he cultivated Pickle's acquaintance with great eagerness, and without circumlocution, offered to him in marriage his only daughter, with a very confiderable fortune.

Our hero expressed himself, upon this occafion, as became a man of honour, sensibility, and politeness; and frankly gave his lordship to understand, that his heart was already engaged. He Vol. IV.

was pleafed with the opportunity of making fuch a facrifice to his passion for Emilia, which, by this time, inflamed his thoughts to fuch a degree of impatience, that he refolved to depart for London with all possible speed; and for that purpose industriously employed almost every hour of his time in regulating his domestic affairs. He paid off all his father's fervants, and hired others, at the recommendation of his fifter, who promifed to superintend his houshold in his absence: he advanced the first half-yearly payment of his mo-ther's jointure; and as for his brother Gam, he gave him divers opportunities of acknowledging his faults, fo as that he might have answered to his own conscience for taking any step in his fayour; but that young gentleman was not yet fufficiently humbled by misfortune, and not only forbore to make any overtures of peace, but also took all occasions to flander the conduct and revile the person of our hero, being, in this practice, comforted and abetted by his righteous mamma.

Every thing being thus fettled for the prefent, the triumvirate fet out on their return to town in the same manner with that in which they had arrived in the country, except in this small variation, that Hatchway's chaife-companion was now the valet-de-chambre refitted, instead of Pipes, who, with another lacquey, attended them on horseback. When they had performed two-thirds of their way to London, they chanced to overtake a country squire, on his return from a visit to one of his neighbours, who had entertained him with fuch hospitality, that (as the lieutenant observed) he rolled himself almost gunwale to, every motion of his horse, which was a fine hunter: and when the chaifes passed him at full fpeed

fpeed he set up the sportsman's hollow, in a voice that sounded like a French horn, clapping spurs to Sorrel at the same time, in order to keep up with

the pace of the machine.

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Peregrine, who was animated with an uncommon flow of spirits, ordered his postilion to proceed more foftly; and entered into conversation with the stranger, touching the make and mettle of his horfe, upon which he descanted with so much learning, that the fquire was aftonished at his knowledge. When they approached his habitation, he invited the young gentleman and his company to halt, and drink a bottle of his ale; and was fo preffing in his folicitation, that they complied with his request. He according conducted them through a spacious avenue, that extended as far as the high way, to the gate of a large chateau, of a most noble and venerable appearance, which induced them to alight and view the apartments, contrary to their first intention of drinking a glass of his October at the door.

The rooms were every way suitable to the magnificence of the outside, and our hero imagined they had made a tour through the whole sweep, when the landlord gave him to understand that they had not yet seen the best apartment of the house, and immediately led them into a spacious dining-room, which Peregrine did not enter without giving manifest signs of uncommon astonishment. The pannels all round were covered with portraits at full length, by Vandyke; and not one of them appeared without a ridiculous tye periwig, in the style of those that usually hang over the shops of two-penny barbers. The straight boots in which the sigures had been originally painted, and the other circumstances of attitude and drapery,

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fo inconfistent with this monstrous furniture of the head, exhibited such a ludicrous appearance, that Pickle's wonder, in a little time gave way to his mirth, and he was seized with a violent sit of laughter which had well nigh deprived him of his breath.

The squire half pleased and half offended at this expression of ridicule, "I know (said he) what makes you laugh fo woefully: you think it strange to zee my vorefathers booted and spurred, with huge three tailed-periwigs on their pates. The truth of the matter is this; I could not abide to zee the pictures of my vamily with a parcel of loofe hair hanging about their eyes, like zo many colts; and zo I employed a painter vellow from Lundon to clap decent perriwigs upon their skulls, at the rate of five shillings a head, and offered him three shillings a piece to furnish each with an handsome pair of shoes and stockings; but the rascal, thinking I must have 'em done at any price after their heads were covered, haggled with me for your shillings a picture; and zo, rather than be imposed upon, I turned him off, and shall let'em stand as they are, till zome more reasonable brother of the brush comes round the country."

Pickle commended his refolution, though, in his heart, he bleffed himself from such a barbarous Goth; and, after they had dispatched two or three bottles of his beer they proceeded on their journey, and arrived in town about eleven at night.

CHAP. the Last.

He enjoys an interview with Emilia, and makes himself ample amends for all the mortifications of his life.

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GODFREY, who had taken leave of his fifter, on pretence of making a fhort excursion with Peregrine, whose health required the enjoyment of fresh air, after his long confinement, fent a meffage to her, that fame night, announcing his arrival, and giving her notice that he would breakfast with her next morning; when he and our hero, who had dreffed himself for the purpose, taking a hackney-coach, repaired to her lodging, and were introduced into a parlour, adjoining to that in which the tea-table was fet. Here they had not waited many minutes when they heard the found of feet coming down stairs; upon which our hero's heart began to beat the alarm. He concealed himself behind the screen by the direction of his friend, whose ears being saluted with Sophy's voice from the next room, he flew into it with great ardour, and enjoyed upon her lips the fweet transports of a meeting so unexpected; for he had left her in her father's house at Windsor.

Amidst these emotions, he had almost forgot the situation of Peregrine; when Emily, assuming an enchanting air, "Is not this (said she) a most provoking scene to a young woman, like me, who am doomed to wear the willow, by the strange caprice of my lover? Upon my word, brother, you have done me infinite prejudice, in promoting this jaunt with my obstinate corre-

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fpondent;

fpondent; who, I suppose, is so ravished with this transient glimpse of liberty, that he will never be persuaded to incur unnecessary confinement for the future." " My dear fifter (replied the captain, tauntingly), your own pride fet him the example; fo you must e'en stand to the consequence of his imitation." "Tis a hard case, however (answered the fair offender), that I should suffer all my life, by one venial trespass. Heigh ho! who would imagine that a fprightly girl, fuch as I, with ten thousand pounds, should go a begging? I have a good mind to marry the next person that asks me the question, in order to be revenged upon this unyielding humourist. Did the dear fellow discover no inclination to see me, in all the term of his releasement? Well, if ever I can catch the fugitive again, he shall fing in his

cage for life."

It is impossible to convey to the reader a just idea of Peregrine's transports, while he overheard this declaration; which was no fooner pronounced, than, unable to refift the impetuofity of his passion, he sprung from his lurking-place, exclaiming, " Here I furrender;" and rushing into her presence, was so dazzled with her beauty, that his speech failed: he was fixed, like a statue, to the floor; and all his faculties were absorpt in admiration. Indeed, the was now in the full bloom of her charms, and it was nearly impossible to look upon her without emotion. What then must have been the extacy of our youth, whose passion was whetted with all the incitements which could stimulate the human heart! The ladies fcreamed with furprize at his appearance, and Emilia underwent fuch agitation as flushed every charm with irreliftible energy: her cheeks glowed glowed with a most delicate suffusion, and her bosom heaved with such bewitching undulation, that the cambrick could not conceal or contain the snowy hemispheres, that rose like a vision of

paradife to his view.

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While he was almost fainting with unutterable delight, she seemed ready to sink under the tumults of tenderness and confusion; when our hero, perceiving her condition, obeyed the impulse of his love, and circled the charmer in his arms, without suffering the least frown or symptom of displeasure. Not all the pleasures of his life had amounted to the inestable joy of this embrace, in which he continued for some minutes totally entranced. He fastened upon her pouting lips, with all the eagerness of rapture; and, while his brain seemed to whirl round with transport, exclaimed in a delirium of bliss, "Heaven and earth! this is too much to bear!"

His imagination was accordingly relieved, and his attention in some measure divided, by the interpolition of Sophy, who kindly chid him for his having overlooked his old friends: thus accosted, he quitted his delicious armful, and, faluting Mrs. Gauntlet, asked pardon for his neglect; observing that such rudeness was excusable, confidering the long and unhappy exile which he had fuffered from the jewel of his foul. Then turning to Emilia, " I am come, madam (faid he), to claim the performance of your promise, which I can produce under your own fair hand: you may, therefore, lay afide all fuperfluous ceremony and fhyness, and crown my happiness without farther delay; for upon my foul! my thoughts are wound up to the last pitch pitch of expectation, and I shall certainly run distracted, if I am doomed to any term of probation,"

His mistress, having by this time recollected herfelf, replied with a most exhilarating smile, " I ought to punish you for your obstinacy, with the mortification of a twelve-month's trial; but 'tis dangerous to tamper with an admirer of your disposition, and therefore, I think, I must make fure of you, while it is in my power." "You are willing, then, to take me for better for worfe, in presence of heaven and these witnesses?" cried Peregrine kneeling, and applying her hand to his lips. At this interrogation, her features foftened into an amazing expression of condescending love; and while she darted a side-glance, that thrilled to his marrow, and heaved a figh more foft than Zephyr's balmy wing, her answer was, "Why-ay-and heaven grant me patience to bear the humours of fuch a yoke-fellow." "And may the fame powers (replied the youth) grant me life and opportunity to manifest the immensity of my love. Meanwhile, I have eighty thousand pounds, which shall be laid immediately in your lap."

So faying, he fealed the contract upon her lips, and explained the mystery of his last words, which had begun to operate upon the wonder of the two sisters. Sophy was agreeably surprised with the account of his good fortune, nor was it, in all probability, unacceptable to the lovely Emilia; tho', from this information, she took an opportunity to upbraid her admirer with the inflexibility of his pride, which (she scrupled not to say) would have bassled all the suggestions of

his

his passion, had not it been gratified by this providential event.

Matters being thus happily matured, the lover begged that immediate recourfe might be had to the church, and his happiness ascertained before night. But the bride objected, with great vehemence, to fuch precipitation, being defirous of her mother's presence at the ceremony; and she was feconded in her opinion by her brother's wife. Peregrine, maddening with defire, affaulted her with the most earnest entreaties, representing, that, as her mother's confent was already obtained, there was furely no necessity for a delay, that must infallibly make a dangerous impression upon his brain and conflitution. He fell at her feet, in all the agony of impatience; fwore that his life and intellects would actually be in jeopardy by her refufal; and when she attempted to argue him out of his demand, began to rave with fuch extravagance, that Sophy was frightened into conviction: and Godfrey enforcing the remonstrances of his friend, the amiable Emilia was teazed into compliance.

After breakfast the bridegroom and his companion set out for the Commons for a licence, having first agreed upon the house at which the ceremony should be performed, in the lodgings of the bride: and the permission being obtained, they sound means to engage a clergyman, who undertook to attend them at their own time and place. Then a ring was purchased for the occasion; and they went in search of the lieutenant, with whom they dined at a tavern, and not only made him acquainted with the steps they had taken, but desired that he would stand god-father to the bride: an employment which Jack accepted

cepted with demonstrations of particular satisfaction; till chancing to look into the street, and seeing Cadwallader approach the door, in consequence of a message they had sent to him by Pipes, he declined the office in savour of the senior; who was according ordained for that purpose, on the supposition that such a mark of regard might facilitate his concurrence with a match, which otherwise he would certainly oppose, as he was a professed enemy to wedlock, and, as yet, ignorant of

Peregrine's intention.

After having congratulated Pickle upon his fuccession, and shook his two friends by the hand, the misanthrope asked whose mare was dead, that he was summoned in such a plaguy hurry from his dinner, which he had been sain to gobble up like a cannibal? Our hero gave him to understand, that they had made an appointment to drink tea with two agreeable ladies, and were unwilling that he should lose the opportunity of enjoying an entertainment which he loved so much. Crabtree, shrivelling up his sace, like an autumn leas, at this intimation, cursed his complaisance, and swore they should keep their assignation without him; for he and letchery had shook hands many years ago.

The bridegroom, however, likening him unto an old coachman, who still delights in the smack of the whip, and dropping some flattering hints of his manhood even at these years, he was gradually prevailed upon to accompany them to the place of rendezvous; where, being ushered into a diningroom, they had not waited three minutes, when they were joined by the parson, who had observed

the hour with great punctuality.

This gentleman no fooner entered the room, than Cadwallader, in a whisper to Gauntlet, asked if that was not the cock-bawd; and before the captain could make any reply, "What an unconfcionable whore-mafter the rogue is! (faid he) scarce discharged from confinement, and fweetened with a little fresh air, when he wenches with a pimp in canonicals in his pay." The door again opened,-and Emilia broke in upon them, with fuch dignity of mien, and divinity of aspect, as inspired every spectator with astonishment and admiration! The lieutenant, who had not feen her fince her charms were ripened into fuch perfection, expressed his wonder and approbation in an exclamation of "Add's zooks! what a glorious galley!" and the mifanthrope's vifage was inftantly metamorphofed into the face of a mountain goat. He licked his lips instinctively, snuffed the air, and squinted with a most horrible obliquity of vision.

The bride and her fifter being feated, and Hatchway having renewed his acquaintance with the former, who recognized him with particular civility, Peregrine withdrew into another apartment with his friend Crabtree, to whom he imparted the defign of this meeting; which the latter no fooner understood, than he attempted to retreat, without making any other reply than that of "Pshaw! rot your matrimony! can't you put your neck in the noose without my being a witness

of your folly?"

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The young gentleman, in order to vanquish this aversion, stepped to the door of the next room, and begged the favour of speaking with Emilia, to whom he introduced the testy old bachelor, as one of his particular friends, who desired

defired to have the honour of giving her away. The bewitching smile with which she received his falute, and granted his request, at once overcame the disapprobation of the misanthrope, who with a relaxation in his countenance, which had never been perceived before that instant, thanked her in the most polite terms for such an agreeable mark of distinction. He accordingly led her into the dining room, where the ceremony was performed without delay; and after the husband had afferted his prerogative on her lips, the whole company saluted her by the name of Mrs. Pickle.

I shall leave the sensible reader to judge what passed at this juncture, within the bosoms of the new-married couple: Peregrine's heart was fired with inexpressible ardour and impatience; while the transports of the bride were mingled with a dash of dissidence and apprehension. Gauntlet faw it would be too much for both, to bear their present tantalizing situation till night, without fome amusement to diverge their thoughts; and therefore proposed to pals part of the evening at the public entertainments in Marybone-gardens, which were at that time frequented by the best company in town. The scheme was relished by the discreet Sophy, who saw the meaning of the propofal, and the bride submitted to the persuasion of her fifter; fo that, after tea, two coaches were called, and Peregrine was forcibly separated from his charmer, during the conveyance.

The new-married couple and their company having made shift to spend the evening, and supped on a slight collation in one of the boxes, Peregrine's patience was almost quite exhausted;

and

and taking Godfrey aside, he imparted his intention to withdraw in private from the sea-wit of his friend Hatchway, who would, otherwise, retard his bliss with unseasonable impediments, which, at present, he could not possibly bear. Gauntlet, who sympathized with his impatience, undertook to intoxicate the lieutenant with bumpers to the joy of the bride, and, in the mean time, desired Sophy to retire with his sister, under the auspices of Cadwallader, who promised to

fquire them home.

The ladies were accordingly conducted to the coach, and Jack proposed to the captain, that, for the fake of the joke, the bridegroom should be plied with liquor, in fuch a manner as would effectually disable him from enjoying the fruits of his good fortune for one night at least. Gauntlet feemed to relish the scheme, and they prevailed upon Pickle to accompany them to a certain tavern, on pretence of drinking a farewell glass to a fingle life; there the bottle was circulated, till Hatchway's brain began to fuffer innovation. As he had fecured our hero's hat and fword, he felt no apprehension of an elopement, which, however, was effected; and the youth hastened on the wings of love to the arms of his enchanting bride. He found Crabtree in a parlour waiting for his return, and disposed to entertain him with a lecture upon temperance; to which he paid very little attention, but ringing for Emilia's maid, defired to know if her mistress was a-Being answered in the affirmative, he sent her up stairs to announce his arrival, undressed himself to a loose gown and slippers, and, wishing the mifanthrope good night, after having Vol. IV. defired

defired to fee him next day, followed in person to the delicious scene, where he found her elegantly dished out, the fairest daughter of chastity and love.

When he approached, she was overwhelmed with confusion, and hid her lovely face from his transporting view. Mrs. Gauntlet, seeing his eyes kindled at the occasion, kissed her charming sister, who, throwing her snowy arms about her neck, would have detained her in the room, had not Peregrine gently disengaged her considente from her embrace, and conducted her trembling to the door, which having bolted and barricadoed, he profited by his good fortune, and his felicity

was perfect.

Next day he rose about noon, and found his three friends affembled, when he learned that Jack had fallen in his own fnare, and been obliged to lie in the same tavern where he fell: a circumstance of which he was so much ashamed, that Peregrine and his wife escaped many jokes, which he would have certainly cracked, had he not lain under the imputation of this difgrace. In half an hour after he came down, Mrs. Pickle appeared with Sophy, blushing like Aurora or the goddess of health, and sending forth emanations of beauty unparalleled: fhe was complimented upon her change of fituation by all prefent, and by none more warmly than by old Crabtree, who declared himself so well satisfied with his friend's fortune, as to be almost reconciled to that institution, against which he had declaimed during the best part of his life.

An express was immediately dispatched to Mrs. Gauntlet, with an account of her daughter's mar-

riage;

riage; a town-house was hired, and a handsome equipage fet up, in which the new-married pair appeared at all public places, to the aftonishment of our adventurer's fair-weather friends, and the admiration of all the world: for, in point of figure, fuch another couple was not to be found in the whole united kingdom. Envy defpaired, and detraction was struck dumb, when our hero's new accession of fortune was consigned to the celebration of public fame; Emilia attracted the notice of all observers, from the pert templar to the Sovereign himfelf, who was pleafed to bestow encomiums upon the excellence of her beauty. Many persons of consequence, who had dropped the acquaintance of Peregrine, in the beginning of his decline, now made open efforts to cultivate his friendship a-new; but he discouraged all these advances with the most mortifying diffain; and one day, when the nobleman, whom he had formerly obliged, came up to him in the drawing-room, with the falutation of "Your fervant, Mr. Pickle," he eyed him with a look of ineffable contempt, faying, " I suppose your lordship is mistaken in your man," and turned his head another way, in presence of the whole court.

When he had made a circuit round all the places frequented by the beau monde, to the utter confusion of those against whom his refentment was kindled; paid off his debts, and settled his money-matters in town; Hatchway was dismissed to the country, in order to prepare for the reception of his fair Emilia. In a few days after his departure, the whole company (Cadwallader himself included) set out for his father's house, and, in their way, took up

Mrs.

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Mrs. Gauntlet the mother, who was fincerely rejoiced to see our hero in the capacity of her son-in-law. From her habitation they proceeded homewards at an easy pace, and, amidst the acclamations of the whole parish, entered their own house, where Emilia was received in the most tender manner, by Mr. Clover's wife, who had provided every thing for her ease and accommodation, and, next day, surrendered unto her the management of her own household affairs.

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